### **ORDINANCES**

OF THE

## YUKON TERRITORY

PASSED BY THE

YUKON COUNCIL

IN THE YEAR

1945

GEORGE ALLEN JECKELL CONTROLLER



Printed and Published for the Government of the Yukon Territory Under Authority o Chapter 75 of the Consolidated Ordinances of 1914

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#### CHAPTER 1

#### AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE PRO-TECTION OF CHILDREN

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of the said Territory, enacts as follows:

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Protection of Short title. Children Ordinance."
- 2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise re- Interpreta-

"Children's aid society" or "society" includes any children's aid society that has been duly incorporated before the enactment of this Ordinance, and also any organized society that has been approved by the Commissioner in Council, and that has among its objects the protection of children from cruelty, the safeguarding of the young, the amelioration of family conditions that lead to neglect of children, or the care and control of children in need of protection:

"Clerk of a local authority" when used in reference to any area other than a municipality, means the Deputy Commissioner:

"Commissioner" means the Controller of the Yukon Territory;

"Foster home" means a private home approved by the Superintendent or by a children's aid society for the purpose of placement of a child therein, irrespective of whether payment is made to the home for maintenance of the child or not;

"Judge" includes any Judge of the Territorial Court, any Stipendiary or Police Magistrate, any Judge of a Juvenile Court, any two Justices of the Peace acting together at a place where no Juvenile Court has been established or has jurisdiction, and if any one Justice of the Peace is requested by the Commissioner to act in any specified case, shall include that Justice;

"Local area" or "area" means the area comprised in any municipality and the area comprised in the unorganized territory of the Yukon Territory;

"Local authority" or "authority" in respect of a person who is a resident in a municipality, means the corporation of that municipality; and, in respect of a person who is a resident in unorganized territory, means the Crown in right of the Yukon Territory;

"Municipality" includes every municipal area or corporation incorporated as a city, city municipality, district municipality, Local Administrative District, township municipality; or village municipality by or under any general or special Ordinance of the Commissioner in Council;

"Needing protection" or "in need of protection," when used with reference to children, includes every act or condition of neglect, deficiency, or delinquency within the meaning of any of the classes or descriptions set out in Section 7;

"Officer" means any person specially appointed by any children's aid society to enforce this Ordinance; "Parent," when used in relation to a child, includes

guardian:

"Probation Officer" means a Probation Officer for juvenile delinquents appointed under Chapter 46 of the Statutes of Canada for the year 1929, being "The Juvenile Delinquents Act, 1929," or under any ordinance of the Commissioner in Council:

"Street" includes any highway or public place, whether a thoroughfare or not;

"Superintendent" means the Superintendent of Child Welfare appointed under this Ordinance.

3. It shall not be lawful for any person to retain or receive for hire or reward more than one infant, and, in case of twins, more than two infants, under the age of one year, for the purpose of nursing or maintaining such infants apart from their parents for a longer period than twentyfour hours, except pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance.

Restrictions on nursing homes

4. (1) An officer, to be called the "Superintendent of Child Welfare," may be appointed by the Commissioner. He shall hold office during pleasure and may be paid such salary as the Commissioner decides out of any revenue for territorial purposes under the control of the Commissioner in Council. Until a specific appointment is made; the Secretary of the Yukon Territory shall be the Superintendent of Child Welfare in and for the Territory.

Superintendent of child welfare.

(2) The Superintendent shall have and may exercise all the powers conferred upon a children's aid society under this Ordinance, and he may from time to time appoint such persons to act for him in the performance of any of his duties under this Ordinance as occasion may require.

Powers of tendent.

5. It shall be the duty of the Superintendent to see that Duties of the provisions of this Ordinance are carried out, and that tendent. all the returns called for by this Ordinance are made, and the Superintendent shall make a written report thereof monthly to the Commissioner, setting forth where the order

#### 4 PROTECTION OF CHILDREN ORDINANCE

for the committal of any child was made, when made, and giving the name, date of birth, and religion of the child.

Further duties of Supt.

- 6. It shall be the duty of the Superintendent:
- (a) To encourage and assist in the establishment of children's aid societies when deemed advisable;
- (b) To advise such societies and instruct them as to the manner in which their duties are to be performed;
- (c) To see that a record is kept by each society of all committals to it and of all children placed by it in foster homes under this Ordinance and of such other particulars as may be deemed desirable;
- (d) To direct and supervise the visiting of any place where a child is placed pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance:
- (e) To prepare and submit an annual report to the Commissioner;
- (f) To perform such other duties as may be prescribed by any Ordinance of the Commissioner in Council.

l'ersons authorized to appreaend children.

7. The Superintendent and every person who is authorized in writing by the Superintendent, every constable or officer of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and every Probation Officer, may apprehend, without warrant, and bring before a Judge, as needing protection, any child apparently under the age of eighteen who is within any of the following classes or descriptions:

Types of children who may be apprehended.

- (a) Who is found begging in any street, house, or place of public resort, whether actually begging or under pretext of selling or offering anything for sale;
- (b) Who is found sleeping at night in other than proper housing accommodation and without proper adult supervision;

- (c) Who is found associating or dwelling with a thief, drunkard, or vagrant, or who, by reason of neglect or drunkenness or other vices of the parents or guardians, is suffered to grow up without salutary parental control and education, or in circumstances exposing such child to an idle or dissolute life;
- (d) Who is found in any disorderly house, or in company of people reputed to be criminal, immoral or disorderly;
- (e) Who is an orphan without adequate protection for his upbringing;
- (f) Who has been deserted by his parents;
- (g) Who is found guilty of petty crimes; and who is likely to develop criminal tendencies if not removed from his surroundings;
- (h) Who is found wandering about at late hours and not having any home or settled place of abode or proper guardianship;
- (i) Who is, whether residing with his parents or not, incorrigible or who cannot be controlled by his parents;
- (j) Whose only parent or whose parents are undergoing imprisonment;
- (k) Whose home by reason of neglect, cruelty, or depravity is an unfit place for the child, or who has no proper guardianship, or who has no parent capable and willing to exercise proper parental control;
- (1) Who is subject to such blindness, deafness, feeblemindedness, or physical disability as is likely to make him a charge upon the public, or who is

exposed to infection from tuberculosis or from any venereal disease where proper precautions to prevent infection are not taken, or who is suffering from such lack of medical or surgical care as is likely to interfere with his normal development:

- (m) Who, by reason of the action of his parents or otherwise, is habitually truant from school and is liable to grow up without proper education;
- Who is neglected so as to be in a state of habitual (n) vagrancy or mendicancy;
- Who is ill-treated so as to be in peril in respect of life, health or morality by continued personal injury, or by grave misconduct or habitual intemperance of the parents.

Interval examination. tion.

Any child apprehended under section 7 shall, (1) apprehension within seven days, be brought before a Judge for examina-

Investiga-

It shall thereupon be the duty of the Judge to investigate the facts of the case and ascertain whether the child is in need of protection, and the Judge shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses.

Witnesses.

Notification

(3) It shall be the duty of the person who apprehends the child to notify the following persons of the time examination. and place of the examination:

- (a) The parents or person having the actual custody of the child, if known; and
- (b) The Superintendent; and
- The Clerk of any local authority sought to be (c) made liable for any payment under section 32 in respect of the child.

The notification shall be given at least five clear days before the time fixed for the examination.

(4) The Judge may adjourn the case from time to time at his discretion and, pending the final disposition of the case, the child may, with the approval of the Judge, be either retained in the custody of the parent or guardian, or of the person who apprehended the child, or kept in some suitable place designated by the Judge. Any adjournment under this subsection may, notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act, be for such length of time as the Judge thinks proper.

Custody of child during adjourn-ment.

(5) If the Judge finds that the child is in need of protection, he shall set out such findings in an order in that behalf, and shall also include one of the following provisions in the order:

Power of Judge to make orders.

- (a) That the case be adjourned sine die and that the child be returned to his parent or other person having actual custody at the time of apprehension, subject to inspection and supervision by a children's aid society or by the Superintendent: or
- (b) That the child be delivered into the safe custody and control of his parents, subject to such regulations as the circumstances render just; or
- (c) That the child be committed to the care and custody of a children's aid society or of the Superintendent.
- (6) Where the Judge has ordered that a child be returned to his parents, or other person having the actual custody of the child at the time of apprehension, under clause (a) of subsection (5), the child shall be under the inspection and supervision of the children's aid society named by the Judge in his order or of the Superintendent,

Right of society to supervise and to return case to Court for further disposition.

as the Judge may direct; and the society or the Superintendent, as the case may be, may at any time on giving the like notification as is prescribed by subsection (3) bring the case again before the Judge for further consideration under this section, and the Judge may make any order that is authorized by this Ordinance.

Authority to receive . child.

(7) Upon commitment of the child to a children's aid society or to the Superintendent pursuant to this section, the society or the Superintendent is authorized to take the child into custody for placement pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance.

Facts to be stated in order of Judge. (8) In any order made pursuant to subsection (5) the Judge shall set out, in addition to his findings, a statement of the facts, so far as ascertained, as to the date of birth of the child, its name, nationality, and religion, the place of abode and occupation of the parents or either of them, or whether either of them is dead or has abandoned the child, and in the case of the examination of two or more children of the same family at the same time, only one order need be made.

Provision of copies of order to society or Superintendent.

(9) The Judge shall deliver to the Superintendent a certified copy of the order made in each case, and if the Judge in his order has committed the child to a children's aid society, or has returned the child to his parent under the supervision of a children's aid society, the Superintendent shall also cause to be delivered a certified copy of the order made in that case to the children's aid society.

Limits of society's jurisdiction.

(10) The Judge shall not commit a child to a children's aid society unless the child was apprehended within the boundaries of the area in which the society has jurisdiction.

Transfer of child from Superintendent to society.

(11) If the Judge commits a child to the Superintendent pursuant to the provisions of this section, the Superintendent shall receive the child into his custody and shall thereupon be the legal guardian of the child, and he shall

retain the guardianship unless and until he delivers the child to a children's aid society. The Superintendent shall make arrangements as soon as may be for the placement of the child in a foster home, or such other place as will best meet the needs of the child. But the Superintendent may at any time, with the consent of the children's aid society, deliver the child to the society to be dealt with in like manner as if delivered to the society under the order of a Judge pursuant to the provisions of this section, and the Superintendent shall in such case deliver to the society a certified copy of the order of the Judge endorsed with a memorandum signed by the Superintendent, setting out the delivery of the child to the society pursuant to this section.

(12) If the Judge commits a child to a children's Transfer of aid society pursuant to the provisions of this section, the society shall receive the child into its custody and shall tendent make arrangements as soon as may be for the placement of the child in a foster home. The society may at any time, with the consent of the Superintendent, deliver the child to the Superintendent to be dealt with in like manner as if delivered to the Superintendent under the order of a Judge pursuant to the provisions of this section; and the society shall in such case deliver to the Superintendent a memorandum, signed by any authorized officer of the society, setting out the delivery of the child to the Superintendent pursuant to this section.

society to Superin-

(13) No child shall be maintained by a society elsewhere than in a foster home for a period exceeding six months, except with the written consent of the Superintendent, who may at any time withdraw his consent; but if the Superintendent withholds his consent or withdraws his consent the society may appeal to the Commissioner and the Superintendent shall comply with the directions of the Commissioner.

Limits on Institutional

9. (1) Any person may file with the Superintendent Petition for a petition showing that there is at any place within the Yukon Territory a child apparently under the age of eigh-

apprehen-

teen years in need of protection, and praying that the child be apprehended and brought before a Judge to be dealt with as provided in this Ordinance. The petition shall contain a statement of facts showing the child to be in need of protection within the meaning of this Ordinance, together with a statement of the names and place of abode, if known to the petitioner, of the parents, guardian, or custodian of the child, and the petition shall be verified by a statutory declaration.

Duty of Superintendent on filing a petition. (2) Upon the filing of the petition the Superintendent shall cause proper inquiries to be made and shall otherwise proceed in all respects in like manner as provided in sections 7 and 8; and the provisions of these sections shall be applicable mutatis mutandis.

Powers and duties of society as guardian of child.

10 (1) The society to the care of which any child is committed under the provisions of this Ordinance shall be the legal guardian of the child until it is relieved of that guardianship by order of the Judge or by the fact that the child has reached the age of twenty-one or, if a female, is married; and it shall be the duty of the society to use a special diligence in providing suitable foster homes for such children as are committed to its care, and the society is hereby authorized to place such children in foster homes on a written agreement, during minority, or for any less period in the discretion of the society. Notwithstanding the provisions of any such contract the society shall have the right to withdraw the child from any person having the custody of the child if, in the opinion of the society placing out the child, the welfare of the child requires it.

Monthly reports by society.

- (2) Every society to the care of which any child is committed under the provisions of this Ordinance shall each month send a report to the Superintendent, setting out:
  - (a) The full name, date of birth, nationality, and religion of each child so committed during the period covered by the report;

- (b) The piace where each order of committal was made and the date when it was made;
- (c) If possible, the names and place of abode of the parents of each child referred to in the report;
- (d) The disposition made by the society of every child during the period covered by the report whether by way of adoption, placing in a foster home, or otherwise, and stating in each case the name, place of abode, occupation and religion of the parents by adoption or foster parents of every child so disposed of.
- 11. (1) Where a child has been committed to a children's aid society or to the Superintendent, and the society or the Superintendent is satisfied that it would be for the benefit of the child that the order of committal should be rescinded, or that the child should be permitted to return either temporarily or permanently to its parents, an application may be made to a Judge for the order of committal to be rescinded or for the child to be returned to its parents; and the Judge, if satisfied that it would be for the benefit of the child, may rescind the order of committal or may, without rescinding the order of committal, grant permission for the child to be either temporarily or permanently returned to its parents under the supervision of the society or the Superintendent.

Return of child on application of Society or Superintendent

(2) A Judge, if satisfied on complaint made by a parent of the child that it is for the benefit of the child that it should be either permanently or temporarily under the control of such parent, or that the guardianship of the Superintendent or of the society should be terminated, may make an order accordingly, and any such order shall be complied with by the Superintendent or by the society; and if the order terminates the guardianship, the guardianship shall be thereby terminated as from the date of the order, and the Superintendent or the society shall cease to have

Return of child on application of parent. the rights and powers of the parent as respects the child. Five clear days' notice of a complaint under this subsection shall be given to the Superintendent.

Definition of naintenance by society.

12. (1) For the purposes of this Ordinance, a child shall be deemed to be maintained by a society if it is wholly or partly maintained by it, either in any shelter or temporary home, or other institution conducted, selected, or approved by the society, or is boarded out under the provisions of this Ordinance or any other Ordinance in that behalf.

Responsibility of child and other persons for maintenance

(2) Nothing in this Ordinance shall relieve a child itself or any other person from any liability to contribute to the maintenance of the child, and the fact of such contribution being made shall not deprive any society of any of the powers and rights conferred on it by this Ordinance.

Court to refuse writ for production of child.

- 13. (1) Where the parent or guardian of a child applies to any Court having jurisdiction in that behalf for a writ or order for the production of the child, and the Court finds that the parent or guardian has:
  - (a) Abandoned or deserted the child; or.
  - (b) Allowed the child to be brought up by another person at another person's expense, or by any children's aid society or other public or private institution, for such time and under such circumstances as to satisfy the Court that the parent or guardian was unmindful of his duties; or
  - (c) Has surrendered, by instrument in writing, the custody of the child to another person, or to a children's aid society or other public or private institution; or
  - (d) Otherwise so conducted himself that the Court should refuse to enforce his right to the custody of the child,

the Court may, in its discretion, decline to issue the writ, or make the order, unless satisfied that it would tend to the advantage and benefit of the child to do so.

(2) If at the time of the application for a writ or Liability of order for the production of the child the child is being brought up by another person, or is boarded out by a society duly authorized in that behalf, the Court may, in its discretion, if it orders the cailed to be given up to the parent or guardian, further order that the parent or guardian shall pay to such person or such society the whole of the costs properly incurred in bringing up the child, or such portion thereof as may seem to the Court to be just and reasonable. having regard to all the circumstances of the case.

14. Every society to whose care any child is committed under the provisions of this Ordinance, and every person entrusted with the care of the child by any such society, shall from time to time permit the child to be visited, and any place where the child may be, or reside, to be inspected by the Superintendent or by any person authorized by the Superintendent for the purpose.

Right of Superin-tendent and others to visit child.

15. (1) Every organization that deals with or cares for children, that is to say, every children's aid society. or other home or institution to the care or custody of which and to visit premises of society. undertakes or assumes in any manner the care or custody of children, shall, in addition to all other requirements of this Ordinance, upon request of the Superintendent or of any person authorized by the Commissioner:

Rght of Superintendent or other per-

(a) Furnish to the Superintendent or person so authorized full information and particulars concerning every child with whom the organization has dealt, or to whom the organization has given care, or of whom the organization has had the custody; and

(b) Permit the Superintendent or person so authorized to have access to all parts of the premises and buildings of the organization (except any parts thereof used exclusively for religious or residential purposes by any member of a religious order therein), and to all children therein, and to all books and records of the organization.

Penalties for noncompliance.

(2) Every proprietor, manager, or person in charge of any such organization who in violation of subsection (1) neglects or refuses to comply with any request of the Superintendent or of any person so authorized by the Commissioner shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Public Investigation.

(3) If it appears to the Superintendent that the management of any organization referred to in subsection (1) is not such as to be in the best interests of the children in its care or custody, or that the organization, on grounds of the public interest, should be made the subject of public investigation, the Superintendent shall report the circumstances to the Commissioner and the Commissioner may appoint a person or persons to inquire into and report upon the management and conduct of the organization, including the methods followed by it in receiving and placing children, and may direct the lines or methods to be followed in the inquiry and the extent thereof; and the provisions of sections 2 and 3 of the Ordinance respecting Inquiries concerning Public Matters shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to the person or persons so appointed.

Right of ministers of religion to visit children in homes and shelters.

16. Subject to such rules as may be made by the Commissioner in Council, all ministers of religion, or any person being duly authorized by the recognized head of any religious denomination, shall have admission to every temporary home or shelter, and access to such of the children placed or detained therein as belong to their respective denomina-

tions, and may give instruction to them in their respective religions on the days and at the times allotted by such regulations for the religious education of such children of their respective denominations.

17. Every Judge, Justice of the Peace and every member of the Parliament of Canada or of the Yukon Council shall be entitled to visit and inspect every home, other than a foster home, and every school or shelter provided or used for children in need of protection, and shall at all times be admitted thereto for that purpose.

Right of other persons to visit.

18. The Commissioner may at any time discharge a child from the custody of the Superintendent or of any society to which it is committed under this Ordinance, either absolutely or on such condition as may be approved of but before discharging any child the Commissioner shall procure a report in relation to the child from the Superintendent and also from any children's aid society to which the child may have been committed.

Discharge of children by the Commissioner

19. The Commissioner may from time to time make, alter, or revoke rules to be observed by every society and by the person in charge of every temporary home and shelter operating under the provisions of this Ordinance. Provided that such rules shall have effect only until the next succeeding session of the Council of the Yukon Territory, at which time they shall be submitted to such Council and if approved shall continue in effect, and if disapproved shall be rescinded.

Power to make rules to be observed by a society.

20. The Judge shall exclude from the room or place where any examination, prosecution, or proceeding arising under the provisions of this Ordinance is being held all persons other than the ccunsel, solicitor, and witnesses in the case, officers of the law or of any children's aid society, the Superintendent or his representatives, and the immediate freinds or relatives of the child or parent concerning whom the examination, prosecution, or proceeding is being held. The Judge shall also exclude the child itself, except for the

Private examination. periods when it is necessary for the child to be present in order to be identified or in order to give evidence.

Application for incorporation.

21. (1) Any ten or more persons, British subjects, and over the age of twenty-one years, and residents within the area in which it is proposed that the society shall have jurisdiction, who desire to associate themselves together for the purpose of protecting children from cruelty, ameliorating family conditions that lead to neglect of children, and caring for and protecting children in need of protection, may make an application to the Commissioner in Council in the form in the Schedule for incorporation under the provisions of this Ordinance.

Boundaries of society.

(2) The boundaries of the area in which the society proposes to operate shall be defined in the application, and if the application is granted the jurisdiction of the society shall be limited to the area so defined.

Evidence with application.

- 22. The signatures of the applicants to the application, and the facts stated in the application, shall be verified by statutory declaration, to the satisfaction of the Commissioner.
- 23. Upon the Commissioner in Council giving his approval of such application the persons who have signed the application, and such others as may afterwards become members of the society, shall be a body politic and corporate by the name of "The Children's Aid Society of". It shall have all the powers conferred by law and by the provisions of this Ordinance upon a society, and may, in addition, take and hold by gift, purchase, grant, devise, or bequest any property, real or personal, and may dispose of the same at pleasure, for the purposes of the society.

Exemption to societies already in existence.

24. Every society in existence at the commencement of this Ordinance shall be governed by the provisions of this Ordinance; and shall within such time as may be determined by the Commissioner, submit to the Commissioner, a statement defining the boundaries of the area in which it

desires to exercise jurisdiction; and unless the area is changed pursuant to section 25 the society shall not have jurisdiction except within the area defined in the statement.

25. A society may at any time, subject to the written Power of society to consent of the Commissioner, change the boundaries of the boundaries area in which it proposes to operate without affecting adversely thereby its articles of incorporation.

26. (1) The affairs of a society shall be managed by a board of not less than ten nor more than twenty-five directors.

Board of Directors.

(2) The directors of a society shall be elected by the members in a general meeting of the society assembled at such place within the Territory and at such times as the application or the by-laws of the directors prescribe.

Election of directors.

27. The directors of a society shall have full power in directors. all things to administer the affairs of the society, and may make, or cause to be made, for the society any description of contract that the society may by law enter into, and may from time to time make by-laws not contrary to this Ordinance for regulating the number of directors of the society, their term of service, the appointment, functions, duties, and removal of all agents, officers, and servants of the society, the security to be given by them to the society, their remuneration, the time at which and place where the annual meetings of the society shall be held, the calling of meetings, regular and special, of the board of directors of the society, the quorum, the procedure in all things at such meetings, the qualifications and terms of admission of members, and the conduct in all other particulars of the affairs of the society; and may from time to time repeal, amend, or re-enact the same; but every such by-law, and every repeal, amendment or re-enactment thereof, unless in the meantime confirmed at a general meeting of the society called for that purpose, shall have force only until the next annual meeting of the society, unless confirmed at such annual meeting; and no by-law, and no repeal, amendment, or re-enactment of any by-law, shall have any force or effect until it is approved by the Commissioner.

Right of Superintendent to attend meetings. 28. A society shall mail to the Superintendent a copy of every notice for the calling of any annual meeting or special meeting of the society or for any meeting of the board of directors; and further, the Superintendent shall have the right to attend at and take part in the proceedings of any of the meetings aforesaid, but shall not have any right of voting thereat.

Power . to enter buildings.

29. Where there is reason to believe that any child is in need of protection, within the meaning of section 7, in any house or building, or that any child who is an absconding ward of the Superintendent or of any society is being harboured in any house or building, then, upon any complaint thereof being made upon oath by the Superintendent or by any officer of the society, or by any constable or police officer, or by any Probation Officer, to any Judge, the Judge may issue a warrant to enter by day or night the house or building, and if necessary to use force for the purpose of effecting such entry, and to search for the child, and to bring the child before the Judge to be dealt with in the manner provided by section 8: Provided that if the child is an absconding ward of the society or the Superintendent, it shall be sufficient for the Judge, instead of dealing with the case in the manner provided by section 8, to order delivery of the child into the safe custody of the society to which the child was previously committed.

Penalty for interfering with care of children.

- 30. Any person who:
  - (a) Induces or attempts to induce any child under twenty-one years of age to leave a foster home, shelter, or temporary home in which he was placed by a children's aid society or by the Superintendent; or
  - (b) Detains or knowingly harbours an absconding ward of any children's aid society or of the Superintendent—

shall be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance and shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, or to both fine and imprisonment.

31. Any person who, having the care, custody, control, or charge of a child under the age of twenty-one years, ill-children. treats, neglects, deserts, or abandons or exposes such child. or causes or procures such child to be ill-treated, neglected, deserted, abandoned, or exposed, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one year, or to both fine and imprisonment.

Penalty for Ill-treating

32. (1) When a Judge commits any child to the custody or control of any children's aid society, he shall at the same time, or subsequently, upon application of the society, make an order for the payment by the local authority of the area to which the child belongs of a reasonable sum. not being less than four dollars per week, to cover the costs incurred by the society in maintaining and supervising the child in any temporary home or shelter or in any foster home where children are not cared for without compensation, in which the child may be placed by the society. The practice of the placing of children with the lowest bidder is prohibited.

Maintenance expenses of children committed to a society.

Before any order for payment is made pursuant to subsection (1), the society shall furnish the Judge with a statement showing the average per diem cost of maintaining and supervising the children who were in its care for the immediately preceding fiscal year of the society, as confirmed by the society's auditors and the Superintendent, and it shall be presumed in the absence of evidence to the contrary that such average cost represents the reasonable cost of maintaining and supervising a child in the society's care, and the Judge shall make his order accordingly.

Basis for reasonable Basis for determining where child belongs. (3) For the purposes of this Ordinance, any child shall be deemed to belong to the local area in which the child has last established residence but in the absence of evidence to the contrary, residence in the local area in which the child was taken into custody shall be presumed.

Right of local authority to recover expenses from another local authority.

(4) A local authority having made any payment under this section for the maintenance and supervision of a child in respect of whom some other local authority is liable to make such payment shall be entitled to recover the amount so paid from the other local authority.

Right of local authority to recover expenses from parents of child.

(5) Every local authority incurring expenditure hereunder may recover the amount of the expenditure from the parents of the child in respect of whom the expenditure is made.

Inclusion of maintenance order and over-riding order against parent in committal order.

(6) The order of committal of any child under this Ordinance in addition to directing payment, by the local authority to which the child belongs, to any society to whose custody or control the child is committed, of a reasonable sum, as defined in subsections (1) and (2), to cover the cost of maintaining and supervising the child, may also direct payment to the local area, by the parent or guardian of the child, of any amount not more than the amount so directed to be paid by the local authority.

Subsequent application for variation of order.

(7) At any time after an order for payment is made under subsection (1), the local authority or the children's aid society may apply to the Judge for such variation of the order already made as the circumstances justify; and any parent or guardian may also make application to the Judge in like manner for an order varying the amount payable by him under any order or revoking the order, or varying or suspending in whole or in part the operation of the same so far as it applies to the parent guardian.

Enforcing order. (8) Any order made under this section may be enforced in the same manner as an order by a Judge of the Territorial Court or a Stipendiary Magistrate.

(9) Where an order is made under this section for any payment for the maintenance and supervision of a child, the period for which the payment shall be made shall commence at the time the child was apprehended, irrespective of the date of the order of commtital of the child or the date of the order for the payment, and shall continue so long as the child remains in the care of the society and an expense to the society up to but not beyond the day when the child reaches the age of eighteen years: Provided that the society may, on giving ten clear days' notice to the local authority responsible for payment of maintenance under the order, apply to the Judge for an order extending the period of payment beyond that time, and if the Judge finds that there are circumstances justifying the extension of the period for which payment is to be made, the Judge shall make an order accordingly.

ment and

- (10) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this Ordinance, where an order has been made for the pavment of maintenance by a municipality under subsection (1) or under section 40, if in any year during which maintenance is payable the estimated revenue of the municipality from assessed taxes on land and improvements is less than seven thousand five hundred dollars the municipality shall be relieved from payment of the maintenance for that year; and the maintenance for that year shall be payable out of any revenue for territorial purposes under the control of the Commissioner in Council but for all other years the maintenance shall be payable as directed by the order.
- 33. Where the legal residence of the child is found by the Judge, or, in the case of appeal, by the Court to which appeal is taken, to be area that is not a municipality, the sum provided in the order shall be payable out of any revenue for territorial purposes under the control of the Commissioner in Council towards maintaining and supervising the child, the sum to be payable from the time the child was apprehended, irrespective of the date of the order of committal; but no payment shall be made under this section if the society is not conducted in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance.

Maintenance expenses of children committed to Supt.

In the case of a child committed to the care of the Superintendent instead of to a children's aid society by the order of a Judge, the provisions of section 32, mutatis mutandis, shall apply, but instead of furnishing the Iudge with a statement showing the average per diem cost of maintaining and supervising the children who were in the Superintendent's care for the immediately preceding fiscal year, the Superintendent shall furnish the Judge with a statement showing the average per diem cost for each children's aid society, if any, operating in the Yukon Territory, as confirmed by the society's auditors in each case but if no society is operating in the Territory then the statement shall show the average per diem cost of maintaining and supervising the children who were in the Superintendent's care for the immediately preceding fiscal year, and the Judge in making the order for payment by a municipality to the Superintendent shall direct payment of an amount not less than the lowest and not greater than the highest average per diem cost of any such society.

Payments for children committed to Supt.

In the case of a child committed to the care of the Superintendent by the order of a Judge, the Superintendent may pay a reasonable sum for the maintenance and supervision of the child to any person to whom the Superintendent has entrusted the care of the child, or to any society to which the Superintendent has delivered the child and by which the child is maintained. Where the Superintendent entrusts the care of the child to a children's aid society under this subsection or under the provisions of subsection (11) of section 8, the reasonable cost shall be deemed to be the average per diem cost of maintaining and supervising the children who were in the society's care for the immediately preceding fiscal year of the society. All moneys expended by the Superintendent under this subsection shall be paid out of any revenue for territorial purposes under the control of the Commissioner in Council.

frayments for children transferred by society to Supt. (3) Where any society delivers a child, who has been committed to its care, to the Superintendent, pursuant to the provisions of subsection 12 of section 8, and where

any order has been made under subsection (1) of section 32 directing payment by a municipality to the society in respect of such child, the society shall, as from the date of the delivery of the child to the Superintendent, turn over to the Superintendent all sums received from the municipality by the society under the order for payment, and shall continue to do so as long as the child remains in the care of the Superintendent.

35. No child apparently under the age of eighteen years who is held or brought before a Judge for enquiry under any of the provisions of this Part, shall be placed, allowed to remain, or confined with any adult prisoner in any lockup or police cell used for ordinary criminals or persons charged with crime, nor, save as hereinafter mentioned, shall any enquiry respecting such child be made or his case disposed of in any Police Court room ordinarily used as such.

Custody of

36. It shall be the duty of local or territorial authorities, as the case may be, to make provision for the separate custody and detention of such children before enquiry respecting their case is made, whether by arrangement with some person or society who may be willing to undertake the responsibility of such temporary custody or detention on such terms as may be agreed upon, or by providing suitable premises entirely distinct and separated from the ordinary. lockups or police cells; and it shall be the duty of the Judge to make enquiry respecting all such children and dispose of their cases where practicable, in premises other than the ordinary Police Court premises, or, where this is not practicable, in the private office of the Judge, if he has one, or in some other room in the municipal or territorial buildings. or if this is not practicable, then in the ordinary Police Court room, but only in such last-mentioned case when an interval of two hours has elapsed after the other trials or examinations for the day have been disposed of.

Duty of local authorities and of Judge as to place of detention and trial.

37. (1) Where in any proceeding against any person Evidence of for an offence under this Ordinance the child in respect of whom the offence is charged to have been committed, or any

other child of tender years who is tendered as a witness, does not, in the opinion of the Judge, understand the nature of an oath, the evidence of such child may be received, though not given upon oath, if in the opinion of the Judge such child is possessed of sufficient intelligence to justify the reception of the evidence and understands the duty of speaking the truth.

Corroboration. (2) No person shall be liable to be convicted of an offence unless the testimony admitted by virtue of this section and given on behalf of the prosecution is corroborated by some other material evidence implicating the accused.

Presumption of age.

38. Where a person is charged with an offence under this Ordinance in respect of a child who is alleged to be under any specified age, and the child appears to the Judge to be under that age, the child shall, for the purposes of this Ordinance, be deemed to be under that age unless the contrary is proved.

Provision of copy of order for traintenance to local authority responsible.

39. Upon an order being made by a Judge directing payment by any local authority to the Superintendent or to a children's aid society of the cost of maintaining and supervising a child committed to the care of the Superintendent or of the society, a copy of the order upon which the child has been committed shall be forwarded by registered letter by the clerk of the Court to the clerk of the local authority chargeable under the order with the maintenance of the child.

Appeal against order for maintenance 40. (1) When any order has been made under subsection (1) of section 32 or under subsection (1) of section 34 by any Judge, the person who made the application, or any local authority made liable for payment or maintenance by the order, may appeal from the order in the manner and within the times prescribed by the Yukon Act for the appeal of convictions; and the Court to which such appeal is taken shall thereupon affirm or reverse such order or make such other order as to the Court seems proper. Where any

Judge refuses to make an order under subsection (1) of section 32 or under subsection (1) of section 34, the person who made the application shall have a similar right of appeal.

(2) Whenever, on such appeal, the Court reverses such an order for payment, it shall, at the same time, make a further order directing payment by the local area that is properly responsible under subsections (1) and (3) of section 32 for the payment of maintenance referred to in the order appealed; but no such further order shall be made without first giving ten days' notice to every local authority that may be affected by such further order.

Further order on appeal.

41. Notwithstanding anything in this Ordinance contained, the Judge, in determining the person or society to whom the child is to be committed, shall endeavour to ascertain the religious persuasion to which the child belongs, and shall, if possible, select a person or society of the same religious persuasion, and such religious persuasion shall be specified in the order; and in any case where the child has been placed pursuant to such order with a person or society not of the same religious persuasion as that to which the child belongs, the Judge shall, on the application of any person in that behalf, and on its appearing that a fit person or society of the same religious persuasion as the child is willing to undertake the charge, make an order to secure his being placed with such person or society.

If possible. Judge to commit child to custody of person or society of religious persuasion of child.

42. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall be construed to take away or affect the right of any parent, teacher, or other person having the lawful control or charge of a child to administer punishment to such child as if this Ordinance had not been passed.

Right to inflict punishment not affected.

#### **SCHEDULE**

"PROTECTION	OΕ	CHILDREN	ORDINANCE"
PROTECTION	Uľ	CHILDREN	UKDINANCI,

We, the undersigned, all being of the full age of twentyone years, and being British subjects, and residents within the area specified in article 3 hereof, in the Yukon Territory, do hereby make application for incorporation, as "The Children's Aid Society of "under the provisions of the "Protection of Children Ordinance" and hereby adopt the following articles of incorporation:

- 1. The Society shall be known as "The Children's Aid Society of ".
- 2. The business and objects of the Society shall be the protection of children from cruelty, the amelioration of family conditions that lead to neglect of children, the care and protection of children in need of protection, and the enforcement, by all lawful means, of the laws relating thereto.
- 3. The jurisdiction of the Society shall be limited to the area enclosed by the following territorial boundaries. (Space for these boundaries to be set forth in detail).
  - 4. The number of directors of the Society shall be
- 5. The names, addresses, and occupations of the first directors of the Society who shall hold office until the first annual meeting of the Society are:
- 6. The annual meetings of the Society shall be held at on the day of in each year, until changed by by-law of the Society.

In	witness	whereof	we	have	hereunto	severally	sub-
scribed	our nan	nes this		da	y of	in the	year
one the	ousand n	ine hundr	ed a	nd			•

In the presence of	(		
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#### CHAPTER 2

AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING THE PROTEC-TION AND CARE OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES.

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Archæological Sites Ordinance."
- 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires:
  - (a) "Controller" shall mean the Controller of the Yukon Territory.
  - (b) "Territory" shall mean the Yukon Territory.
- 3. "The Eskimo Ruins Ordinance," being Chapter 7 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1935, is hereby repealed.
- 4. No archæological sites in the Territory shall be Permit required. excavated or investigated nor shall any objects of achaeological or ethnological importance or interest be exported or taken from the Territory save by permission of the Controller and in accordance with this Ordinance or regulations made thereunder.

5. Permits for the examination and excavation of archæological sites and the collection of archæological and ethnological specimens may be granted by the Controller to such persons as the Controller may consider desirable.

- 6. Applications for permits shall be submitted to the Controller on forms provided by him.
- 7. Application for permits may be referred for recommendation to the Director of the National Museum of Canada at the discretion of the Controller.
- 8. A copy of each permit granted shall be transmitted to the Director of the National Museum of Canada and to the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.
- 9. Permits are terminable at the discretion of the Controller.
- 10. Permits shall be shown on demand to persons authorized thereto by the Controller.

Two-year period. 11. No permit shall be granted for more than two consecutive years, provided that if satisfactory evidence is submitted to show that the work has been diligently prosecuted, an extension of time may be granted for such a period as the Controller may consider necessary. Applications for extension of time shall be submitted in the same manner as those for original permits.

Extension.

- 12. No permit shall be granted for an area larger than can be fully and systematically investigated within the time specified in the permit.
- 13. Failure to begin work within six months from the granting of a permit, or to prosecute such work diligently, shall render the permit null and void.

Confiscation of specimens

14. Any archæological or ethnological specimen taken by any person not in possession of a permit or contrary to this Ordinance the regulations made thereunder or to the terms of his permit, may be seized by any person authorized thereto by the Controller, and be disposed of as the Controller may think fit.

- 15. No permit for the removal of any structure which may be permanently preserved in situ as an object of scientific or historic interest shall be granted.
- 16. All such excavated areas shall, as far as possible, be restored to their normal condition.
- 17. At the close of each season's field work every holder of a permit shall furnish a report in duplicate to the Controller on the work performed, with full details of any stratification or other chronological evidence encountered. a descriptive catalogue of the specimens collected, and copies of all photographs taken in connection with the work, with explanatory notes.

Report required.

18. All archæological specimens collected by the holder of a permit shall be submitted to the Controller for examination by the archeological officers of the Dominion Government. Whatever specimens are required to complete the collections of the National Museum of Canada shall become the property of that institution; the remainder shall be returned to the holder of the permit on condition that he undertakes to deposit them permanently in some public institution where they will be available for study. If the holder of the permit, however, requests permission to retain the entire collection for a reasonable period in order to facilitate its description in a scientific report, the Controller is empowered to grant his request.

Specimens to be submitted to

19. The Controller may from time to time make such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance for the carrying out of the true intent and meaning thereof as are found necessary or deemed expedient by him.

Controller may make regulations.

20. Any person who violates any of the provisions of Penalty. this Ordinance or of any regulation made thereunder, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and in default of payment to imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both fine and imprisonment.

#### CHAPTER 3

## AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING THE PRACTICE OF OPTOMETRY.

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

Short Title.

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Optometry Ordinance."
- 2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires:

Interpreta-

digital.

- (a) "Controller" means the Controller of the Yukon Territory.
- (b) "Territory" means the Yukon Territory.
- 3. Any one, or any combination of the following practices constitutes the practice of Optometry:

What constitutes optometry.

- (a) The investigation of the functions of the human eye by means of test lenses, test cards, trial frames and/or other instruments or devices designed for the purpose of such investigation.
- (b) The prescription or adaptation of lenses, prisms or ocular exercises, or the use of orthoptic instruments of any kind for the purpose of improving or correcting the visual function, or for adapting the visual function to the requirements of a special occupation.

4. (1) Any person desiring to practice Optometry in the Yukon Territory shall file with the Controller, upon a required. form to be by him supplied, an application in the Form A, in the schedule hereto, together with satisfactory evidence that he has successfully passed an examination set by the Board of Examiners in Optometry of any Province in Canada, and that he is registered as an Optometrist in that Province. Thereupon, and upon the payment of a fee of License fee. \$15.00 the Controller shall cause to be issued a Licence to practise.

(2) There shall also be due and payable annually by Annual fee. every practising optometrist to the Territorial Secretary on or before the thirtieth day of June in each year the sum of twelve dollars and upon such payment the Territorial Secretary shall give to such practising optometrist a certificate showing such payment.

5. Any licence so issued may be revoked or suspended License may by the Controller for violation of the provisions of this be revoked or suspended Ordinance, misrepresentation or fraud or inebriety or unprofessional conduct; provided that before the License is revoked or suspended the holder thereof shall have notice in writing of the charge or charges against him, and at a date specified in the notice, be given a public hearing; and shall have ample opportunity to produce evidence in his behalf.

- 6. Any person practising Optometry after having his License revoked, shall be deemed to have practised Optometry without a License.
- 7. Any License, proved to the satisfaction of the Controller to have been fraudulently obtained, shall be revoked by the Controller.
  - 8. (a) No person shall practise optometry within Prohibitions. the Territory unless he is the duly qualified holder of a license to practise and a certificate of payment of the annual fee as required under this Ordinance.

- (b) No person shall falsely personate an Optometrist of a like or different name, nor buy, sell or fraudulently obtain a Licence issued to another.
- (c) No person who is not an Optometrist shall by advertisement in any newspaper, sign, or through or by any medium whatever, assume a title, name or description implying or calculated to lead to the belief that he is entitled to practise Optometry. Proof of practising or offering to practise, or the public representation of being qualified or entitled to practise Optometry or holding out as such in any manner prohibited by this section, shall be sufficient evidence of a violation of this section.

Restriction on advertising.

9. No person, firm, company or body corporate shall advertise prices, charges, credit or terms of credit, in respect to eye-glasses, spectacles, lenses or optometric services.

Agency.

10. No Optometrist shall wilfully or knowingly act as the professional agent or employee of any person who does not hold a valid and subsisting Licence to practise under this Ordinance, or permit his name to be used by or on account of or for the profit or advantage of any such unlicensed person, or do any other act to enable such a person to practise Optometry, knowing him not to be duly qualified.

Penalty.

11. Any person guilty of a violation of this Ordinance shall, in addition to any other penalty, be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment for not more than two months, or to both fine and imprisonment.

FORM A.	SCHEDULE		
	ENCE TO PRACTICE OPTOMETRY IN YUKON TERRITORY.		
Practise Optometry wi Name in f P. O. Add Date and p Optometri Year of g	y make application for a Licence to thin the Yukon Territory.  ull		
Province in which appl We hereby certify registered and licensed ince of	thatat this date to practise Optometry in the Prov-		
·	(Title)		
Date	. (Title)		
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•	In the Matter of the Optometry Ordinance and in the Matter of the application offor license thereunder.		
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years and of go  2. That the inform tained is true in And I make this believing it to b same force and virtue of the C	ritish subject of the full age of 21 od moral character. nation in the within application consubstance and in fact. s solemn declaration, conscientiously e true, and knowing that it is of the effect as if made under oath, and by anada Evidence Act.		
Declared before me at day of	•		
, A. D. 19			

AN ORDINANCE GOVERNING THE STORAGE,
TRANSPORTATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF
INFLAMMABLE PETROLEUM PRODUCTS
IN THE YUKON TERRITORY.

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Petroleum Products Ordinance."
- 2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires:

Commissioner." (a) "Commissioner" means the Controller of the Yukon Territory;

"Approved."

(b) "approved" means approved by the Commissioner;

"Inflammable." (c) "inflammable" when used in conjunction with "Petroleum Products" herein, means those having a flash-point below one hundred and seventy-five degrees Fahrenheit according to the Tagliabue Closed Cup Tester;

"Service Station." (d) "service station" includes any building or other premises where inflammable petroleum products are delivered direct to the fuel tanks of the automobiles and trucks;

(e) "store" means any building or other premises, other than a service station, where inflammable petroleum products are kept for sale or delivery to the public;

"fire-proof" means of incombustible materials "Fire-proof."

3. Inflammable petroleum products shall be classified Inflammable as follows:

petroleum products.

Class 1—All petroleum products having a flash point at or below eighty-five degrees Fahrenheit according to the Tagliabue Closed Cup Tester.

Class 2—All petroleum products having a flash point above eighty-five degrees Fahrenheit and below one hundred and seventy-five degrees Fahrenheit according to the Tagliabue Closed Cup Tester.

#### PART I.

Transportation and handling on public highways and construction and operation of conveyances.

4. This Ordinance shall apply to the transportation of petroleum products in Class 1 and Class 2 by means of Ordinance. vehicle, but shall not apply to the regular fuel tanks used in operation of vehicles.

5. No person shall transport Class 1 inflammable petroleum products in drums or other containers having a capacity of fifty gallons or less, except in containers complying with shipping container specifications or any modification thereof, of the Board of Transport Commissioners for Canada; no container that leaks or is otherwise defective shall be used; portable tanks shall be properly secured while in transit.

Protection against fire during transport.

- 6. (a) No person loading, unloading or being about any vehicle during loading or unloading Class 1 petroleum products, or riding upon any vehicle used for the transport of such petroleum products, shall smoke or have in his possession any lighted pipe, cigar, cigarette or lighted match;
  - (b) lighting circuits shall be equipped with fuses, automatic circuit breakers or other suitable overcurrent protection and all wiring shall have sufficient carrying capacity and mechanical strength and shall be properly secured, insulated and protected against physical damage.
    - (c) every motorized vehicle used in the transportation of petroleum products shall be equipped with at least one approved hand fire extinguisher of a non-freezing type suitable; every such fire extinguisher shall be maintained in good working condition and shall be in an accessible place on the motorized vehicle or on an attached trailer or semi-trailer.

Limit to vapour pressure. 7. No vehicle shall transport or carry any inflammable petroleum products having a Reid Vapour Pressure of over sixteen pounds per square inch except in containers specially approved by the Commissioner; the Vapour Pressure shall be determined by Procedure D 323-42 of the American Society for Testing Materials.

Tags on outlet faucet.

8. Every outlet faucet on a tank truck shall be tagged with an enamelled metal or substantial fibre, or other approved tag designating the class of the contents in the tank or compartment from which such faucet leads; the tag used to designate Class 1 petroleum products shall be coloured red and the tag used for Class 2 petroleum products shall be some other colour or colours.

#### PART II.

9. The provisions of this part shall apply to the construction and erection of plants for the handling and storage of inflammable petroleum products, but not to the construction and erection of equipment for refinery plants, except in so far as the bulk storage of such products is concerned

10. (1) Except as otherwise permitted in this Ordin- Location. ance the storage of inflammable petroleum products shall be outside of buildings, in underground tanks or aboveground tanks, provided that storage in tanks above-ground shall be prohibited within mercantile, or other congested districts, or where tanks cannot be diked to prevent inflammable petroleum products from flowing or being carried by waterways into congested districts.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in subsection 1 of Fuel tanks. this section, the Commissioner may permit the storage of Class 2 inflammable petroleum products having a flash point of not less than one hundred degrees Fahrenheit according to the Tagliabue Closed Cup Tester in approved tanks at hospitals, schools, public buildings, dwelling houses and business places. The capacity of such approved tanks shall not exceed the annual individual fuel requirements of said hospitals, schools, public buildings, dwelling houses and business premises. Such tanks shall at all times be kept in a condition consonant with safety and shall at no time create an undue hazard to adjacent premises.

(3) The Commissioner may, not longer than three Inspection. years from the last inspection, cause an inspection of such tanks and fittings to be made by his authorized agent, who shall have authority to enter upon such premises at all reasonable times for the purpose of making such inspection.

11. An operator, driver, or other competent person Attendance during loading and unloading unloading unloading shall be in immediate and constant attendance at all loading and unloading of inflammable petroleum products at bulk storage plants.

Above ground tanks.

12. No tanks used for the storage of inflammable petroleum products shall be closer to any property not occupied by the operator of the tank than the distance shown in Table 1 provided that where any such tank is used for the storage of crude petroleum the distance shall be twice that shown in table number one.

#### TABLE 1.

Capacity of Tank	Minimum Distance	
(Imp. Gals.)	·	
0 - 15,000	5 ft.	
15,001 - 24,000	10 ft.	
24,001 - 50,000	15 ft.	
50,001 - 100,000	25 ft.	
100,001 - and over	½ tank diameter but	
	not less than 25 ft.	

(2) No tank used for the storage of inflammable petroleum products shall be closer to any other such tank than the distance shown in Table 2 provided that where any such tank is used for the storage of crude petroleum the distance shall be twice that shown in table number two.

#### TABLE 2.

Capacity of Tank	Minimum Distance
(Imp. Gals.)	·
0 - 15,000	3 ft.
15,001 - 24,000	5 ft.
24,001 - 50,000	10 ft.
50,001 - 100,000	15 ft.
100,001 - and over	½ tank diameter but
•	not less than 15 ft.

- 13. (1) (a) Every above-ground tank containing inflammable petroleum products shall be adequately vented and equipped with an approved screen, or other protective device to prevent entrance of flame;
  - (b) Every manhole frame shall be constructed of steel or equivalent material, and be securely fastened to the tank;
  - (c) shell manhole covers shall be made of steel and shall be securely bolted in place, and fitted with suitable gaskets or otherwise made liquidtight.
- (2) Self-closing roof manhole and gauge hatch covers shall be fitted with non-sparking metal where they join their seats and all roof manholes and gauge hatches shall be flame-proof and gas-tight.
  - (3) (a) Every tank containing inflammable petroleum products shall be equipped with properly designed and constructed vacuum and pressure valves and in no case shall the combined area of such devices be less than the area of the delivery inlet pipe to tank;
    - (b) every tank shall be grounded through direct contact with the earth, by connecting pipe lines or suitable grounding cables and plates buried in the earth.
- 14. (1) Every horizontal above-ground tank shall be vented in accordance with table number three.

#### TABLE 3.

Emergency relief of excessive internal pressures in above-ground horizontal tanks.

Capacity of Tank	Relief Valve
(Imp. Gals.)	Diameter
0 - 1,000	1½ inch
1,001 - 4,000	2½ inch
4,001 - 15,000	4 inch

- (2) All vertical above-ground tanks shall in addition to the relief valves have the roof of weaker construction than the sides of the tank or contain an emergency explosion hatch in the roof.
- 15. Every above-ground tank in which inflammable petroleum products are stored shall have marked on it, in a place clearly visible from the outlet valve, or on a tag on the outlet valve the name of the product contained in the tank.

Underground storage tanks.

- 16. (1) No underground tanks shall be installed under a public highway;
- (2) No such tank shall be less than three feet from a building, basement wall or property line and shall not be permitted beneath the basement floor;

Material and construction.

(3) Tanks shall be constructed of open hearth steel or of wrought iron of a thickness not less than that specified in table number four and "seconds" shall not be used:

Capacity	Minimum Thickness of Material		
(Imp. Gals.)	Gauge	lbs.	
	U. S. standard	sq. ft.	
1 - 250	16	2 1/2	
251 - 500	14	3 1/8	
501 - 1,000	12	4 3/8	
Above-1,000	7	7 1/2	

- (4) tanks shall be tight, and sufficiently strong to bear without injury the most severe strains to which they may be subjected in use;
- (5) shells of tanks shall be properly reinforced where connections are made, and all connections made through the top of the tank above the liquid level;

- (6) no person shall subject any tanks to pressure by compressed air, water, gas or other means to dislodge or deliver the contents of such tank;
- (7) every iron and steel tank shall be thoroughly coated on the outside with suitable rust-resisting material;
- (8) every iron or steel sheet less than No. 7 U.S. standard gauge in thickness used in the construction of underground tank shall be galvanized in addition to the requirements of section 6.
  - 17. (a) No horizontal tank with more than one compartment shall contain in its compartments petroleum products of different flash point at one and the same time unless the compartments are separated by double bulkheads with suitable drained intervening air space or intermixture of the petroleum products is otherwise prevented to the satisfaction of the Commissioner;

Tanks with more than one compartment.

- (b) tanks erected prior to the coming into effect of this Ordinance with more than one compartment and not conforming to the requirements of subsection (a) shall not be used at the same time for the storage of petroleum products of both Class 1 and Class 2.
- 18. (1) Every tank that may contain inflammable vapour shall be fitted with a vent pipe, the lower end of which shall not extend through the top into the tank for a distance of more than one inch;

Piping and other appurtenances.

(2) vent openings shall be of sufficient area to permit escape of air or vapour during the filling operation and except those working automatically shall be not less than one inch in diameter;

- (3) vent pipes shall be provided with weatherproof hoods and flame arresters, and shall terminate twelve feet above the general grade level and not less than two feet from any window or other opening from a building;
- (4) individual vent pipes shall be provided for each tank or each compartment thereof;
- (5) the end of the filling pipe for underground storage tanks shall be carried to a suitable site outside any building, but not within five feet of any entrance, door or cellar opening, and shall be kept locked except during filling operations and the top of every fill-pipe that is at or below grade level shall be set in a metal box with cover.

Engines, motors and pumps.

- 19. Equipment used in the operation of bulk storage plants shall comply with the following regulations:
  - (a) every exhaust pipe from an internal combustion engine shall be carried to a point outside the building to a distance satisfactory to the authorized official:
  - (b) every electric motor, unless of a non-explosive type, shall be erected in a room separate from any pump with a gas-proof partition between such rooms and every opening in the walls where shafting passes through such partition shall be protected with a stuffing box or by other suitable method, and similar provision shall be made where pumps are driven by internal combustion engines:
  - (c) every switch exposed to inflammable gases shall be of an approved explosive-proof type.

#### PART III.

20. (a) Inflammable petroleum products at service stations shall be stored in underground tanks where practicable;

Underground tanks.

(b) all service stations shall be subject to the provisions of sections 16, 18 and 19;

Tanks and fittings.

(c) rubber hoses or hose used in loading and unloading tank trucks shall be anti-static.

Loading hose.

21. No owner or operator of a motor vehicle shall permit the engine to run while any inflammable petroleum product is being delivered to the fuel tank and no person shall deliver any inflammable petroleum product to the fuel tank of a motor vehicle while its engine is running.

Shutoff engine.

22. The nozzle on every hose through which inflammable petroleum product is delivered by gravity or electric power from pumps shall be of non-magnetic material and equipped with valves that cannot be held open except by the hand and will close automatically when the hand pressure is released, and every such hose shall be anti-static with metallic connection between the inlet and outlet of the hose.

Shutoff

23. Portable containers in which Class 1 petroleum products are sold or delivered to the public shall be of an approved metal safety type and a label shall be attached by the vendor in each case on which shall be printed in bold type a warning that the contents are dangerous and should not be exposed to fire or flame and should not be used for cleaning purposes in any building, provided that this section shall not apply to:

Sale in portable containers.

(a) the bulk sale or delivery of gasoline in quantities, five gallons or over, in regular gasoline drums, half drums, quarter drums or sealed containers complying with the specifications of the Board of Transport Commissioners for Canada:

- the delivery in a metal container of gasoline - (b) required to refuel a motor vehicle to permit of its being moved:
  - the taking of samples for testing, by the representatives of oil companies or by officials appointed under the Ordinance, in metal containers sealed on the premises of the service station.

Open flame, prohibited.

24. Inflammable petroleum products shall not be drawn from containers nor handled nor used in the presence of any flame or fire, nor in any place where inflammable vapour from such petroleum products may be communicated to any open flame or fire.

No selfservice.

25. No person shall provide for or permit the supplying of Class 1 petroleum products to the public by any selfserve method in any quantities whatever.

Empty drums.

- 26. All drums and barrels used for inflammable petroleum products shall, when emptied, be tightly closed and an authorized official may prohibit, or limit the storage of such empty drums or barrels in any place where he deems it advisable so to do.
- 27. No inflammable petroleum products or crank-case oil shall be permitted to enter any sewer or sub-surface drainage system but suitable liquid collectors shall be provided.

Fire protection.

- 28. (1) Approved fire extinguishing devices and materials be provided and maintained in good condition at service stations and at stores where inflammable petroleum products are kept or stored.
- (2) An easily accessible remote-control switch shall be provided for electrically-operated pumps.

#### PART IV.

29. (1) Petroleum products in containers of fifty gal-lons or less shall not be stored on public roads in settlements portable containers. except at places, and for such periods as shall be permitted by a member of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police or other person appointed by the Commissioner under this Ordinance

- (2) if in the opinion of the Commissioner of the Yukon Territory inflammable fluids are being stored in a place or subject to conditions which impose unnecessary hazards, the Commissioner may direct the removal of inflammable fluids or the containers; if the owner fails to remove the inflammable fluids or the containers, the Commissioner may have them removed at the owner's expense.
- 30. Any person violating any provisions of this Ordinance shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term not exceeding three months; in cases where a fine is levied and not paid forthwith, the person convicted shall be committed to prison with or without hard labour for such term not exceeding three months as the magistrate deems necessary or until such fine is paid.

AN ORDINANCE TO EXEMPT J. H. MERVYN
FROM PAYMENT OF LICENSE FEE ON
ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT IN MAYO AREA
FOR CERTAIN PERIODS.

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

1. The License Fee provided for in the proviso to Section 20 of the Assessment Ordinance, being Chapter 5 of the Consolidated Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, as amended by Section 4 of Chapter 5 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1944, shall not be levied against J. H. Mervyn in respect of the Electric Light Plant operated by him in the Mayo area for the two years ending March 31st, 1945, and March 31st, 1946.

# AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "THE YUKON MEDICAL ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

- 1. "The Yukon Medical Ordinance," being Chapter 64 of the Consolidated Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1914, as amended by Chapter 1 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1943, is hereby further amended by repealing Section 29 of said Ordinance and substituting the following therefor:
- 29. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, the Controller may issue special permits to practise medicine in the Yukon Territory, subject to the following provisions:

Special permits

- (a) Such permits shall be issued only to duly qualified physicians and surgeons enrolled in or attached to the armed forces of Canada or the United States of America.
- (b) Applicants for permits shall furnish credentials satisfactory to the Controller.
- (c) The Controller may cancel any such permit at any time and no permit shall in any event extend beyond the duration of the war.

- (d) The permit shall entitle the holder to furnish professional services to armed torces personnel anywhere in the Territory, and to civilian personnel, native Indians and Eskimos in such parts of the Territory and during such periods of time as are designated by the Controller.
- (e) No fee shall be charged for permits issued hereunder.

# AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND THE "DENTAL ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

- 1. "The Dental Ordinance,' being Chapter 7 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1920, is hereby amended by inserting the following as Section 8 thereof:
- 8. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, the Controller may issue special permits to practise dentistry in the Yukon Territory, subject to the following provisions:

Special permits

- (a) Such permits shall be issued only to duly qualified dentists enrolled in or attached to the armed forces of Canada or the United States of America.
- (b) Applicants for permits shall furnish credentials satisfactory to the Controller.
- (c) The Controller may cancel any such permit at any time and no permit shall in any event extend beyond the duration of the war.
- (d) The permit shall entitle the holder to furnish professional services to armed forces personnel anywhere in the Territory, and to civilian personnel, native Indians and Eskimos in such parts of the Territory and during such periods of time as are designated by the Controller.
- (e) No fee shall be charged for permits issued hereunder.

# AN ORDINANCE TO 'AMEND "THE MOTOR VEHICLE ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

1. "The Motor Vehicle Ordinance," being Chapter 66 of the Consolidated Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1914, and amending Ordinances, is hereby amended by inserting the following after Section 12 thereof:

#### 12 A:

Driver's license required. (1) No person shall drive or operate any motor vehicle on any highway unless in addition to any license or permit which he is otherwise required to hold under this Ordinance, he is the holder of a subsisting driver's license issued to him pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance.

Application for.

(2) The applicant for a driver's license shall sign an application in the prescribed form and deliver it to the person authorized by the Controller of the Yukon Territory for the purposes of this section accompanied by the payment of a fee of one dollar.

Fee.

(3) Upon the receipt of the application in the prescribed form and upon being satisfied of the truth of the facts stated in the application and that the prescribed fee has been paid, the Controller shall cause to be issued to the applicant a numbered driver's license in the prescribed form authorizing the licensee to drive or operate motor vehicles in the Yukon Territory.

Issue of.

No application for a driver's license shall be Age qualifications. accepted from males under the age of sixteen years or females under the age of eighteen years, nor shall licenses be issued to any such persons.

(5) Every licensee shall have his driver's license in his License to possession at all times while driving or operating a motor vehicle on any highway and shall at all times produce the license for inspection upon de- produced. mand of any police officer or constable.

be carried

(6) In case of the loss or destruction of a driver's Duplicate license, a duplicate license may be obtained upon application in the prescribed form and upon payment of the prescribed fee. .

obtainable.

(7) Violation of or non-compliance with any of the Offence: provisions of this section shall constitute an offence under this Ordinance. (The provisions of this Section shall be and remain effective on and after the first day of September, 1945.)

# AN ORDINANCE TO AMEMND "THE ASSESSMENT ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.).

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

- 1. Section 20 of "The Assessment Ordinance," being Chapter 5 of the Consolidated Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1914, and amending Ordinances, is hereby amended by deleting items 10 and 11 of said section and substituting the following therefor:
  - 10. Butcher—or keeper of meat market—retail, \$50.00
  - 11. Butcher—or keeper of meat market—whole-sale, \$150.00.
- 2. Section 20 of the said Ordinance is further amended by adding immediately after item 59 thereof the following:
  - 60. Public dance hall or dance pavilion, \$75.00.

### AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "THE LEGAL PRO-FESSION ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory. enacts as follows:

- 1. "The Legal Profession Ordinance," being Chapter 50 of the Consolidated Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1914, is hereby amended by inserting the following subsection immediately after section 6 of the said Ordinance:
  - 6 A. Notwithstanding anything contained in this special Ordinance, the Controller may issue special permits to practise as Barristers and Solicitors in the Yukon Territory subject to the following provisions:

- (a) Such permits shall be issued only to members in good standing of the Bars of any of the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada.
- The permit shall entitle the holder to furnish professional service only to such persons and under such circumstances as are specifically designated by the Controller.
- The Controller may cancel any such permit at any time and no permit shall in any event entitle the holder to practise in the Territory for a longer period than six consecutive months.
- (d) No fee shall be charged for permits issued hereunder.

# AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "THE YUKON GAME ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

1. Sub-section 1 of section 81 of "The Yukon Game Ordinance," being Chapter 1 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1938, and amending Ordinances, is hereby amended by deleting therefrom the description of the area in said sub-section contained and substituting therefor the following:

The Kluane Game Sanctuary.

Commencing at a point on the International Boundary between Yukon Territory and Alaska, said point being a distance of five miles south from the right bank of the White River in approximately North latitude 61°40'; thence south and easterly following the said International Boundary to its intersection with the northern boundary of the Province of British Columbia; thence easterly following the said northern boundary of British Columbia to its intersection with the western boundary of the right-of-way of the Haines Highway. thence north and westerly following the said westerly boundary of the highway right-of-way to its intersection with the south boundary of the Alaska Highway; thence northerly and westerly following the south boundary of the right-of-way of the Alaska Highway to its intersection with the right bank of Silver Creek; thence northwesterly following the said right bank of Silver Creek to its intersection with the shore of Kluane Lake;

thence following the southerly and westerly shore of Kluane Lake to the mouth of the most southerly branch of Congdon Creek; thence southwesterly along the right bank of Congdon Creek to its source; thence northwest erly in a straight line to a point on the left bank of the Donjek River, said point being three miles southerly from the point where Wade Creek enters the Donjek River: thence following the left bank of the Doniek River to a point ten miles south from the south boundary of the Alaska Highway right-of-way; thence northwesterly in a straight line parallel to the general direction of the said highway and ten miles therefrom to a point five miles from the right bank of the White River; thence southwesterly on a line parallel to and five miles perpendicularly distant from the right bank of said White River to the point of commencement; the said described land containing an area of approximately 10,000 square miles, more or less.

# AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING BENEVOLENT AND

OTHER SOCIETIES."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

- 1. Section 8 of "The Ordinance Respecting Benevolent and Other Societies," being Chapter 84 of the Yukon Consolidated Ordinances, 1914, is hereby repealed and the following substituted therefor:
- Power of Society as to purchase of land.
- 8. No society or branch incorporated under this Ordinance shall be entitled to purchase land except for the actual use and occupation of the society for the purposes of the society.

### AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "THE SUCCESSION

#### **DUTY ORDINANCE.**"

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory. enacts as follows:

- 1. Section 6 of "The Succession Duty Ordinance," be- Certain annuities. ing Chapter 1 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1934, is hereby amended by adding thereto the following subsection:
  - (f) property of the deceased as defined in subsection (g) of section 4 when such deceased at the time of his death was an employee of or prior to his death was last employed by either the government of the Dominion of Canada, the Government of the Yukon Territory, or any corporation which, with respect to such employee, made similar provisions for a retirement or superannuation fund.
- 2. Subsection 5 of section 8 of the said Ordinance is hereby amended by inserting the following after the word "Ordinance" as the same appears in the ninth line of said subsection,-"or the amount of such unclaimed portion whichever shall be the lesser."

# AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "THE BILLS OF SALE ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

1. "The Bills of Sale Ordinance," being Chapter 7 of the Consolidated Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1914, is hereby amended by deleting the symbol and figure "\$2.00" wherever the same appears in section 33 of the said Ordinance and substituting therefor the figure and symbol "75c."

# AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING HIRE RECEIPTS AND CONDITIONAL SALES OF GOODS."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

1. "The Ordinance Respecting Hire Receipts and Conditional Sales of Goods," being Chapter 42 of the Consolidated Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1914, is hereby amended by deleting the symbol and figure "\$2.00" where the same appears in section 10 of the said Ordinance and substituting therefor the figure and symbol "75c."

# AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "THE ADOPTION OF INFANTS ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

1. "The Adoption of Infants Ordinance," being Chapter 8 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1942, is hereby amended by deleting all the words in section 8, subsection 1, after the word "copy" as the same now appears in the last line of said subsection, and substituting the following therefor:

"Of the Order of Adoption to the Secretary of the Yukon Territory."

# AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "THE WOLF BOUNTY ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

- 1. Section 3 of the Ordinance respecting bounties on wolves and coyotes, being Chapter 14 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1944, is hereby amended by striking out the symbol and figures "\$10.00" where the same appear in the second line of said section and substituting therefore the symbol and figures "\$20.00," and by striking out the symbol and figures "\$5.00" where the same appear in the fourth line of said section and substituting therefore the symbol and figures "\$10.00."
- 2. Section 5 of said Ordinance is amended by deleting therefrom all the words after the word "effect" in the sixth line thereof, and by deleting form "B" in the Schedule to said Ordinance.
- 3. Section 6 of said Ordinance is amended by striking out the words "with the ulna and radius bones of the left forearm or foreleg attached thereto in the natural state" and substituting the following therefore "or the scalp."

- 4. Section 7 of said Ordinance is amended by striking out subsection (b) thereof and by inserting after the word "pelts" in the first line of subsection (c) thereof the words "or the scalps."
- 5. Section 9 of the said Ordinance is amended by adding thereto the following proviso:

"Provided that such rules and regulations shall have effect only until the next succeeding session of the Council of the Yukon Territory, at which time they shall be submitted to such Council and if approved shall continue in effect, and if disapproved shall be rescinded."

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "THE WOODMAN'S

LIEN ORDINANCE," BEING CHAPTER 53 OF

THE CONSOLIDATED ORDINANCES OF THE

YUKON TERRITORY, 1914.

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

1. Section 6 of said Ordinance is hereby amended by striking out the word "thirty" in the first line thereof and substituting therefore the word "ninety."

### AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "THE GOVERN-MENT LIQUOR ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

1. "The Government Liquor Ordinance," being Chapter 1 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1921, (Second Session), as amended by Chapter 8 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1943, is hereby amended by striking out of paragraph 8-D in the third line of said paragraph the words "in the prescribed manner" and by striking out all the words of said paragraph after the word "thereof" in the fourth line of said paragraph 8-D.

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "AN ORDINANCE
TO REGULATE THE HOURS OF LABOR AND
THE MINIMUM WAGE TO BE PAID IN MINING OPERATIONS."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

- 1. Section 2 of the Ordinance to Regulate the Hours of Labor and the Minimum Wage to be paid in Mining Operations, being Chapter 2 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1937, is hereby amended by striking out the interpretation of the word "employee" as the same appears in section 2 of the said Ordinance, and substituting the following therefore:
  - "'Employee' means a person employed by an employer to do skilled or unskilled manual, clerical or technical work; but does not include a person employed in a confidential capacity or having authority to employ or discharge employees."
- 2. Section 3 of the said Ordinance is hereby amended by striking out the word "fifty-six" where the same appears in the fourth line of said section and substituting therefore the word "forty-eight." Notwithstanding anything contained in this section it shall be permissible only by mutual agreement between the employer and the elected representatives of the employees for an employee to allow the days

in which he would normally be off work to accumulate for a period not to exceed four calendar weeks in length.

- 3. Section 4 of the said Ordinance is hereby repealed.
- 4. Section 5 of the said Ordinance is hereby repealed and the following substituted therefore:
  - "5. An employee who is not working underground in any shaft or tunnel may be employed and work during the time over and in excess of such daily limit of eight hours and of such weekly limit of forty-eight hours, only if he is paid at the rate of time and one-half for each hour of such overtime."
- 5. Section 6 of the said Ordinance is hereby repealed and the following substituted therefore:
  - "6. In all mining camps in the Yukon Territory where an employer employs in excess of three employees at one time such employees shall be furnished with board and lodging, the nature and adequacy of which shall be determined by agreement between duly accredited representatives of said employers and employees."
- 6. Sections 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 of the said Ordinance are hereby repealed.
- 7. This Ordinance shall come into effect on June 1st, 1945.

### AN ORDINANCE FOR THE INCORPORATION OF OF CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS, AND TO PROVIDE FOR THEIR REGULATION.

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

- 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Co-Operative Association Ordinance."
- 2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise re- Expressions quires:

- "Association" means an association incorporated under this Ordinance:
- "Call" includes instalment and any other sum paid or payable or agreed to be paid in respect of a share;
- "Court" means the Court of the Yukon Territory;
- "Director" includes trustee, officer, and any person occupying such position by whatever name called;
- "Document" includes notice, order, summons, and other legal process and registers;
- "Extraordinary resolution" means a resolution passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of such members entitled to vote as are present in person or by proxy (where proxies are allowed) at a general meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as an extraordinary resolution has been duly given;

- "Land" includes all messuages, lands, tenements, hereditaments of any tenure, leaseholds, and all immovable property of any kind;
- "Member" means a member of an association:
- "Memorandum" means the memorandum of association of an association with all amendments thereto;
- "Officer" includes treasurer, secretary, director, or manager;
- "Registrar" means the Registrar of Companies or other duly authorized person performing his duties;
- "Rules" means the rules, regulations, or by-laws of an association for time being in force.

Formation of association.

3. Any five or more persons may form an incorporated association under this Ordinance for the purpose of carrying on any lawful industry, trade, or business, except the construction and operation of railways or the business of banking or insurance, or of a trust company provided that where an association is being formed for the purposes of a club, the Registrar may require evidence to his satisfaction that the club has been carried on for at least one year immediately preceding the application for incorporation and has been conducted in a proper manner, and the association may not be formed unless such evidence is furnished.

Name to include sertain words.

4. (1) Every association formed under this Ordinance shall include in its name the word "co-operative," and also one of the words "association," "society," "union," or "exchange," or some similar word approved by the Registrar, but shall not include in its name either the word "company" or the word "limited"; and every association which changes its name shall comply with this section.

Use of word "co-operative" prohibited. (2) No person, firm, or corporation shall commence business under any name which includes the word "co-operative," or adopt any new name including that word, except:

- An association to which this Ordinance applies: or
- An extra-territorial corporation exempted from the provisions of this subsection by the approval in writing of the Commissioner.
- (3) Every person, firm, or corporation which vio Penalty. lates the provisions of subsection (2) shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars.

5. (1) The capital of an association shall consist of an unlimited number of shares of such denomination as may be fixed by the memorandum.

Capital to consist of unlimited number of shares.

(2) The liability of a member shall be limited to the amount unpaid on the shares held by him.

Limited

6. (1) The persons desiring to form an association shall make and subscribe, in duplicate, a memorandum according to the form in Schedule A and rules agreed upon for the government of the association, and shall transmit the same with the proper fees to the Registrar. Where any rule in Schedule B is adopted without alteration, it shall be sufficient to refer to it by number for the purpose of incorporating it in the rules transmitted as aforesaid.

Memoran-

(2) There shall at the same time be filed with the Registrar a list of the persons named as the first directors of the association under section 28, stating their full names, addresses, and occupations, and the period for which they will so act: and a notice setting forth the address of the association as required by section 32.

List of directors and notice of address.

(3) If the memorandum and rules appear to the Certificate Registrar to comply with this Ordinance he shall issue of incorporation. under his seal of office a certificate showing that the association is incorporated, the place where its registered office will be situate, and the denomination of its shares; and shall, at

the cost of the applicants, publish the certificate with a statement of the objects of the association for two weeks in the Gazette. One copy of the memorandum and rules shall be retained and registered by the Registrar and the other copy returned to the applicants certified as having been filed with him.

Conclusiveness of certificate. (4) A certificate of incorporation given by the Registrar in respect of an association shall be conclusive evidence that the requirements of this Ordinance in respect of incorporation have been complied with, and that the association is duly incorporated according to the provisions of this Ordinance.

Incorporation as from date of certificate.

7. From the date of the certificate of incorporation the subscribers to the memorandum, and such other persons as may from time to time become members of the association, shall be a body politic and corporate by the name therein described, having perpetual succession and a common seal, with the powers and subject to the provisions in this Ordinance contained.

Power to sue and contract.

- 8. (1) An association may sue and be sued, contract and be contracted with, in its corporate name.
- (2) An association may alter or change its common seal at its pleasure; but shall in all cases have its name engraved in legible characters on its seal.

Power to nequire and dispose of land.

9. An association may hold, purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire such land as is required for the purposes of its business, and may sell, exchange, mortgage, lease, improve, develop, and manage the same.

Borrowing power. 10. For the purposes of its business, an association may borrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such manner as it thinks fit, and in particular by the issue of debentures charged upon all or any part of its property, including its uncalled capital; but this power shall be exercised only under the authority of its rules, and in no case shall debentures be issued without the sanction of an extraordinary resolution.

11. (1) For the purposes of its business, an associa- Anelliary tion shall, in addition to any other power conferred by this Ordinance, be deemed to have the following powers:

- To buy, sell, grow, produce, manufacture, repair, alter, exchange, hire, and deal in all articles and things within the scope of its business:
- (b) To construct, improve, maintain, develop, work, manage, carry out, or control any roads, ways, wharves, manufactories, warehouses, shops, stores, and other works and conveniences:
- (c) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount. execute, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, and other negotiable or transferable instruments:
- (d) To distribute any of its property among its members in specie;
- (e) To enlarge the local area of its operations by establishing branches or otherwise;
- (f) To subscribe to, become a member of, and co-operate with, or to acquire, take, and hold shares in, any incorporated company or association having limited liability and objects in whole or part similar to its own objects;
- To invest its funds in or upon any security in (g) which trustees are for the time being authorized by law to invest;
- To acquire or undertake the whole or any (h) part of the business, property, and liabilities of any person or company or any other association carrying on any business which the association is authorized to carry on;

- (i) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the association or any part thereof for such consideration as the association may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other association having objects similar to its own;
- (j) Generally to carry on and undertake any business within the scope of this Ordinance which may seem capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the business of the association, or calculated, directly or indirectly, to enhance the value of or render profitable any property or rights of the association;
- (k) To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents, or otherwise.

Sanction of general meeting in certain cases.

- (2) The powers specified in clauses (e) to (i) of subsection (1) may only be exersised in each case by extraordinary resolution of the association.
- 12. Subject to the provisions of the rules, an association may:

Redemption and reissue of shares.

(a) Redeem and reissue its own shares;

Loans to members.

(b) Advance money to its members on the security of real and personal property.

Distribution of profits.

- 13. (1) The profits from the business of an association shall be apportioned as follows:
  - (a) By setting aside such sum as its rules shall provide, not being less than ten per centum of the net profits of each year as a reserve fund until that fund is equal to the following percentages of the share capital paid up at the date of apportionment, namely:

- Where the paid-up share capital is twenty-five thousand dollars or less, thirty per centum:
- (ii) Where the paid-up share capital exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars but does not exceed fifty thousand dollars, twenty per centum:
- Where the paid-up share capital exceeds fifty thousand dollars but does not exceed one hundred thousand dollars, ten per centum;
- (iv) Where the paid-up share capital exceeds one hundred thousand dollars, such percentage (if any) as the rules require;
- By payment of such dividend as its rules may provide, not exceeding eight per centum per annum, on the share capital paid up at the · date of the apportionment;
- (c) By distributing among such patrons or such class or classes of its patrons as the association may, subject to its rules, determine, whether members or not, and whether vendors to or purchasers from the association, the whole or any portion of its remaining profits.
- (2) Profits not so apportioned may be devoted to the propagation of co-operative principles or the general purposes of the association.
- 14. (1) An association may, by extraordinary resolution and with the approval of the Registrar signified in writing, change its name.

Change of

(2) Where an association changes its name, the Registrar to Registrar shall enter the new name on the register in place lasue certificate. of the former name, and shall issue under his seal of office

a certificate that the association has changed its name, stating therein the new name, and, if he thinks it advisable, shall, at the cost of the association, publish in the Gazette a notice of the change.

Effect of change.

(3) The change of name shall not effect an rights or obligations of the association, or render defective any legal proceedings by or against the association, and any legal proceedings that might have been continued or commenced against it by its former name may be continued or commenced against it by its new name.

Alteration of objects.

15. An association may, by extraordinary resolution, alter its objects so as to include some object or objects within the scope of this Ordinance which may conveniently or advantageously be combined with the existing objects of the association, or so as to restrict or abandon any object specified in the memorandum.

Alteration of denomination of shares. 16. An association may, by extraordinary resolution, alter the denomination of its shares by consolidation and division into shares of larger amount or by subdivision into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum, so, however, that the proportion between the amounts (if any) paid and unpaid on any existing share shall be the same as it was before the alteration.

Registrar's certificate. 17. No resolution under the last two preceding sections shall take effect until it is filed with and registered by the Registrar, and a certificate issued by him under his seal of office setting forth particulars of the alteration. A notice of any such alteration shall, if the Registrar thinks it advisable, be published in the Gazette by him at the cost of the association.

Conclusiveness of certificates. 18. Any certificate issued by the Registrar pursuant to section 14, 15, or 16 shall be conclusive evidence that the requirements of this Ordinance with respect to the provisions of that section have been complied with.

19. An association may by extraordinary resolution Reduction of reduce its share capital in any way authorized by the "Companies Ordinance," for the reduction of share capital with the sanction of the Court by a company having a share capital, and the provisions of the "Companies Ordinance" relating thereto shall mutatis mutandis apply.

20. (1) Contracts on behalf of an association may Contracts. be made as follows:

- (a) Any contract which, if made between private persons, would be by law required to be in writing and under seal may be made on behalf of the association in writing under the: common seal of the association, and may in the same manner be varied or discharged:
- (b) Any contract which, if made between private persons, would be by law required to be in writing; signed by the persons to be charged therewith, may be made on behalf of the association in writing by any person acting under its authority, express or implied, and may in the same manner be varied or discharged;
- Any contract which, if made between private persons, would by law be valid although made by parol only and not reduced into writing on behalf of the association by any person acting under its authority, express or implied, and may in the same manner be varied or discharged.

Effect in

- (2) All contracts made, varied, or discharged according to this section shall, so far as concerns the form thereof, be effectual in law and binding on the association and all other parties thereto.
- (3) A bill of exchange or promissory note shall be exchange or promissory note shall be promissory note of association. deemed to have been made, accepted, or endorsed on behalf of an association if made, accepted, or endorsed in the name of, or by or on behalf of, or on account of the association by any person acting under its authority, express or implied.

Bill of

Interpretation for purposes of section.

### 21. (1) In this section:

"Co-operative marketing contract" means any contract entered into by a person with an association to deliver to or sell through the association any product grown, made, or produced by him, or on his behalf, or in which he has an interest, such person being one of a number of persons with whom the association has entered into contracts of a like nature;

"Producer" means any person who has entered into a co-operative marketing contract with an association.

Liquidated damages for breach of contract. (2) A co-operative marketing contract may fix, as liquidated damages, which shall not be regarded as penalties, specific sums to be paid by the producer to the association upon the breach of any provision of the co-operative marketing contract in respect of the sale or delivery of any product, and may further provide that the producer who breaks his contract shall pay all costs, expenses, and fees in case any action in respect of such breach is brought by the association.

Injunction and specific performance. (3) In the event of any breach or threatened breach of any provision of a co-operative marketing contract by a producer in respect of the sale or delivery of any product, the association shall be entitled to an injunction to restrain the producer, his agents and servants, from selling or delivering the product otherwise than in accordance with the contract, and to an order for specific performance of the contract by the producer. Pending the adjudication of any action brought by the association under this section, and upon ex parte application to the Court or any Judge thereof showing the breach or threatened breach, and upon the giving of such undertaking or security as may be approved by the Court or Judge, the association shall be entitled to an interim injunction.

(4) Every person who, having knowledge or Penalty for notice of the existence of a co-operative marketing contract between a producer and an association, solicits or persuades or aids or abets the producer to sell or deliver any product otherwise than in accordance with the terms of the cooperative marketing contract, or accepts or receives for sale, or for auction, or for display for sale any product of the producer delivered by the producer otherwise than in accordance with the terms of the co-operative marketing contract, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars.

procuring breach of

22. (1) The members of an association shall be the Membership. subscribers of the memorandum and those persons admitted to membership therein according to the rules.

(2) Subject to the provisions of the rules:

Admission of minors ations as members

- (a) A person under the age of twenty-one years but above the age of sixteen years may be admitted as a member, and shall be subject to all the obligations and enjoy all the rights of membership, except the right to be an officer of the association:
- (b) A corporation may be admitted to membership and may be represented by some person authorized on its behalf.
- (3) The memorandum and rules shall bind the Memoranassociation and its members to the same extent as if they had respectively been signed and sealed by each member and contained covenants on the part of each member, his heirs, executors, and administrators, to observe all the provisions of the memorandum and rules, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance.

on members

(4) All money payable by a member to an associ- Debts of ation under the memorandum or rules shall be a debt due members to association. from him to the association of the nature of a specialty debt.

Termination of membership by withdrawal or expulsion.

- 23. (1) Subject to the provisions of the rules:
  - (a) A member may withdraw from an association or transfer his shares;
  - (b) Where a member is charged with conduct detrimental to the association, he may be expelled from membership by an extraordinary resolution of the association. The member making the charge shall lodge with the directors full particulars thereof in writing signed by him, and the member charged shall be furnished by them with a copy of the particulars at least two weeks previous to the meeting. The notice calling the meeting shall state that the charge has been made and specify the names of the members concerned.

Refund to expelled member. (2) A member so expelled shall be entitled to a refund of the amount paid up on his shares, but shall not be again admitted to membership, except by an extraordinary resolution of the association.

Share-Member may hold any number. 24. (1) Subject to the provisions of the rules, a member may hold any number of shares in the association, but no shares shall be issued jointly.

To be personal estate.

(2) The shares or other interest of a member in as association shall be personal estate.

To be paid in cash. (3) All shares shall be paid for in cash, except where shares are issued for the purposes of clause (h) of subsection (1) of section 11, and no shares shall be issued at a discount.

Payment by Instalments and forfelture. (4) The shares may be payable on call and forfeited for default in payment, as may be determined by the rules.

Dividends

(5) No member shall receive any dividend or interest on his shares, except in proportion to the amount paid up thereon.

(6) An association shall have a lien on the shares Lien. of a member for a debt due to it by him, and such lien shall extend to any dividend or interest credited to the member in respect of such shares.

(7) Every person whose name is entered in the Certificate. register of members shall without payment be entitled to a certificate under the seal of the association, specifying the shares held by him and the amount paid up thereon, and such certificate shall be prima facie evidence of his title to the shares.

25. (1) No member shall have more than one vote. except that in the case of an equality of votes the chairman at any general meeting shall, both on a show of hands and a ballot, have a casting or second vote.

Votes-one per member

(2) Votes for the election of directors may be By proxy. given either personally or by proxy, and the rules may provide for voting by proxy in other cases, but every proxy must be a member of the association at whose meeting he claims to vote.

(3) No member in arrears with a call on his when shares may vote for directors or at any general meeting, member arrears. either personally or by proxy or as proxy for another member.

member in

In the case of an association dealing in agri-(4) In the case of an association dealing in agritural products, no member shall be entitled to vote at associations. any general meeting or be appointed a director of the association, unless he has sold his main crop or produce of the year through such association; or he has given a written undertaking to the association so to do during the ensuing year; or he has received the consent of the directors, signed by the secretary, to dispose of such crop or produce otherwise.

26. (1) The rules of an association formed under Rules. this Ordinance shall be the rules in Schedule B, save in so far as such rules are excluded or modified, but the rules of every such association shall contain provisions in respect of the several matters mentioned in Schedule C.

Alteration of rules.

(2) An association shall alter or add to its rules by extraordinary resolution only, but no new rule or alteration shall take effect until the resolution (in duplicate) is filed with and registered by the Registrar and he has certified on the duplicate that the new rule or alteration is in conformity with this Ordinance.

# Pool ;

- 27. (1) The rules of an association may provide for the carrying-on cf its business, subject to this section, as a pool association, in which case its rules, in addition to or in modification of the provisions required by subsection (1) of section 26, shall provide for the following matters:
  - (a) The division of the territory in which the association has members into districts, and the formation in each district of a local organization comprising all members of the association resident within the district, or of two or more local organizations comprising respectively the members of the association resident within the area of the local organization;
  - (b) The number of directors to be elected from each district, and the election of those directors either directly by the members of the local organizations or by district delegates;
  - (c) The election of district delegates by each local organization to attend general meetings of the association as delegates from the district, and the number to be so elected by each local organization;
  - (d) The delegation to the district delegates of all or any of the powers which could be exercised by the members of the association at a general meeting;
  - (e) The method of forming new districts, either as additions to or substitutions for the old districts, and redetermining the number of directors and of local organizations;

- (f) The method of summoning district delegates to attend general meetings of the association, the number of delegates to constitute a quorum, and the persons by whom meetings may be called, including a provision for the calling of special general meetings at any time by or at the request of not less than twenty-five per centum of the district delegates;
- (g) The obtaining the opinion of the members of the association on any question of general concern to the members, and the mode of obtaining that opinion by a vote of the members.
- (2) In the case of a pool association under this section, the rules may provide for the formation of an executive committee and the exercise by that committee of all or any of the functions and powers of the directors, subject to the general direction and control of the directors, and may provide for the remuneration of district delegates and members of the executive committee.
- (3) In the case of a pool association under this section, each member shall vote only at the meetings of the local organization of which he is a member; and on questions submitted to the vote of the members pursuant to the rules made under the provisions of clause (g) of subsection (1) and the district delegates only shall be entitled to attend and vote at all general meetings of the association, each delegate having one vote.
- (4) In applying the provisions of the Ordinance in the case of a pool association under this section, the expression "extraordinary resolution" therein shall mean a resolution passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of such district delegates as are present in person at a general meeting of the association of which notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as an extraordinary resolution has been duly given to the district delegates

Directors— Appointment 28. (1) The first directors shall be determined in writing by a majority of the subscribers of the memorandum, and shall hold office until the first general meeting, and thereafter the directors shall be appointed in accordance with the rules of the association.

Number and qualification.

(2) Every association shall have at least three directors, and every director must be a member of the association.

Disqualifi-

(3) The office of director shall be vacated if a director ceases to be a member, and for such other reasons as the rules may specify.

Powers.

(4) The business of the association shall be managed by the directors, who may exercise all the powers of the association, subject to this Ordinance and the rules.

Remunera -

(5) The association in general meeting shall from time to time determine the remuneration of the directors, and what amount (if any) shall be allowed to them for expenses.

Validity of acts.

(6) The acts of a director or manager shall be valid notwithstanding any defect that may afterwards be discovered in his appointment or qualification.

Place of meeting.

(7) Every meeting of directors shall be held in this Territory.

General meetings— First. 29. (1) The first general meeting of an association shall be held in the third month after the date of incorporation.

Annual

(2) A general meeting of every association shall thereafter be held in such month of every calendar year as the rules provide, and in default of any such provision, on the last Tuesday in January in each year.

Periodical.

(3) The rules may provide for semi-annual or other periodical meetings.

(4) The directors may, whenever they think fit, special. and shall, upon a written requisition, signed by not less than one-fifth in number of the members of an association, call a special general meeting. A requisition shall set forth the object of the meeting and be deposited at the registered office. If the directors do not within seven days after the deposit of the requisition call the meeting, the requisitionists may themselves convene a meeting.

(5) Fourteen days' notice at the least of every Notices. annual general meeting and of every general meeting at which an extraordinary resolution is to be proposed shall be given to every member, and, in the case of any other general meeting, seven days' notice at the least, or such longer notice as is prescribed by the rules, shall be given to every member. The notice shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting, and, in the case of special business. shall specify the general nature of that business.

Every general meeting shall be held in the To be held in Territory Territory.

30. Every officer of an association who receives or has charge of money of the association shall before entering on his duties give such security as may from time to time be deemed necessary by the directors according to the rules.

Security by

31. Every dispute arising out of the affairs of an association, between a member thereof, or any person aggrieved who has for not more than six months ceased to be a member, or any person claiming through such member or person aggrieved, or claiming under the rules, and the association or a director thereof, shall be decided by arbitration (which shall be under the "Arbitration Ordinance" unless the rules prescribe some other method): and the decision so made shall be binding on all parties, and may be enforced on application to The Territorial Court, and unless the by-laws otherwise provide there shall be no appeal from such decision.

Arbitration of disputes.

32. Every association shall have a registered office in the Territory to which all communications and notices may be addressed, and shall file with the Registrar notice of every change in its situation.

Registered office.

## Publication of name.

### 33. Every association shall:

- (a) Paint or affix, and keep painted or affixed, its name on the outside of every office or place in which its business is carried on, in a conspicuous place, in letters easily legible;
- (b) Have its name engraved in legible characters on its seal;
- (c) Have its name mentioned in legible characters in all notices, advertisements, and other official publications of the association, and in all bills of exchange, promissory notes, endorsements, cheques, and orders for money or goods purporting to be signed by or on behalf of the association, and in all bills of parcels, invoices, receipts, and letters of credit of the association.

# Register of members.

- 34. Every association shall keep at its registered office a register of members, and shall enter therein the following particulars, which shall be *prima facie* evidence of the facts so stated:
  - (a) The names, addresses, and occupations of the members, the number of shares held by them respectively, and the amount paid on any such share;
  - (b) The date at which the name of any person, company, or association was entered in such register or list as a member;
  - (c) The date at which any such person, company, or association ceased to be a member.

# Register of directors.

35. Every association shall keep at its registered office a register containing the names, addresses, and occupations of its directors or managers, showing the dates on which they respectively commenced and ceased to act; and, upon request of the Registrar at any time, shall furnish him with particulars of its directors.

36. Every association shall, within three weeks after its annual general meeting, file with the Registrar a report signed by its manager or secretary, and showing as of the day after the date of the meeting:

- (a) The nominal value of the shares:
- The number of shares issued and outstanding;
- (c) The amount called on each such shares;
- (d) The total amount of such calls received;
- (e) The total amount of such calls unpaid;
- (f) The number of shares forfeited during the year;
- The number of shares redeemed during the (g)
- (h) The number of existing members;
- (i) The number of persons who have respectively become members or ceased to be members. since the date of the last report, or, in the case of the first report, since the date of incorporation:

## and including:

- (i) A list of the directors with their addresses and occupations;
- A copy of the balance-sheet certified by the auditors.
- 37. (1) Every association shall appoint one or more auditors at its first general meeting and at every annual of auditors. general meeting thereafter, but a casual vacancy in the office of auditor may, subject to the rules, be filled by the directors. No director or officer shall be appointed or act as auditor.

Appointment

Auditors
elititled to
examine
hooks

(2) Every auditor shall have a right of access at all times to all the books, documents, accounts, and vouchers of the association, and shall be entitled to require from the directors and officers any information or explanation necessary for the performance of his duty as auditor.

Auditor's report.

- (3) The auditors shall make a report to the members on the accounts examined by them, and on every balance-sheet laid before the association in general meeting during their tenure of office, and the report shall state:
  - (a) Whether or not they have obtained all the information and explanations they have required; and
  - (b) Whether in their opinion the balance-sheet referred to in the report is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the association's affairs according to the best of their information and the explanations given to them, and as shown by the books of the association.

The auditors shall specially report in what respects they find the books, documents, accounts, or vouchers incorrect, unvouched, or not in accordance with law.

Information for annual meeting.

- (4) At every annual general meeting the directors shall lay before the association:
  - (a) A balance-sheet in the form in Schedule D or other form fully disclosing to the satisfaction of the Registrar the financial position of the association, and signed on behalf of the board by two of the directors and made up to a date not more than four months before such meeting;
  - (b) A general statement of income and expenditure for the financial period ending upon the date of the balance-sheet;

- The report of the auditors of the association, which shall be read before the meeting, and a reference to the report shall be inserted at the foot of the balance-sheet:
- A report of the directors on the affairs of the association, which shall be read before the meeting: and
- Such further information as the rules may require; and the reports of the auditors and directors shall be open to inspection by any member.
- (5) Every member of the association and person Members interested in its funds shall be supplied free of charge by the association with a copy of the last balance-sheet for the time being, and also with copies of the reports of the directors and auditors and the profit and loss account, subject to payment therefor, if the rules so require, of a charge not exceeding ten cents for every hundred words.

(6) A copy of the last profit and loss account and balance-sheet for the time being, together with the reports of the directors and auditors, shall be continuously displayed in a conspicuous place in the registered office of the association.

Balancesheet to be displayed in registered office.

38. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in Minutes to be kept books provided for the purpose:

- (a) Of all appointments of officers made by them:
- Of the names of the directors present at each meeting of directors or of any committee of directors:
- Of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the association, the directors, or any committee of directors;

and every director present at a meeting of directors or committee of directors shall sign his name in a book kept for the purpose.

Books of account to be kept.

- 39. (1) The directors shall cause true accounts to be kept;
  - (a) Of all sums of money received and expended and the matter in respect of which such receipt and expenditure takes place; and
  - (b) Of the assets and liabilities of the association.

At registered office.

(2) The books of accounts shall be kept at the registered office of the association, or, if the rules permit, may for temporary purposes be kept at such other place or places as the directors think fit.

Extraordinary resolutions to be filed. 40. Every association shall file with the Registrar, in duplicate, every extraordinary resolution passed for any purpose mentioned in this Ordinance, and he shall register one copy and return the other certified as having been filed.

Authentication of returns 41. Every notice, return, or resolution required to be filed with the Registrar shall be authenticated by an officer of the association.

Inspection of books.

42. Every member shall have a right to inspect at all reasonable times the registers and books required to be kept by an association under this Ordinance, and the register of members and the register of directors shall be open to the inspection of any other person on payment of twenty-five cents for each inspection.

Copies of memorandum and rules to be furnished.

43. Every association shall furnish to a member, at his request and on payment of a sum not exceeding fifty cents, a copy of its memorandum and rules.

Revocation of incorporation.

44. On sufficient cause being shown and upon such conditions and subject to such provisions as may be deemed proper, the Commissioner in Council may revoke and cancel the incorporation of any association and declare the association to be dissolved.

45. The provisions of the "Companies Ordinance" Winding-up. relating to the winding-up of companies shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to an association under this Ordinance; but wherever those provisions prescribe a special resolution, an extraordinary resolution shall be sufficient under this Ordinance

46. An association may, by extraordinary resolution, surrender its certificate of incorporation, and the Registrar may, after being satisfied that sufficient notice of the association's intention has been given, and that no debts or liabilities of the association are outstanding, accept the surrender of the certificate and cancel it, and fix a date from which the association shall be dissolved.

Surrender of

47. The provisions of the "Companies Ordinance" Removal of association relating to the removal from the registrar of companies defunct or in default shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to an association which has failed for any period of two years to send or file any return, notice, or document required to be made, filed, or sent to the Registrar pursuant to this Ordinance, or where the Registrar has reasonable cause to believe that an association is not in operation.

from register.

48. (1) Any two or more associations may amalga- Amalgamamate and form a new association by passing extraordinary resolutions which shall authorize their respective directors. or some of them, to subscribe jointly a memorandum according to the form in Schedule A, and to comply in other respects with section 6, and may for that purpose authorize such alterations in regard to name, objects, and capital as may be necessary.

(2) After the issue of a certificate of incorporation to the new association the former associations shall creditors. stand dissolved, and all property and rights of such associations shall pass to and be vested in the new association without any further act or deed, but no amalgamation under this section shall affect the rights of any creditor, and the new association shall be liable for all debts and obligations of the former associations.

Application of Land Titles Act.

(3) Upon production of such evidence as may be required, the estate and interest of the former associations in any land as registered under the "Land Titles Act" shall be registered in the name of the new association.

Inspection of documents at Registrar's office. 49. (1) Any person may inspect the documents kept by the Registrar relating to an association under this Ordinance on payment of a fee of twenty-five cents for each inspection, and may require a copy or extract of any document or part thereof on payment for the copy or extract of ten cents for each folio, and of a further fee not exceeding one dollar if such copy or extract is required to be certified as a true copy.

Copies.

(2) A copy of or extract from any document kept and filed or registered at the office of the Registrar, certified to be a true copy under the hand and seal of the Registrar, shall in all legal proceedings be admissible in evidence as of equal validity with the original document, and it shall not be necessary to prove the handwriting, seal of office, or official position of the person certifying the same.

Service of documents.

50. A document may be served on an association by leaving it at or mailing it by registered post to the registered office of the association as recorded under this Ordinance, or by serving an officer of the association.

Offences.

51. Every association which fails, refuses, or neglects to observe or perform any duty or obligation created or imposed by this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

Penaltles.

52. Every association guilty of an offence against this Ordinance shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Fees.

53. There shall be paid to the Registrar in respect of the several matters mentioned in Schedule E the several fees therein specified.

- 54. The Commissioner in Council may from time to Rules: time make rules and regulations for carrying out the purpose of this Ordinance, including matters in respect whereof no express or only partial or imperfect provision has been made.
- 55. The Commissioner in Council may alter or add to Forms. the forms in the Schedules.

### SCHEDULE "A"

## (Section 6)

Memorar	adum of	Assoc	ciation	of	the
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- 1. The name of the Association is.....
- 2. The registered office of the Association will be
  - 3. The objects for which the Association is formed are:

## (Example:

- (a) To carry on the business of a store-keeper in all its branches, and, in particular, to buy, sell, manufacture, and deal in goods, stores, articles of consumption, or personal use or adornment, and chattels and effects of all kinds, both wholesale and retail, to transact agency business, and to provide services of various kinds for the convenience and advantage of its members;
- (b) To make arrangements with persons engaged in trade, business or profession, and others, for the concession to the Association's members, ticket-holders, and others of any special rights, privileges, and advantages, and in particular in regard to the supply of goods;
- (c) To own and operate hotels, rooming houses, restaurants, lunch counters, libraries, gas stations, garages, repair shops and machine shops;
- (d) To buy, sell, rent, lease, mortgage or otherwise acquire and dispose of any lands, building, machinery and merchandise of every description. To erect, pull down, alter or otherwise deal with any building thereon.)

- 4. The liability of the members is limited.
- 5. The capital of the Association consists of an unlimited number of shares of each.

We, the several persons whose names, addresses and occupations are subscribed, desire to be formed into an incorporated association under the above Ordinance, and respectively agree to take the number of shares set opposite our respective names.

Datd this...... day of....., A. D. 19.....

Full Name. Address. Occupation. No. Shares.

- 1. Witness:
- 2. Witness:

(Names and addresses of Directors to accompany this instrument.)

Sec. 6, Subsec. 2.

#### **SCHEDULE "B"**

(Sections 6, 26)

#### RULES OF THE

### Preliminary

1. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires: Words importing the singular include the plural, and vice versa, and words importing the masculine gender include females, and words importing persons include corporations;

"Ordinance" means the "Co-operative Associations Ordinance"; and "call," director," "extraordinary resolution," "memorandum," "officer," and "rules," have the meanings respectively assigned to them by the Ordinance. "Purchase dividend" shall mean an amount credited to a purchaser patron in proportion to the amount of his purchases from the Association. "Bonus" shall mean an amount credited to a vendor patron in proportion to the amount of his sales to the Association.

# Membership

- 2. Any person over the age of sixteen years may be admitted to membership. The application shall be made in writing to the directors, who may refuse or postpone it. No member may hold less than one or more than twenty shares in the Association.
- 3. Every person making application for shares shall pay a deposit on the purchase price of his shares, should he not be paying for same in full. The minimum amount of such deposit and the terms of paying the balance of such purchase price shall be determined by resolution of the directors. Any person proposed and not admitted to the Association shall have his deposit returned.

- 4. A member may withdraw from the Association with the consent of the directors if he ceases to reside in the territory covered by it, and shall be entitled on surrender of his certificate, to a refund of the amount paid up on his shares; but the directors may withhold such refund until the financial standing of the Association permits it without hurting the position of other members. The directors may also consent to a withdrawal in any other case where it seems just and equitable.
- 5. If a member dies or becomes insane or bankrupt, or makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, the directors may either register the person entitled to his shares as a member or redeem the shares by paying to the party entitled thereto the amount paid up on the shares.

#### Shares

- 6. All shares in the Association shall be paid for in full in cash, and no part of the funds of the association shall be employed in loans upon the security of the shares.
- 7. The directors may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares, and a call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorizing the call was passed.
- 8. If a call is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the call is due shall pay interest thereon at the rate of six per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment, but the directors shall be at liberty to waive payment of that interest wholly or in part.
- 9. No member shall receive any dividend on his shares except in proportion to the amount paid up thereon.
- 10. Every person whose name is entered in the register of members shall without payment be entitled to a certificate under the seal of the Association, specifying the shares held by him and the amount paid up thereon. No shares shall be issued jointly.

### Lien

11. The Association shall have a lien on a member's shares for a debt due to it by him, and such lien shall extend to any purchase dividend credited to him, and to any dividend credited to him in respect of such shares.

#### Forfeiture of Shares

- 12. If a member fails to pay any call on the day appointed for the payment thereof, the directors may at any time thereafter serve a notice on him requiring payment within fourteen days, from the date of the notice of so much of the call is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.
- 13. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors to that effect.
- 14. A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors think fit and at any time before a sale or disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit.
- 15. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall notwithstanding, remain liable to the Association for all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the Association in respect of the shares, but his liability shall cease if and when the Association receives payment in full of the nominal amount of the shares.

#### Transfer of Shares

16. The instrument of transfer of any shares in the Association shall be executed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of any shares until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.

	17.	Share	es in	the	Ass	socia	tion	shall	. be	trans	sferred	1 in
the	follo	owing	form	ı, or	in	any	usua	ıl or	com	mon	form	ap-
pro	ved l	by the	dire	ctors	<b>:</b>			٠			•	

1,	, of		., in consideration
of the sun	n of \$pai	d to me by	, of
(hereinafi	er called the "tr	ansferee") do l	hereby transfer to
the transf	ereeshare	e(s) in the	
Co-operat	ive Association,	to hold unto t	he transferee, his
			ject to the several
			the time of the
			hereby agree to
take the s	aid share(s) sul	oject to the con	ditions aforesaid.

As witness our hands the......day of......, 19..... (Signature of witness) (Signature of the "transferor" and "transferee")

18. The instrument of transfer must be accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates.

## General Meetings

- 19. The first general meeting shall be held in the third month from the date of incorporation at such time and place as the director may determine.
- 20. An Annual General Meeting shall thereafter be held once in every year in the month of March, on a date, and at such hour and place as may be prescribed by the Association in general meeting, or, in default, be determined by the directors.
- 21. In addition to the Annual General Meeting held in March there shall be general meetings held in the months of June, September and January of each year to consider the financial position of and progress of the Association, and the acts of the directors, and such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

- 22. The directors may, whenever they think fit, and shall upon a written requisition signed by not less than twenty per cent in number of the members, call a special general meeting. Such requisition shall set forth the object of the meeting and be deposited at the registered office. If the directors do not within seven days after the deposit of the requisition call the meeting, the requisitionists may themselves convene a meeting.
- 23. Fourteen days' notice in writing at the least of every general meeting, specifying the place, the day, and the hour of meeting, and in the case of special business, the general nature of that business, shall be mailed to every member. The non-receipt of a proper notice by a member shall not invalidate any proceedings.
- 24. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless twenty-five per cent of the members are present in person at the time when the meeting proceeds to business, and unless at all times not less than twenty per cent are personally present.
- 25. The president or, failing him, the vice-president shall preside as chairman at every general meeting.
- 26. If there is no such chairman present within thirty minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or willing to act, the members present shall choose some one of their number to be chairman.
- 27. If within one hour from the time appointed for a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon a requisition, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within one hour from the time appointed the members present shall form a quorum.

- 28. The chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- 29. The order of business at a general meeting shall, according to circumstances, be as follows:
  - (a) Meeting to be called to order;
  - (b) Notice convening meeting to be read;
  - (c) Minutes of preceding meeting to be read and disposed of;
  - (d) Business arising out of the minutes;
  - (e) Reports of standing and special committees;
  - (f) Reports of directors and auditors;
  - (g) Election of directors and auditors;
  - (h) Special business;
  - (i) Unfinished business;
  - (i) New business;
  - (k) Good and welfare.

## Voting '

- 30. On a show of hands or on a poll, every member present in person shall have one vote only, but he shall also be entitled to vote as proxy for not more than two other members in case of a poll for the election of directors.
- 31. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer, or, if the appointer is a corporation, under its common seal, and shall be deposited at the registered office of the Association not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the member named in the instruments proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be valid.

32.	An	instr	·um	ent	app	ointing	a pro	оху	may	be	in	the
followin	g f	orm,	or	in	any	other	form	ap	prove	èd	bу	the
directors	s :											

I,, of, being a member of the
Co-operative Association, hereby appoin
, of, also a member o
the said Association, as my proxy to vote for me and on my behalf for the election of directors at the general meeting
of the Association to be held on the day
of, 19, and at any adjournmen thereof.
Signed thisday of, 19, (Signature)

- 33. In the event of a tie, the chairman at any general meeting shall, both on a show of hands and a ballot, have a casting or second vote.
- 34. No member in arrears with a call on his shares may vote for directors or at any general meeting.
- 35. In the case of voting by a show of hands, the declaration of the chairman of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the result, unless three or more members before or on the declaration of the result demand a poll, when a poll shall be forthwith taken.
- 36. The number of directors shall be seven, but may be increased or reduced from time to time in general meeting so that the number is never less than three.
- 37. At the first general meeting, and at each annual general meeting thereafter, the directors shall be elected by the members by ballot, but any casual vacancy may be filled up by the directors. The directors shall hold office for a period of two years, provided, however, that at the

first general meeting four directors shall be elected for a term of one year, and three shall be elected for two years, or until their successors are elected. Any directors compulsorily retired under this rule may accept nomination for reelection on the Board. In the event of a lesser number of directors than seven, the length of term of their office as directors shall be determined at the time of their election; but such term shall in no case be for more than two years.

- 38. The first directors shall be the persons appointed by the subscribers to the memorandum, and shall hold office until the first general meeting.
- 39. If at any meeting at which an election of directors ought to take place the places of the vacating directors are not filled up, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week, at the same time and place; and if at the adjourned meeting the places of the vacating directors are not filled up, the vacating directors shall be deemed to have been re-elected at the adjourned meeting.
- 40. The Association may, by extraordinary resolution, remove any director before the expiration of his term of office, and may appoint another person in his stead.
- 41. Every director must be a member of this Association and hold at least one share, and must, after the close of the year 1945 have been a member for at least five months prior to his nomination for office. Likewise after the close of the year 1945 no person shall be eligible for election to the office of director who has not purchased from the Association, in the twelve-month period immediately preceding his nomination, goods or services to the amount of one hundred (\$100) dollars in the case of a married person, and one hundred (\$100) dollars in the case of a single person, widow or widower. No person who is bankrupt is eligible to become a director.

- 42. The office of director shall be vacated if the director:
  - (a) Ceases to be a member or hold one share;
  - (b) Holds any other office of profit under the Association, except that of secretary or treasurer;
  - (c) Is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with the Association;
  - (d) Is absent from three consecutive regular meetings of the directors without the consent of the directors;
  - (e) Ceases to purchase goods or services at the rate of one hundred (\$100) dollars per twelve months if a married person, or one hundred (\$100) dollars if a single person, widow or widower:
  - (f) Becomes a bankrupt.

Provided that (1) no director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any company which has entered into contracts with or done any work for this Association; but the director shall disclose the fact of such membership to the other directors, and shall not vote in respect of any such contract or work, and if he does so vote his vote shall not be counted; and (2) a director shall have the right at all times to sell or consign for sale to the Association agricultural or manufactured products grown or made by him or in which he has an interest.

43. The business of the Association shall be managed by the directors, who may pay from its funds the expenses of its incorporation and may exercise all its powers, subject to the Ordinance and these rules.

- 44. The directors shall elect a president and vice-president from their number, and may appoint a manager, secretary, treasurer or secretary-treasurer, whether from their own body or otherwise as they think fit, and may prescribe their duties and fix their remuneration and from time to time dismiss them. The vice-president shall exercise the powers of the president in his absence.
- 45. The directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit; any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed upon them by the directors.
- 46. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose:
  - (a) Of all appointments of officers made by them;
  - (b) Of the names of the directors present at each meeting of directors or committee;
  - (c) Of all resolutions and proceedings at allmeetings of the Association, the directors, or any committee;

and every director present at a meeting of directors or committee shall sign his name in a book kept for that purpose.

- 47. The directors shall cause proper registers of the members and directors to be kept at the registered office, and shall in all other respects duly comply with the Ordinance or any statutory modification thereof for the time being in force.
- 48. The Association in general meeting shall determine from time to time the remuneration (if any) of the directors, and what amount (if any) shall be allowed to them for expenses.
- 49. All meetings of the directors shall be held in the Territory, and the quorum necessary for the transaction of business may be fixed by the directors, and unless so fixed shall be five.

- 50. The directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings, as they think fit. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. Three directors may, and the secretary, on the requisition of three directors, shall, at any time summon a meeting of directors.
- 51. A resolution signed by all the directors shall have the same force and effect as if passed at a duly constituted meeting of the directors.

#### Financial

- 52. Every officer of the Association having receipt or charge of money shall before entering upon his duties give such security as may from time to time be deemed necessary by the directors.
- 53. The directors shall not invest any part of the funds of the Association exceeding the sum as set in the by-laws.
- 54. The Board of Directors may apply any moneys for which it cannot find profitable investment to the reduction of Loan and Share Capital by the sanction of the members attending a special or general meeting.
- 55. The directors may, at their discretion, raise or borrow or secure the payment of money for the purposes of the Association, but no debentures shall be issued nor shall the amount at any one time owing in respect of money so raised, borrowed, or secured exceed the amount of capital subscribed without the sanction of an extraordinary resolution.
  - 56. The directors shall cause true accounts to be kept:
    - (a) Of all sums of money received and expended and the matter in respect of which such receipts and expenditure takes place; and
    - (b) Of the assets and liabilities of the Association.

- 57. The books of accounts shall be kept at the registered office of the Association, and may for temporary purposes be kept at such other place or places as the directors think fit and shall at all reasonable times be open to the inspection of the directors and members.
- 58. One or more auditors shall be appointed by the Association at its first general meeting and at every annual general meeting thereafter, but a casual vacancy in the office of auditor may be filled up by the directors. No director or officer may be appointed or act as auditor.
- 59. At every Annual General Meeting the directors shall cause to be laid before the Association the profit and loss account and balance-sheet prepared by the directors in accordance with the Ordinance for the period to the first day of March last preceding, and cause to be read their report and the auditor's report thereon, all of which shall be open to inspection by any member. Every member shall be supplied free of charge with a copy of such balance-sheet.
- 60. The directors shall report to such meeting the state of the Association's affairs and the percentage which they recommend for the purchase dividend, if any; also the amount of bonus they recommend, if any.
- 61. The directors shall, before recommending any purchase dividend, set aside out of the surplus of the Association, in accordance with the Ordinance, such sum as they think proper, and not being less than ten per cent of the net surplus, toward the reserve fund, which shall be applicable for meeting contingencies; also such further sum as they think proper to reserve and apply for educational purposes; and pending such application, said reserve funds may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Association or be invested in such manner as the Ordinance permits and the directors may deem advisable.
- 62. The Association in general meeting shall declare purchase dividends or bonuses, but no purchase dividend or bonus, if any, shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors.

- 63. No dividend or bonus shall be paid otherwise than out of net surpluses, and no dividend on shares shall be at a rate in excess of three (3) per centum per annum.
- 64. A copy of the balance sheet shall be sent to every member at least fourteen days before the meeting at which it is to be presented.

#### Notices

- 65. A notice under the Ordinance of these rules shall be in writing, and may be given by the Association to any member either personally or by sending it by post to his registered address.
- 66. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying, and posting a letter containing the notice, and, unless the contrary is proved, to have been effected at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

#### The Seal

- 67. The seal of the Association shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the directors or of the Association, and in the presence of the president and the secretary or such other person as the directors may appoint for the purpose; and those two shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the Association is so affixed in their presence.
- 68. The directors shall provide for the safe custody of the seal of the Association which shall be deposited at its registered office.

## Disputes

69. Any dispute arising out of the affairs of the Association between a member thereof, or any person aggrieved who has for not more than six months ceased to be a member, or any person claiming through such member or person aggrieved, or claiming under the rules, and the

Association or a director thereof, shall be referred to a committee of three members of the Association. The president and the member or person aggrieved shall each nominate one member, and the third shall be chosen by the two so nominated. The decision of the committee shall be final and binding on all parties and may be enforced on application to a Territorial Court.

#### Alteration of Rules

- 70. These rules may only be altered or added to by extraordinary resolution.
- 71. Each member on being registered shall be furnished on his request and on payment of fifty cents, with a copy of the memorandum and the rules of the Association.

Dated this	day of, A.	D. 19
Signatures of Subscrib	ers to the Memorandum.	Witness.
ſ.	I.	
2.	2.	
3.	3.	

#### SCHEDULE "C"

(Section 26.)

MATTERS TO BE PROVIDED FOR BY THE RULES OF AN ASSOCIATION UNDER THIS ORDINANCE

- 1. Terms of admission to membership.
- 2. Determination of the number of shares of the Association which a member may hold.
- 3. Determination whether and how shares in the Association shall be transferable, and, if so, provision for a form of transfer.
- 4. Determination whether and on what terms shares in the Association may be withdrawn and redeemed.
- 5. The appointment and removal of directors, managers, or other officers, and their respective powers.
  - 6. Provisions as to borrowing.
- 7. Mode of convening and holding general meetings, and right of voting.
- 8. Provision for the audit of accounts and appointment of auditors.
  - 9. Mode of application of profits.
  - 10. Provision for the use and custody of the seal.
  - 11. Provisions as to the alteration of the rules.

## SCHEDULE "D"

(Section 36.)

Dr	BALANCE-SHEET OF THE , MA	ADE U	Р ТО ТНЕ 315Т	DA	AY OF DECEMBER, 19 . Cr.
	Capital and Liabilities				Property and Assets
I. Capital  II. Debts and Liabilities of the Association	6. The amount of loans on mortgages		III. Property held by the Association.	7.	Showing: Immovable property (stating the basis of valuation):  (a) Freehold land (b) Freehold buildings (c) Leasehold buildings  Movable property:  (d) Stock-in-trade (e) Plant  (Costs to be stated with deductions for deterioration in value.)
Reserve fund	have been given			9. 10.	Showing: Debts considered good for which the Association holds bills or other securities.  Debts considered good for which the Association holds no security  Debts considered dowbtful and bad
Profit and Loss	to meet contingencies	1			(Any debt due from a director or officer of the Association to be separately stated.)
Contingent Liabilities	Claims against the Association not acknowledged as debts	<u>'</u> -	Investments		Showing: The nature of investment and rate of interest The amount of cash, where lodged, and if bearing interest

## SCHEDULE "E"

(Section 53.)

#### TABLE OF FEES

1.	For filing or registering:  Memorandum of association	\$10.00
	Original rules	
	Any resolution, notice, list, return, or other document required by this Ordinance	
2.	For every certificate, other than certificate of incorporation	
3.	For each search	.25
4.	For publication in the Gazette, according to the scale of charges in force from time to time.	
	(See also Sec. 49.)	

## CHAPTER 22

# AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "THE SIDEWALKS ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

1. Section 7 of "The Sidewalks Ordinance," being Chapter 3 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1944, is hereby amended by striking out all the words after the phrase "or other vehicle," where the same appears in the sixth line of said section, and substituting therefore the following:

"Drives or causes the same to be driven upon or over any portion of any sidewalk in any taxation area, except at such crossings as are provided for vehicular traffic."

## CHAPTER 23

## AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND 'THE FIRE PRE-VENTION ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

- . 1. "The Fire Prevention Ordinance," being Chapter 1 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1944, is hereby amended by adding the following subsection to section 6 of the said Ordinance:
  - "(1) No person shall erect upon or remove to any site within a taxation area any building within a lesser distance than six feet from an existing building without the written permission of the Building Inspector. The issuing or withholding of such permission shall be in the discretion of the Building Inspector."
- 2. The said Ordinance is further amended by inserting the following immediately after section 7 thereof:
  - "7A(1) The Building Inspector may order the removal or dismantling of any building which is located either wholly or partly upon any street, alley or lane in a taxation area. Neglect or failure to comply with such an order shall constitute an offence under this Ordinance."
- 3. Section 20 of said Ordinance is hereby repealed and the following substituted therefore:

"20. All persons shall keep their chimneys and Cleaning chimneys. stove pipes in good repair and have same properly cleaned twice at least during each of the months of October, November, December, January, February, March and April and once at least during each other month of each year."

- 4. Section 40 of said Ordinance is hereby amended by adding the following words immediately after the word "Happening" in the last line of said section:
  - "40. and is further provided with such fire extinguishers, fire service and apparatus for the extinguishment of fire as the Building Inspector may deem necessary."
- 5. Section 65 of said Ordinance is hereby amended by False adding thereto the following subsections:

- "(1) It shall be an offence under this Ordinance for any person to give an alarm indicating a fire or to report a fire when no fire exists.
- (2) It shall be an offence under this Ordinance for Parking restriction. any person to park any vehicle within 100 feet of any firehall or within ten feet of any hydrant."

## CHAPTER 24

#### AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND "THE YUKON

#### GAME ORDINANCE."

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, enacts as follows:

- 1. Section 4 (1) of "The Yukon Game Ordinance," being Chapter 1 of the Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1938, and amending Ordinances is hereby amended by striking out part (a) and substituting the following therefore:
  - "(a) Any buffalo, bison, elk, or any species of deer at any time";

by striking out part (b) and substituting the following therefore:

"(b) Beaver.—At any time within a period of three years from May 31, 1945;

and by striking out part (h) and substituting the following therefore:

"(h) Any pheasant at any time; ruffed grouse, willow grouse, and blue grouse—between the first day of November and the first day of September; partridge, ptarmigan, prairie chicken and other species of grouse—between the first day of February and the first day of September."

- 2. Section 5 of the said Ordinance is hereby amended by striking out the word "pheasant" where the same appears in the fourth line of sub-section 2.
- 3. Section 42 of the said Ordinance is hereby amended by adding thereto the following subsection:
  - "(2) No person other than members of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police shall have in his possession or use or employ any weapon loaded by recoil or so-called "auto-loading," unless the same has been plugged."

## CHAPTER 25

AN ORDINANCE FOR GRANTING TO THE COM-MISSIONER CERTAIN SUMS OF MONEY TO DEFRAY THE EXPENSES OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE YUKON TERRITORY AND THE CITY OF DAWSON.

(Assented to April 30th, 1945.)

Whereas, It appears by Message from George Allen Jeckell, Esquire, the Controller of the Yukon Territory, and in the Supplementary Estimates accompanying the same, that the sums hereinafter mentioned in Schedule "A" are required to defray certain further expenses of the Public Service of the Yukon Territory and the City of Dawson, and for the purposes relating thereto, for the year ended March 31st, 1945; and,

Whereas, It appears by Message from George Allen Jeckell, Esquire, the Controller of the Yukon Territory, and in the Estimates accompanying the same, that the sums hereinafter mentioned in Schedule "B" to this Ordinance are required to defray certain expenses of the Public Service of the Yukon Territory, and for the purposes relating thereto, for the twelve months ending March 31st, 1946; and,

Whereas, It appears by Message from George Allen Jeckell, Esquire, the Controller of the Yukon Territory, and in the Estimates accompanying the same, that the sums hereinafter mentioned in Schedule "C" to this Ordinance are required to defray certain expenses of the Public Service of the City of Dawson, and for the purposes relating thereto, for the twelve months ending March 31st, 1946;

The Controller of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of said Territory, therefore exacts as follows:

- 1. From and out of the sums at the disposal of the Yukon Council there shall be paid and applied a further sum not exceeding in the whole four hundred and sixteen thousand nine hundred twenty-nine dollars and seventy-six cents for defraying the several charges and expenses of the Public Service of the Yukon Territory for the year ending March 31st, 1945, as set forth in Schedule "A" of this Ordinance; and from and out of the sums at the disposal of the Yukon Council there shall be paid and applied a further sum not exceeding in the whole two thousand two hundred twenty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents for defraying the several charges and expenses of the Public Service of the City of Dawson for the year ending March 31st, 1945, as set forth in Schedule "A" of this Ordinance.
- 2. From and out of the funds at the disposal of the Yukon Council there shall and may be paid and applied a sum not exceeding in the whole four hundred twenty-four thousand dollars for defraying the several charges and expenses of the Public Service of the Yukon Territory for the twelve months ending March 31st, 1946, as set forth in Schedule "B" of this Ordinance.
- 3. From and out of the funds at the disposal of the Yukon Council there shall and may be paid and applied a sum not exceeding thirty-seven thousand seven hundred fifty dollars for defraying the several charges and expenses of the Public Service of the City of Dawson for the twelve months ending March 31st, 1946, as set forth in Schedule "C" of this Ordinance.
- 4. The due application of all moneys expended shall be duly accounted for.

## SCHEDULE "A"

Further sums granted to the Controller by this Ordinance for the twelve months ending March 31st, 1945, and for the purpose for which they are granted:

SALARIES AND TRAVEILING EXPENSES	398.96
SCHOOLS:	
Schools Generally       \$ 182.54         Dawson       164.46         Whitehorse       6,653.88	7,000.88
MISCELLANEOUS:	
Town of Whitehorse\$ 1,315.28 Printing and Stationery 849.04 Cost of Living Bonus	
ROADS	7,787.64 1,358.32 400,383.96
GOVERNMENT LIQUOR ORDINANCE	\$416,929.76
CITY OF DAWSON:	
Fire Department	<b>\$</b> 2,226.67

Supply 119

#### SCHEDULE "B"

Sums granted to the Controller by this Ordinance for the twelve months ending March 31st, 1946, and the purposes for which they are granted:

#### SALARIES AND TRAVELLING EXPENSES:

Salaries	
Travelling Expenses	
	\$ 10,000.00
YUKON COUNCIL:	
Sessional Indemnity and Travelling Ex-	
penses	1,500.00
P	1,500.00
SCHOOLS:	
Schools Generally\$ 4,750.00	
Dawson School 16,000.00	
St. Mary's School 3,600.00	
Whitehorse School 24,100.00	
Mayo School 3,950.00	
Carcross School	
Watson Lake Junction School 2,500.00	
Auto Transportation	
<del></del>	60,125.00
HOSPITALS, CHARITIES AND PUBLIC HEALTH:	
Grant, St. Mary's Hospital\$38,000.00	
Additional Grant	
Grant, Whitehorse Hospital 20,000.00	
Additional Grant 40,000.00	
Salary Medical Health Of-	
ficer, etc., Dawson 1,800.00	
Salary, Medical Health Of-	
ficer, etc., Whitehorse 1,200.00	
Carried formand #123,000,00	± 71 625 00
Carried forward\$123,000.00	φ /1,023.00

Brought forward	\$ 71,625.00 166,250.00
CORANTE TO LINDANING DEADING DOOMS DOOMS	
GRANTS TO LIBRARIES, READING ROOMS, ETC.:	
Dawson Library and Reading Room	
ing Room 900.00	
Mayo Library and Reading	
Room	
Yukon Law Library 150.00	
Dawson Branch British Col-	
umbia and Yukon Cham-	
ber of Mines 750.00	
City of Dawson 16,500.00	
<del></del>	19,650.00
MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURES:	
Territorial Agent, Whitehorse\$ 750.00	
Town of Whitehorse 32,000.00	
Assay Office, Keno 5,500.00	
Printing and Stationery 3,000.00	
Consolidation of Ordinances 5,000.00	
Cost of Living Bonus 5,000.00	
Contingencies	
<del>,</del> -	53,750.00
BOUNTIES ON WOLVES AND COYOTES	\$ 12,500.00
Carried forward	\$323,775.00

Brought forward		\$323,775.00
ROADS, BRIDGES AND PUBLIC WORK	s:	
Ferry Tower and Cable at		1
Dawson, cost of dismant-		
ling	\$ 450.00	
Ferry Service, Yukon River		
at Dawson	2,825.00	
Dawson to Miller Creek and		,
International Boundary		
Roads	1,000.00	
Dawson to Granville, via Do-		•
minion and Sulphur Creek		
Roads	11,000.00	
Bonanza, Eldorado, Quartz		
Creek and Indian River		
Roads	3,000.00	
Klondike Road (Dawson to	•	
North Fork Ferry)	1,500.00	
Clear Creek Road	2,000.00	
Whitehorse District Roads	4,000.00	
Mayo District Roads	5,000.00	
Construction of road to con-		
nect Klondike Road with		
Clear Creek Road at Bar-		
low	25,000.00	
Overland Road—Dawson and		
Mayo to Alaska Highway		
not otherwise provided	1,000.00	
Winter Roads	5,000.00	
Maintenance Road Equipment,		
Garages & Machine Shop,		
Gasoline and Oils—Daw-	10 000 00	
son District	10,000.00	
Sundry Roads and General	1.050.00	
Expense	1,950.00	
Aviation Fields — Improve-	2 500 00	
ments and Maintenance	3,500.00	
Carried forward	77,225.00	\$323,775.00

122 Supply

Brought forward\$ Purchase Price of portion of Klondike Ranch to enlarge	577,225.00	\$323,775.00
Dawson Airport	5,000.00	
Purchase Equipment:	•	
Freight on Allis-		
Chalmers Trac-		
tor and Grade	uo. Hous janen	e 🚊
Builder purchased	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•
in 1944-45\$ 1,500.00		
Pick-up Truck 1,500.00		
Motor Grader		
and Snow		
Plough with lev-		
elling wings 15,000.00		
	18,000.00	
-	<del></del>	100,225.00
		<b>4424</b> 000 00
,		\$424,000.00

## SCHEDULE "C"

### CITY OF DAWSON

Fire Department	.\$12,066.00	
Hydrant Service		
Street Lighting	. 2,825.00	
Printing and Stationery	. 250.00	
Salaries	. 1,120.00	
Cost Living Bonus to Employee	s 400.00	
Contingencies	. 100.00	
Streets and Sidewalks	7,633.00	
		\$ 37,750.00

3. In the event of there being a surplus of monies standing to the credit of any item voted for Roads, Bridges and Public Works after the construction or repairs provided for have been completed to the satisfaction of the Superintendent of Works and Buildings, such surplus of monies shall forthwith, on the acceptance of such works or repairs by the Controller of the Yukon Territory, be taken from said item and become part of and be added to the amount provided for Contingencies to such Roads, Bridges and Public Works, and shall thereafter be at the disposal of the Controller of the Yukon Territory for Roads, Bridges and Public Works.

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