



**STATUTES  
OF THE  
YUKON TERRITORY**

PASSED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF  
THE YUKON TERRITORY  
IN THE YEAR  
1987

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STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 7

AN ACT TO AMEND THE BRANDS ACT,  
THE HIGHWAYS ACT AND THE POUNDS ACT

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

Brands Act

1.(1) This section amends the Brands Act.

(2) In section 2 the following is substituted for the definition of "brand";

"'brand' means any character or combination of characters impressed upon the skin of stock, or any other prescribed means of animal identification, for the purpose of denoting ownership of the stock, but does not include the marking of an animal by a pound keeper under the Pounds Act;".

(3) The following definition is added to section 2:

"'impressed' includes the placing or marking of any brand upon stock".

(4) The following subsection is substituted for subsection 10(2):

"(2) An impression of a brand upon stock shall be made

(a) by an iron

(i) that has a face that is in no place less than six millimetres in width, and

(ii) that is capable of making an impression of the brand not less than 75 millimetres in either height or width, as the case may be, or

(b) in any other prescribed manner.

## Highways Act

2. The following sections are added to the Highways Act immediately after section 30:

### Animals straying on highway

"30.1 (1) For the purposes of this section and section 30.2 animal has the same meaning as in the Pounds Act.

(2) No person shall allow any animal owned by the person or in the person's care to be within 30 metres of the centre of a prescribed highway unless the animal is in a person's control.

(3) A person who contravenes subsection (2) is guilty of an offence and is liable

(a) for a first offence, to a fine of \$100,

(b) for a second offence within three years, to a fine of \$300, and

(c) for each subsequent offence within three years, to a fine of \$500.

(4) Where the owner of an animal is guilty of a third or subsequent offence under paragraph (3)(c), the animal with respect to that offence shall be forfeited to the Government of the Yukon.

### Impounding animals on highways

30.2 If an animal is within 30 metres of the centre of a prescribed highway and the animal is not under anyone's control, a person designated by the Executive Council Member may capture the animal and deliver it to the pound keeper in the nearest pound district."

## Pounds Act

3.(1) This section amends the Pounds Act.

(2) The following section is added immediately after section 8:

### Animals seized on highways

"8.1 If an animal has been seized and delivered to a pound keeper under section 30.2 of the Highways Act, the pound keeper shall impound the animal and the animal shall be dealt with as if seized and impounded under this Act."

(3) The following section is added immediately after section 9:

Marking impounded animals

"9.1 (1) Where an animal has been seized and impounded, the pound keeper shall mark the animal in the prescribed manner.

(2) No person shall remove or deface a marking affixed to an animal by a pound keeper under subsection (1)."

(4) The following section is added immediately after section 12:

Notice and sale where owner is guilty of third offence

"12.1 (1) Where the owner of an animal is found guilty of a third or subsequent offence in respect of the animal under section 22.1

(a) the animal with respect to that offence shall be forfeited to the Government of the Yukon, and

(b) the pound keeper in possession of the animal shall sell the animal at public auction after posting notices for at least ten days of the time and place of the auction in three of the most public places in the pound district.

(2) Subsections 10(2) and (3) do not apply to an animal being sold under this section."

4. Section 22 of the Pounds Act is amended by adding the expression "subject to section 22.1" at the beginning.

5. The following section is added immediately after section 22 of the Pounds Act:

"22.1 (1) No person shall allow any animal owned by the person or in the person's care to run at large in a pound district

(2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) is guilty of an offence and is liable

(a) for a first offence, to a fine of \$100,

(b) for a second offence within three years, to a fine of \$300, and

(c) for each subsequent offence within three years, to a fine of \$500."

6. Section 2 of this Act shall come into force by a day to be fixed by the Commissioner in Executive Council.

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STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 8

AN ACT TO AMEND THE BUSINESS  
DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE ACT

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

1. This Act amends the Business Development Assistance Act.
2. Subsection 6(3) is repealed.
3. The following heading and section is inserted immediately after section 22:

Guarantees of Debt

"23. Subject to regulations, the Executive Council Member may grant a guarantee of a debt instead of or in addition to approving financial assistance."



STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 9

FIFTH APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986-87

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

Whereas it appears by message from the Commissioner and in the estimates accompanying the message that, in addition to the sums previously appropriated, the sums not appearing in parenthesis in Schedule "A" of this Act are required for the purpose of defraying certain expenses of the public service of the Yukon and for related purposes for the period of 12 months ending in March 31, 1987;

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the Fifth Appropriation Act, 1986-87.

2.(1) In addition to the sum of \$80,935,000 provided for in the First Appropriation Act, 1986-87, the sum of \$173,940,000 provided for in the Second Appropriation Act, 1986-87 and the sum of \$21,359,000 provided for in the Third Appropriation Act, 1986-87 and the sum of \$7,247,000 provided for in the Fourth Appropriation Act, 1986-87, from and out of the Yukon Consolidated Revenue Fund there may be paid and applied a sum not exceeding in the whole \$234,000 for defraying the several charges and expenses of the public service of the Yukon payable in the period of 12 months ending on March 31, 1987, as set forth in Schedule "A" of this Act and that sum shall not be paid or applied except in accordance with Schedule "A", the Financial Administration Act and, subject to that Act, the estimates accompanying the message from the Commissioner.

(2) The sums previously appropriated to a vote or item that is listed in Schedule "A" and that has a sum appearing in parenthesis after it are reduced by the amount of the sum appearing in parenthesis.

3. The due application of all monies paid or applied pursuant to section 2 shall be accounted for.

FIFTH APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986-87

SCHEDULE A

\$ (Dollars in 000's)

<u>Operation and Maintenance Votes</u>	<u>Voted to Date</u>	<u>This Appropriation</u>	<u>Total Voted (Current Spending Authority)</u>
01 Yukon Legislative Assembly	1,526	20	1,546
02 Executive Council Office	4,080	(210)	3,870
09 Community and Transportation Services	41,661	110	41,771
07 Economic Development: Mines and Small Business	4,095	406	4,501
03 Education	39,870	501	40,371
12 Finance	3,086	353	3,439
16 Government Services	11,781	968	12,749
15 Health and Human Resources	36,900	(504)	36,396
08 Justice	15,731	677	16,408
10 Public Service Commission	3,115	275	3,390
14 Renewable Resources	6,371	(50)	6,321
13 Tourism	4,359	(412)	3,947
11 Women's Directorate	208	5	213
Loan Capital	1,000	-	1,000
Loan Amortization	<u>1,875</u>		<u>1,875</u>
Subtotal Operation and Maintenance	175,658	2,139	177,797
	=====	=====	=====
 <u>Capital Votes</u>			
02 Executive Council Office	21	-	21
09 Community and Transportation Services	52,942	(1,585)	51,357
07 Economic Development: Mines and Small Business	11,617	603	12,220
03 Education	20,838	(927)	19,911
16 Government Services	6,675	126	6,801
15 Health and Human Resources	2,022	(60)	1,962
08 Justice	5,899	168	6,067
14 Renewable Resources	2,144	(52)	2,092
13 Tourism	<u>5,665</u>	<u>(178)</u>	<u>5,487</u>
Subtotal Capital	107,823	(1,905)	105,918
	=====	=====	=====
Total	283,481	234	283,715
	=====	=====	=====

STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 10

AN ACT TO AMEND  
THE FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION ACT

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

1. This Act amends the Financial Administration Act.

2.(1) In the definition of "contract" in subsection 2(1), the words "the expenditure of public money or the giving of any other consideration" are substituted for the words "the expenditure of public money", and the words "the payment of public money or the giving of consideration" are substituted for the words "the payment of money or the giving of consideration" are substituted for the words "the payment of money".

(2) In the definition of "department", in subsection 2(1), the words "and includes the Women's Directorate and any" are substituted for the words "and includes any".

(3) In subsection 2(1), the definition of "Treasurer" is repealed.

(4) The words "Deputy Head of the Department of Finance" are substituted for the word "Treasurer" wherever the latter appears in the Act.

3. The following is substituted for subsection 4(2):

"(2) The Commissioner in Executive Council may appoint a secretary of the Management Board."

4. The following is substituted for section 43:

"43. Subject to any other Act, the Management Board may issue directives

- (a) establishing fees for the provision of a service by the government to any person or for the use of public property by any person,
- (b) establishing conditions subject to which a service may be provided by the government to any person or to which public property may be used by any person,
- (c) authorizing public officers to provide to any person a service or the use of public property and to make agreements for the provision of the service or use."

5.(1) Paragraph 45(1)(a) and subsections 45(2) and (3) are repealed,

(2) In paragraph 45(1)(c), the figure "\$1,750,000" is substituted for the figure "\$800,000".

6. The following heading and section is inserted immediately after section 45:

Road Equipment Reserve Fund

"45.1 (1) There shall be a Road Equipment Reserve Fund which shall be used for the replacement of road equipment.

(2) Expenditures from the Road Equipment Reserve Fund shall not exceed the accumulated revenues in the Fund at the time of the expenditure and shall not exceed \$5,000,000 in a fiscal year.

(3) Revenues from the sale, lease, or other use of road equipment shall be credited to the Road Equipment Reserve Fund, unless Management Board directs otherwise.

(4) The Management Board may issue directives respecting  
(a) the accounts to be kept,  
(b) the method of charging and crediting the fund,  
(c) the method of valuing the inventory of the fund, and  
(d) any other matter it considers necessary governing the operation of the fund.

(5) For the Road Equipment Reserve Fund, there shall be included in the Public Accounts  
(a) the assets and liabilities of the Fund, and  
(b) a summary of the transaction of the Fund."

7. The following clause is added to paragraph 73(1)(g):

"(iv) the Yukon Development Corporation."

8. The following subsection is added to section 76:

"(3) A directive under this Act shall be filed with the Regulations Clerk and be available for inspection by any person and shall be published in the Yukon Gazette."

STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 11

GAS BURNING DEVICES ACT

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

Interpretation

1. In this Act,

"alter" includes repair;

"appliance" means a device that utilizes gas to produce light, heat or power;

"contractor" means a person who carries on a business, the purpose of which is the installation or alteration of appliances, house piping, vents and gas installations;

"dealer" means a person who maintains a place of business for the sale of appliances;

"gas" means natural or manufactured gas, liquified petroleum gas or any mixture of those gases;

"gas fitter" means a person holding a gas fitter's licence issued under this Act;

"gas installation" means a facility or system, including fittings, that is owned or operated by a gas company or a public utility and that it is used for storing, conveying, measuring or regulating gas;

"house piping" means the gas piping, including fittings, in any premises beyond the outlet of the meter or the gas supply tank and includes propane tanks and cylinders;

"public utility" means a public utility as defined in the Public Utilities Act;

"vent" means a conduit or passageway for conveying the products of combustion from a gas appliance to the outer air.

#### Application

2.(1) Subject to subsection (2), this Act applies to the manufacture, sale, installation and alteration of appliances, house piping, vents and gas installations.

(2) This Act does not apply to

- (a) a piping system used to refine or process gas in any way,
- (b) an internal combustion engine, turbine, or any other prime mover, other than a stationary engine that is supplied with gas by house piping, or
- (c) appliances, house piping, vents or gas installations that are exempted by the Commissioner in Executive Council from the operation of this Act.

(3) Where there is a conflict between this Act and the Public Utilities Act, this Act shall prevail.

#### Appointment of inspectors

3.(1) The Commissioner in Executive Council may appoint one or more inspectors to carry out the provisions of this Act.

(2) Every inspector has the authority to enforce the provisions of this Act and to issue any licence or permit under this Act.

#### Approval seal

4.(1) Except as otherwise provided by the regulations, no dealer shall sell or offer for sale any appliance that does not bear the approval seal of a prescribed testing agency or association.

(2) No person shall apply an approval seal unless the provisions of this Act have been complied with.

#### Permits for installation or alteration

5.(1) Subject to the regulations, no person shall install or alter an appliance, house piping, a vent or a gas installation unless a permit has been issued authorizing the installation or alteration.

- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may prescribe
- (a) classes of installations and alterations,

- (b) qualifications to be possessed by applicants for the performance of all or part of the work with respect to any class of installation or alteration, and
- (c) terms and conditions governing the performance of work with respect to any class of installation or alteration.

(3) Regulations under subsection (1) may provide for exemptions from the need to obtain a permit for all or part of the work with respect to any class of installation or alteration.

(4) An inspector may, upon the issuance of a permit, impose such terms and conditions respecting the installation or alteration of an appliance, house piping, a vent or a gas installation as may be necessary to ensure the safety of the installation or alteration.

(5) Where by reason of the distance of the premises from a place where there is a licensed gas fitter, the expense of doing work may be unreasonable, an inspector may subject to any conditions necessary issue a permit to do gas fitting and emergency repairs or service on equipment.

#### Application for permit

6. An application for a permit under section 5

- (a) shall be in the prescribed form,
- (b) shall be accompanied by the prescribed fee, and
- (c) shall be accompanied by such plans and specifications and contain such information as may be prescribed.

#### Authorization before use

7. Where an appliance, house piping, a vent or a gas installation has been installed or altered, no person shall use or permit the use of the house piping, appliance, vent or gas installation unless

- (a) a permit has been issued and the inspector has approved the installation or alteration of the appliance, house piping, vent or gas installation, or
- (b) the use of the appliance, house piping, vent or gas installation is permitted by the regulations without authorization of an inspector.

#### Inspector may examine dealer's stock

8.(1) Every inspector may, examine appliances in the course of manufacture or repair and appliances in the stock of dealers and manufacturers of appliances during their hours of operation.

(2) Where an inspector finds that any appliance examined under subsection (1) is defective or does not comply with this Act, the inspector may, by order, prohibit the sale, offering for sale or the repair of the appliance until such time as the provisions of the Act have been complied with.

#### Powers of inspectors

9.(1) An inspector may, subject to this section, enter any premises in respect of which a permit has been issued for the installation or alteration of house piping, an appliance, a vent or a gas installation in order to inspect the house piping, appliance, vent or gas installation for the purposes of this Act.

(2) Subject to this section, where an inspector has reasonable and probable grounds to believe and does believe that there is in any place an appliance, house piping, vent or gas installation that is a hazard to the occupants, or to the public generally, or that an offense contrary to this Act has been committed, the inspector may request a Justice of the Peace to issue a search warrant authorizing the inspector to enter and examine the place at such time or times as may be stated in the warrant.

(3) The inspector shall not search any place unless, immediately before the search, the inspector obtains the permission of the lawful occupant to do so, or unless the inspector has a search warrant authorizing the search.

(4) A search warrant may be issued by a justice of the peace where the justice of the peace is satisfied by information upon oath of an inspector that there are reasonable grounds for believing there to be in the place to be searched

- (a) any appliance, house piping, vent or gas installation that may be installed or altered in contravention of this Act, or
- (b) any appliance, house piping, vent or gas installation that is defective or dangerous to life or property.

(5) In the carrying out of a search under this section, an inspector may use all force that is necessary in the circumstances, including the breaking of any lock or fastening, but the inspector shall

- (a) ensure that the premises are left as secure after the search as they were at the commencement of the search, and
- (b) make a reasonable effort forthwith after the search to give notice of any action under this subsection to the owner or other person entitled to possession of the place searched.



(6) Where the owner or other person authorized to occupy a dwelling house that is not vacant is absent from the premises, an inspector shall not exercise any power under subsection (5) unless

- (a) the inspector is accompanied by a member of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, and
- (b) the inspector has made a reasonable effort to give advance notice of the search to the owner or other person.

Order to disconnect appliances, etc.

10.(1) Where an inspector finds any appliance, house piping, vent or gas installation that has been installed in breach of this Act, or that is defective or dangerous to life or property, the inspector may

- (a) shut off the house piping to the appliance, or
- (b) order the occupier of the premises, if any, and the owner of the appliance, house piping, vent or gas installation to comply with this Act, or to shut off the appliance, house piping, vent or gas installation.

(2) Where an appliance, house piping or gas installation is disconnected or shut off under subsection (1), no person shall reconnect it or turn it on unless authorized by an inspector.

Order of inspectors

11.(1) An order or decision of an inspector under this Act may be made orally, but shall be confirmed in writing within 24 hours.

(2) An order of an inspector under this Act is not a regulation within the meaning of the Regulations Act.

Prohibition

12. No person, other than a gas fitter, shall perform the prescribed work in respect of any installation or alteration of an appliance, house piping, a vent or a gas installation.

Gas fitters

13. An inspector may issue a gas fitter's licence to a person who has the prescribed qualifications.

#### Contractors

14.(1) Subject to subsection (2), an inspector may issue a contractor's licence to a person to engage in business as a contractor.

(2) A licence shall not be issued under subsection (1) unless that person is a gas fitter, or has the prescribed qualifications.

#### Licences

15. A licence issued under this Act shall be subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.

#### Revocation or suspension of licence

16. Every licence issued under this Act may be revoked or suspended by an inspector for violation of this Act, or for the making of any false statement in the application for the licence by the holder of the licence, by his or her agent or employee, or by a person working directly under his or her supervision.

#### Appeal board

17.(1) A person who is served with written notice of a decision, order or ruling of an inspector may, within 30 days after the date he or she is served with the written notice, appeal the decision, order or ruling by delivering a written notice of appeal to the Executive Council Member.

(2) For the purpose of subsection (1), the refusal to grant a licence or the revocation or suspension of a licence shall be considered a decision of an inspector.

(3) Where the Executive Council Member receives a Notice of Appeal in accordance with subsection (2), the Executive Council Member shall forthwith appoint an appeal board, consisting of three persons, at least two of whom shall be representative of the gas fitting industry, for the purposes of hearing the appeal.

(4) The Commissioner in Executive Council shall prescribe the procedural rules to be followed in respect of appeals under this section.

## Power of appeal board

18. Upon hearing an appeal, an appeal board shall confirm, vary or reverse the decision, order or ruling of an inspector and may order the appellant or any other person to comply with its decision.

## Regulations

19.(1) The Commissioner in Executive Council may make regulations

- (a) respecting the manufacture, installation or alteration of any appliance, house piping, vent or gas installation;
- (b) requiring any person doing work under a permit under this Act to submit the work for inspection or testing at any stage of the work;
- (c) providing that, with respect to any part of a vent, an inspector may rely on an inspection of it made under any enactment of Canada or the Yukon, or any bylaw of a municipality;
- (d) respecting the licensing of contractors and gas fitters;
- (e) providing for the granting, renewal, cancellation or suspension of any licence, or permit;
- (f) prescribing fees;
- (g) prescribing the records to be kept by inspectors, contractors, manufacturers, dealers or gas fitters;
- (h) prescribing anything required by this Act to be prescribed or provided for in the regulations;
- (i) generally, respecting any other matter the Commissioner in Executive Council considers necessary for carrying the purposes and provisions of this Act into effect.

(2) The Commissioner in Executive Council may make regulations adopting the standards of the Canadian Gas Association or any other code of rules for the construction, installation, testing or inspection of appliances, house piping, vents or gas installations promulgated by any association or body of persons.

(3) Notwithstanding the Regulations Act, in case the standards of the Canadian Gas Association or any other code of rules for the construction, installation, testing or inspection of appliances, house piping, vents or gas installations, promulgated by any association or body of persons in an available printed form is adopted in whole or in part or with variations under subsection (2), publication in the Yukon Gazette of a notice of the adoption setting out the variation subject to which it is adopted, shall be deemed sufficient publication of the regulations for this section without publication in the Yukon Gazette of the text of the code or rules or parts adopted.

Offence

20.(1) Every person who contravenes this Act, a term or condition of a licence or permit, an order of an inspector or an order of an appeal board commits an offence.

(2) Every person who commits an offence under this Act is liable on conviction to a fine of up to \$2,000 or to imprisonment for a term of six months or both.

Consequential amendments

21. The following paragraph is added to subsection 20(1) of the Electrical Protection Act:

"(f) the replacement or repair of electrical components in a gas burning appliance by a gas fitter licensed under the Gas Burning Devices Act."

Commencement

22. This Act comes into force on a day to be fixed by the Commissioner in Executive Council.

STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 12

AN ACT TO AMEND  
THE INSURANCE ACT

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

1. This Act amends the Insurance Act.
2. The following definition is added to section 1:

"'compensation association' means a body corporate or an unincorporated association designated under subsection 22.1(1) as a compensation corporation;"

3. The following section is added immediately after section 1:

Agreements with compensation associations

"1.1 The Executive Council Member may enter into agreements with compensation associations relating to a plan for the compensation, by the compensation association, of policy holders of and eligible claimants on insolvent insurers."

4. Subsection 2(1) is amended by adding the following clause:

"(f.1) underwriters or syndicates of underwriters operating on a plan known as The Canadian Insurance Exchange."

5. The following section is added immediately after section 22:

Compensation associations and membership

"22.1(1) The Commissioner in Executive Council may designate a compensation association for any of the following classes of insurance:

- (a) automobile insurance;
- (b) boiler and machinery insurance;
- (c) fire insurance;
- (d) inland transportation insurance;
- (e) livestock insurance;
- (f) public liability insurance;

- (g) plate glass insurance;
  - (h) property damage insurance;
  - (i) sprinkler leakage insurance;
  - (j) theft insurance;
  - (k) weather insurance;
  - (1) any other class of insurance as may be designated in the regulations.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3), where a compensation association has been designated for a class of insurance under subsection (1), every insurer who is licensed to carry on that class of insurance shall be deemed to be a member of that compensation association during the period the insurer is licensed to carry on that class of insurance and for 183 days after ceasing to be so licensed.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply to an insurer that is designated under paragraph 45(b.2), or whose business is limited to the business of reinsurance.
- (4) Every member of a compensation association is bound by the by-laws and memorandum of operation of the compensation association.
- (5) A member of a compensation association shall pay to the compensation association all assessments and levies made against the member by the compensation association.
- (6) Where a member of a compensation association fails to pay an assessment or levy within 30 days of the mailing of the notice of the assessment or levy to the member,
- (a) the compensation association may claim the amount of the assessment or levy, with interest, as a debt due from the member, and
  - (b) the superintendent may cancel the member's licence.
- (7) A debt due under paragraph (6)(a), does not cease to be due upon termination of the member's membership in the compensation association."

6. The following section is added immediately after section 26:

**Licensing in other jurisdictions required**

"26.1(1) For the purpose of this section "province" does not include the Yukon or the Northwest Territories.

(2) An insurer that is not licensed by a province for the business of insurance or is not registered under the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act (Canada) or the Foreign Insurance Companies Act (Canada), is not eligible to be licensed under this Act.

(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to an underwriter or syndicate of underwriters that is a member of the society known as Lloyds, or operating on a plan known as the Canadian Insurance Exchange."

7. Section 45 is amended by adding the following paragraphs immediately after paragraph (b):

"(b.1) designating as compensation associations, bodies corporate or unincorporated associations, whose purposes are to provide compensation to policy holders of and eligible claimants on insolvent insurers;

(b.2) designating insurers as being adequately covered by a plan of compensation other than that provided by reason of membership in a compensation association;"

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STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 13

INTERIM SUPPLY APPROPRIATION ACT, 1987-88

(Assented to March 31)

Whereas it appears by message from the Commissioner and in the estimates accompanying the message that the sums mentioned in Schedule "A" of this Act are required for the purpose of defraying certain expenses of the public service of the Yukon and for related purposes for the period from April 1, 1987 to May 31, 1987.

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the Interim Supply Appropriation Act, 1987-88.
2. In addition to the sum of \$114,302,000 provided for in the First Appropriation Act, 1987-88, from and out of the Yukon Consolidated Revenue Fund there may be paid and applied a sum not exceeding in the whole \$33,166,000 for defraying the several charges and expenses of the public service of the Yukon for the period from April 1, 1987 to May 31, 1987, as set forth in Schedule "A" of this Act and that sum shall not be paid or applied except in accordance with Schedule "A" and the Financial Administration Act and, subject to the said Act, the estimates accompanying the message from the Commissioner.
3. This Act shall be deemed to have come into force April 1, 1987.



INTERIM SUPPLY APPROPRIATION ACT, 1986-87

SCHEDULE "A"

	<u>Dollars in 000s</u>
<u>Operation and Maintenance Votes</u>	<u>Total</u>
Yukon Legislative Assembly	319
Executive Council Office	775
Community and Transportation Services	9,000
Economic Development; Mines and Small Business	410
Education	7,000
Finance	487
Government Services	2,110
Health and Human Resources	7,295
Justice	3,128
Public Service Commission	628
Renewable Resources	1,206
Tourism	550
Women's Directorate	40
Yukon Housing Corporation	<u>218</u>
 Total	 33,166 =====

INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL ARBITRATION ACT

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

Interpretation

1.(1) In this Act,

"International Law" means the Model Law On International Commercial Arbitration, adopted by the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on June 21, 1985, as set out in Schedule A.

(2) Words and expressions used in this Act have the same meanings as the corresponding words and expressions in the International Law.

Application of International Law

2.(1) Subject to this Act, the International Law applies in the Yukon.

(2) The International Law applies to international commercial arbitration agreements and awards, whether made before or after the coming into force of this Part.

Conciliation and other proceedings

3. For the purpose of encouraging settlement of a dispute, an arbitral tribunal may, with the agreement of the parties, employ mediation, conciliation or other procedures at any time during the arbitration proceedings and, with the agreement of the parties, the members of the arbitral tribunal are not disqualified from resuming their roles as arbitrators by reason of the mediation, conciliation or other procedure.

#### Removal of arbitrator

4.(1) Unless the parties otherwise agree, if an arbitrator is replaced or removed in accordance with the International Law, any hearing held prior to the replacement or removal shall be repeated.

(2) With respect to article 15 of the International Law, the parties may remove an arbitrator at any time prior to the final award, regardless of how the arbitrator was appointed.

#### Rules applicable to substance of dispute

5. Notwithstanding article 28(2) of the International Law, if the parties fail to make a designation pursuant to article 28(1) of the International Law, the arbitral tribunal shall apply the rules of law it considers to be appropriate given all the circumstances respecting the dispute.

#### Consolidation of proceedings

6.(1) The Supreme Court, upon application of the parties to two or more arbitration proceedings, may order

- (a) the arbitration proceedings to be consolidated, on terms it considers just;
- (b) the arbitration proceedings to be heard at the same time, or one immediately after another;
- (c) any of the arbitration proceedings to be stayed until after the determination of any other of them.

(2) Where the Court orders arbitration proceedings to be consolidated pursuant to paragraph (1)(a) and all the parties to the consolidated arbitration proceedings are in agreement as to the choice of the arbitral tribunal for that arbitration proceeding, the arbitral tribunal shall be appointed by the Court, but if all the parties cannot agree, the Court may appoint the arbitral tribunal for that arbitration proceeding.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing the parties to two or more arbitration proceedings from agreeing to consolidate those arbitration proceedings and taking such steps as are necessary to effect that consolidation.

#### Court

7.(1) The functions referred to in article 6 of the International Law shall be performed by the Supreme Court.

(2) For the purposes of the International Law, a reference to "court" or "competent court", where in the context it means a court in the Yukon, means the Supreme Court.

#### Stay of proceedings

8. Where, pursuant to article 8 of the International Law, a court refers the parties to arbitration, the proceedings of the court are stayed with respect to the matters to which the arbitration relates.

#### Crown bound

9.(1) This Act binds the Crown.

(2) An award recognized pursuant to this Act is enforceable against the Crown in the same manner and to the same extent as a judgment is enforceable against the Crown.

#### Aids in interpretation

10.(1) This Act shall be interpreted in good faith in accordance with the ordinary meaning to be given to the terms of the Act in their context and in the light of its objects and purposes.

(2) In applying subsection (1) to the International Law, recourse may be had to

- (a) the Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its 18th session (June 3-21, 1985), and
- (b) the International Commercial Arbitration Commentary on Draft Text of a Model Law on International Commercial Arbitration.

#### Regulations

13. The Commissioner in Executive Council may

- (a) cause to be published in the Yukon Gazette the names of Contracting States to the Convention;
- (b) prescribe rules of court for implementation of this Act.

SCHEDULE A

UNCITRAL MODEL LAW ON INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL ARBITRATION

(As adopted by the United Nations Commission on  
International Trade Law on 21 June 1985)

CHAPTER I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1. Scope of application

(1) This Law applies to international commercial arbitration, subject to any agreement in force between this State and any other State or States.

(2) The provisions of this Law, except articles 8, 9, 35 and 36, apply only if the place of arbitration is in the territory of this State.

(3) An arbitration is international if:

(a) the parties to an arbitration agreement have, at the time of the conclusion of that agreement, their places of business in different States; or

(b) one of the following places is situated outside the State in which the parties have their places of business:

(i) the place of arbitration if determined in, or pursuant to, the arbitration agreement;

(ii) any place where a substantial part of the obligations of the commercial relationship is to be performed or the place with which the subject-matter of the dispute is most closely connected; or

(c) the parties have expressly agreed that the subject-matter of the arbitration agreement relates to more than one country.

(4) For the purposes of paragraph (3) of this article:

(a) if a party has more than one place of business, the place of business is that which has the closest relationship to the arbitration agreement;

(b) if a party does not have a place of business, reference is to be made to his habitual residence.

(5) This law shall not affect any other law of this State by virtue of which certain disputes may not be submitted to arbitration or may be submitted to arbitration only according to provisions other than those of this Law.

## Article 2. Definitions and rules of interpretation

For the purposes of this Law:

- (a) "arbitration" means any arbitration whether or not administered by a permanent arbitral institution;
- (b) "arbitral tribunal" means a sole arbitrator or a panel of arbitrators;
- (c) "court" means a body or organ of the judicial system of a State;
- (d) where a provision of this Law, except article 28, leaves the parties free to determine a certain issue, such freedom includes the right of the parties to authorize a third party, including an institution, to make that determination;
- (e) where a provision of this Law refers to the fact that the parties have agreed or that they may agree or in any other way refers to an agreement of the parties such agreement includes any arbitration rules referred to in that agreement;
- (f) where a provision of this Law, other than in articles 25(a) and 32(2)(a), refers to a claim, it also applies to a counter-claim, and where it refers to a defence, it also applies to a defence to such counter-claim.

## Article 3. Receipt of written communications

- (1) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties:
  - (a) any written communication is deemed to have been received if it is delivered to the addressee personally or if it is delivered at his place of business, habitual residence or mailing address; if none of these can be found after making a reasonable inquiry, a written communication is deemed to have been received if it is sent to the addressee's last-known place of business, habitual residence or mailing address by registered letter or any other means which provides a record of the attempt to deliver it;
  - (b) the communication is deemed to have been received on the day it is so delivered.

(2) The provisions of this article do not apply to communications in court proceedings.

## Article 4. Waiver of right to object

A party who knows that any provision of this Law from which the parties may derogate or any requirement under the arbitration agreement has not been complied with and yet proceeds with the arbitration without stating his objection to such non-compliance without undue delay or, if a time-limit is provided therefor, within such period of time, shall be deemed to have waived his right to object.

Article 5. Extent of court intervention

In matters governed by this Law, no court shall intervene except where so provided in this Law.

Article 6. Court or other authority for certain functions of arbitration assistance and supervision

The functions referred to in articles 11(3), 11(4), 13(3), 14, 16(3) and 34(2) shall be performed by...[Each State enacting this model law specifies the court, courts or, where referred to therein, other authority competent to perform these functions.]

CHAPTER II. ARBITRATION AGREEMENTS

Article 7. Definition and form of arbitration agreement

(1) "Arbitration agreement" is an agreement by the parties to submit to arbitration all or certain disputes which have arisen or which may arise between them in respect of a defined legal relationship, whether contractual or not. An arbitration agreement may be in the form of an arbitration clause in a contract or in the form of a separate agreement.

(2) The arbitration agreement shall be in writing. An agreement is in writing if it is contained in a document signed by the parties or in an exchange of letters, telex, telegrams or other means of telecommunication which provide a record of the agreement, or in an exchange of statements of claim and defence in which the existence of an agreement is alleged by one party and not denied by another. The reference in a contract to a document containing an arbitration clause constitutes an arbitration agreement provided that the contract is in writing and the reference is such as to make that clause part of the contract.

Article 8. Arbitration agreement and substantive claim before court

(1) A court before which an action is brought in a matter which is the subject of an arbitration agreement shall, if a party so requests not later than when submitting his first statement on the substance of the dispute, refer the parties to arbitration unless it finds that the agreement is null and void, inoperative or incapable of being performed.

(2) Where an action referred to in paragraph (1) of this article has been brought, arbitral proceedings may nevertheless be commenced or continued, and an award may be made, while the issue is pending before the court.

Article 9. Arbitration agreement and interim measures by court

It is not incompatible with an arbitration agreement for a party to request, before or during arbitral proceedings, from a court an interim measure of protection and for a court to grant such measure.

CHAPTER III. COMPOSITION OF ARBITRAL TRIBUNAL

Article 10. Number of arbitrators

(1) The parties are free to determine the number of arbitrators.

(2) Failing such determination, the number of arbitrators shall be three.

Article 11. Appointment of arbitrators

(1) No person shall be precluded by reason of his nationality from acting as an arbitrator, unless otherwise agreed by the parties.

(2) The parties are free to agree on a procedure of appointing the arbitrator or arbitrators, subject to the provisions of paragraphs (4) and (5) of this article.

(3) Failing such agreement,

(a) in an arbitration with three arbitrators, each party shall appoint one arbitrator, and the two arbitrators thus appointed shall appoint the third arbitrator; if a party fails to appoint the arbitrator within thirty days of receipt of a request to do so from the other party, or if the two arbitrators fail to agree on the third arbitrator within thirty days of their appointment, the appointment shall be made, upon request of a party, by the court or other authority specified in article 6;

(b) in an arbitration with a sole arbitrator, if the parties are unable to agree on the arbitrator, he shall be appointed, upon request of a party, by the court or other authority specified in article 6.



(4) Where, under an appointment procedure agreed upon by the parties,

(a) a party fails to act as required under such procedure, or

(b) the parties, or two arbitrators, are unable to reach an agreement expected of them under such procedure, or

(c) a third party, including an institution, fails to perform any function entrusted to it under such procedure,

any party may request the court or other authority specified in article 6 to take the necessary measure, unless the agreement on the appointment procedure provided other means for securing the appointment.

(5) A decision on a matter entrusted by paragraph (3) or (4) of this article to the court or other authority specified in article 6 shall be subject to no appeal. The court or other authority, in appointing an arbitrator, shall have due regard to any qualifications required of the arbitrator by the agreement of the parties and to such considerations as are likely to secure the appointment of an independent and impartial arbitrator and, in the case of a sole or third arbitrator, shall take into account as well the advisability of appointing an arbitrator of a nationality other than those of the parties.

#### Article 12. Grounds for Challenge

(1) When a person is approached in connection with his possible appointment as an arbitrator, he shall disclose any circumstances likely to give rise to justifiable doubts as to his impartiality or independence. An arbitrator, from the time of his appointment and throughout the arbitral proceedings, shall without delay disclose any such circumstances to the parties unless they have already been informed of them by him.

(2) An arbitrator may be challenged only if circumstances exist that give rise to justifiable doubts as to his impartiality or independence, or if he does not possess qualifications agreed to by the parties. A party may challenge an arbitrator appointed by him, or in whose appointment he has participated, only for reasons of which he becomes aware after the appointment has been made.

#### Article 13. Challenge procedure

(1) The parties are free to agree on a procedure for challenging an arbitrator, subject to the provisions of paragraph (3) of this article.

(2) Failing such agreement, a party who intends to challenge an arbitrator shall, within fifteen days after becoming aware of the constitution of the arbitral tribunal or after becoming aware of any circumstance referred to in article 12(2), send a written statement of the reasons for the challenge to the arbitral tribunal. Unless the challenged arbitrator withdraws from his office or the other party agrees to the challenge, the arbitral tribunal shall decide on the challenge.

(3) If a challenge under any procedure agreed upon by the parties or under the procedure of paragraph (2) of this article is not successful, the challenging party may request, within thirty days after having received notice of the decision rejecting the challenge, the court or other authority specified in article 6 to decide on the challenge, which decision shall be subject to no appeal; while such a request is pending, the arbitral tribunal, including the challenged arbitrator, may continue the arbitral proceedings and make an award.

#### Article 14. Failure or impossibility to act

(1) If an arbitrator becomes de jure or de facto unable to perform his functions or for other reasons fails to act without undue delay, his mandate terminates if he withdraws from his office or if the parties agree on the termination. Otherwise, if a controversy remains concerning any of these grounds, any party may request the court or other authority specified in article 6 to decide on the termination of the mandate, which decision shall be subject to no appeal.

(2) If, under this article or article 13(2), an arbitrator withdraws from his office or a party agrees to the termination of the mandate of an arbitrator, this does not imply acceptance of the validity of any ground referred to in this article or article 12(2).

#### Article 15. Appointment of substitute arbitrator

Where the mandate of an arbitrator terminates under article 13 or 14 or because of his withdrawal from office for any other reason or because of the revocation of his mandate by agreement of the parties or in any other case of termination of his mandate, a substitute arbitrator shall be appointed according to the rules that were applicable to the appointment of the arbitrator being replaced.

#### CHAPTER IV. JURISDICTION OF ARBITRAL TRIBUNAL

##### Article 16. Competence of arbitral tribunal to rule on its jurisdiction

(1) The arbitral tribunal may rule on its own jurisdiction, including any objections with respect to the existence or validity of the arbitration agreement. For that purpose, an arbitration clause which forms part of a contract shall be treated as an agreement independent of the other terms of the contract. A decision by the arbitral tribunal that the contract is null and void shall not entail ipso jure the invalidity of the arbitration clause.

(2) A plea that the arbitral tribunal does not have jurisdiction shall be raised not later than the submission of the statement of defence. A party is not precluded from raising such a plea by the fact that he has appointed, or participated in the appointment of, an arbitrator. A plea that the arbitral tribunal is exceeding the scope of its authority shall be raised as soon as the matter alleged to be beyond the scope of its authority is raised during the arbitral proceedings. The arbitral tribunal may, in either case, admit a later plea if it considers the delay justified.

(3) The arbitral tribunal may rule on a plea referred to in paragraph (2) of this article either as a preliminary question or in an award on the merits. If the arbitral tribunal rules as a preliminary question that it has jurisdiction, any party may request, within thirty days after having received notice of that ruling, the court specified in article 6 to decide the matter, which decision shall be subject to no appeal; while such a request is pending, the arbitral tribunal may continue the arbitral proceedings and make an award.

##### Article 17. Power of arbitral tribunal to order interim measures

Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the arbitral tribunal may, at the request of a party, order any party to take such interim measure of protection as the arbitral tribunal may consider necessary in respect of the subject-matter of the dispute. The arbitral tribunal may require any party to provide appropriate security in connection with such measure.

#### CHAPTER V. CONDUCT OF ARBITRAL PROCEEDINGS

##### Article 18. Equal treatment of parties

The parties shall be treated with equality and each party shall be given a full opportunity of presenting his case.

Article 19. Determination of rules of procedure

(1) Subject to the provisions of this Law, the parties are free to agree on the procedure to be followed by the arbitral tribunal in conducting the proceedings.

(2) Failing such agreement, the arbitral tribunal may, subject to the provisions of this Law, conduct the arbitration in such manner as it considers appropriate. The power conferred upon the arbitral tribunal includes the power to determine the admissibility, relevance, materiality and weight of any evidence.

Article 20. Place of arbitration

(1) The parties are free to agree on the place of arbitration. Failing such agreement, the place of arbitration shall be determined by the arbitral tribunal having regard to the circumstances of the case, including the convenience of the parties.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this article, the arbitral tribunal may, unless otherwise agreed by the parties, meet at any place it considers appropriate for consultation among its members, for hearing witnesses, experts or the parties, or for inspection of goods, other property or documents.

Article 21. Commencement of arbitral proceedings

Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the arbitral proceedings in respect of a particular dispute commence on the date on which a request for that dispute to be referred to arbitration is received by the respondent.

Article 22. Language

(1) The parties are free to agree on the language or languages to be used in the arbitral proceedings. Failing such agreement, the arbitral tribunal shall determine the language or languages to be used in the proceedings. This agreement or determination, unless otherwise specified therein, shall apply to any written statement by a party, any hearing and any award, decision or other communication by the arbitral tribunal.

(2) The arbitral tribunal may order that any documentary evidence shall be accompanied by a translation into the language or languages agreed upon by the parties or determined by the arbitral tribunal.

Article 23. Statements of claim and defence

(1) Within the period of time agreed by the parties or determined by the arbitral tribunal, the claimant shall state the facts supporting his claim, the points at issue and the relief or remedy sought, and the respondent shall state his defence in respect of these particulars, unless the parties have otherwise agreed as to the required elements of such statements. The parties may submit with their statements all documents they consider to be relevant or may add a reference to the documents or other evidence they will submit.

(2) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, either party may amend or supplement his claim or defence during the course of the arbitral proceedings, unless the arbitral tribunal considers it inappropriate to allow such amendment having regard to the delay in making it.

Article 24. Hearings and written proceedings

(1) Subject to any contrary agreement by the parties, the arbitral tribunal shall decide whether to hold oral hearings for the presentation of evidence or for oral argument, or whether the proceedings shall be conducted on the basis of documents and other materials. However, unless the parties have agreed that no hearings shall be held, the arbitral tribunal shall hold such hearings at an appropriate stage of the proceedings, if so requested by a party.

(2) The parties shall be given sufficient advance notice of any hearing and of any meeting of the arbitral tribunal for the purposes of inspection of goods, other property or documents.

(3) All statements, documents or other information supplied to the arbitral tribunal by one party shall be communicated to the other party. Also any expert report or evidentiary document on which the arbitral tribunal may rely in making its decision shall be communicated to the parties.

Article 25. Default of a party

Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, if, without showing sufficient cause,

- (a) the claimant fails to communicate his statement of claim in accordance with article 23(1), the arbitral tribunal shall terminate the proceedings;

- (b) the respondent fails to communicate his statement of defence in accordance with article 23(1), the arbitral tribunal shall continue the proceedings without treating such failure in itself as an admission of the claimant's allegations;
- (c) any party fails to appear at a hearing or to produce documentary evidence, the arbitral tribunal may continue the proceedings and make the award on the evidence before it.

Article 26. Expert appointed by arbitral tribunal

- (1) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the arbitral tribunal
  - (a) may appoint one or more experts to report to it on specific issues to be determined by the arbitral tribunal;
  - (b) may require a party to give the expert any relevant information or to produce, or to provide access to, any relevant documents, goods or other property for his inspection.

(2) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, if a party so requests or if the arbitral tribunal considers it necessary, the expert shall, after delivery of his written or oral report, participate in a hearing where the parties have the opportunity to put questions to him and to present expert witnesses in order to testify on the points at issue.

Article 27. Court assistance in taking evidence

The arbitral tribunal or a party with the approval of the arbitral tribunal may request from a competent court of this State assistance in taking evidence. The court may execute the request within its competence and according to its rules on taking evidence.

CHAPTER VI. MAKING OF AWARD AND  
TERMINATION OF PROCEEDINGS

Article 28. Rules applicable to substance of dispute

(1) The arbitral tribunal shall decide the dispute in accordance with such rules of law as are chosen by the parties as applicable to the substance of the dispute. Any designation of the law or legal system of a given State shall be construed, unless otherwise expressed, as directly referring to the substantive law of that State and not to its conflict of laws rules.

(2) Failing any designation by the parties, the arbitral tribunal shall apply the law determined by the conflict of laws rules which it considers applicable.

(3) The arbitral tribunal shall decide ex aequo et bono as or amiable compositeur only if the parties have expressly authorized it to do so.

(4) In all cases, the arbitral tribunal shall decide in accordance with the terms of the contract and shall take into account the usages of the trade applicable to the transaction.

Article 29. Decision making by panel of arbitrators

In arbitral proceedings with more than one arbitrator, any decision of the arbitral tribunal shall be made, unless otherwise agreed by the parties, by a majority of all its members. However, questions of procedure may be decided by a presiding arbitrator, if so authorized by the parties or all members of the arbitral tribunal.

Article 30. Settlement

(1) If, during arbitral proceedings, the parties settle the dispute, the arbitral tribunal shall terminate the proceedings and, if requested by the parties and not objected to by the arbitral tribunal, record the settlement in the form of an arbitral award on agreed terms.

(2) An award on agreed terms shall be made in accordance with the provisions of article 31 and shall state that it is an award. Such an award has the same status and effect as any other award on the merits of the case.

Article 31. Form and contents of award

(1) The award shall be made in writing and shall be signed by the arbitrator or arbitrators. In arbitral proceedings with more than one arbitrator, the signatures of the majority of all members of the arbitral tribunal shall suffice, provided that the reason for any omitted signature is stated.

(2) The award shall state the reasons upon which it is based, unless the parties have agreed that no reasons are to be given or the award is an award on agreed terms under article 30.

(3) The award shall state its date and the place of arbitration as determined in accordance with article 20(1). The award shall be deemed to have been made at that place.

(4) After the award is made, a copy signed by the arbitrators in accordance with paragraph (1) of this article shall be delivered to each party.

Article 32. Termination of proceedings

(1) The arbitral proceedings are terminated by the final award or by an order of the arbitral tribunal in accordance with paragraph (2) of this article.

(2) The arbitral tribunal shall issue an order for the termination of the arbitral proceedings when

- (a) the claimant withdraws his claim, unless the respondent objects thereto and the arbitral tribunal recognizes a legitimate interest on his part in obtaining a final settlement of the dispute;
- (b) the parties agree on the termination of the proceedings;
- (c) the arbitral tribunal finds that the continuation of the proceedings has for any other reason become unnecessary or impossible.

(3) The mandate of the arbitral tribunal terminates with the termination of the arbitral proceedings, subject to the provisions of articles 33 and 34(4).

Article 33. Correction and interpretation of award; additional award

(1) Within thirty days of receipt of the award, unless another period of time has been agreed upon by the parties:

- (a) a party, with notice to the other party, may request the arbitral tribunal to correct in the award any errors in computation, any clerical or typographical errors or any errors of similar nature;
- (b) if so agreed by the parties, a party, with notice to the other party, may request the arbitral tribunal to give an interpretation of a specific point or part of the award.

If the arbitral tribunal considers the request to be justified, it shall make the correction or give the interpretation within thirty days of receipt of the request. The interpretation shall form part of the award.



(2) The arbitral tribunal may correct any error of the type referred to in paragraph (1)(a) of this article on its own initiative within thirty days of the date of the award.

(3) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, a party, with notice to the other party, may request, within thirty days of receipt of the award, the arbitral tribunal to make an additional award as to claims presented in the arbitral proceedings but omitted from the award. If the arbitral tribunal considers the request to be justified, it shall make the additional award within sixty days.

(4) The arbitral tribunal may extend, if necessary, the period of time within which it shall make a correction, interpretation or an additional award under paragraph (1) or (3) of this article.

(5) The provisions of article 31 shall apply to a correction or interpretation of the award or to an additional award.

#### CHAPTER VII. RECOURSE AGAINST AWARD

##### Article 34. Application for setting aside as exclusive recourse against arbitral award

(1) Recourse to a court against an arbitral award may be made only by an application for setting aside in accordance with paragraphs (2) and (3) of this article.

(2) An arbitral award may be set aside by the court specified in article 6 only if:

(a) the party making the application furnishes proof that:

(i) a party to the arbitration agreement referred to in article 7 was under some incapacity; or the said agreement is not valid under the law to which the parties have subjected it or, failing any indication thereon, under the law of this State; or

(ii) the party making the application was not given proper notice of the appointment of an arbitrator or of the arbitral proceedings or was otherwise unable to present his case; or

(iii) the award deals with a dispute not contemplated by or not falling within the terms of the submission to arbitration, or contains decisions on matters beyond the scope of the submission to arbitration, provided that, if the decisions on matters submitted to arbitration can be separated from those not so submitted, only that part of the award which contains decisions on matters not submitted to arbitration may be set aside; or

(iv) the composition of the arbitral tribunal or the arbitral procedure was not in accordance with the agreement of the parties, unless such agreement was in conflict with a provision of this Law from which the parties cannot derogate, or, failing such agreement, was not in accordance with this Law; or

(b) the court finds that:

(i) the subject-matter of the dispute is not capable of settlement by arbitration under the law of this State; or

(ii) the award is in conflict with the public policy of this State.

(3) An application for setting aside may not be made after three months have elapsed from the date on which the party making that application had received the award or, if a request had been made under article 33, from the date on which that request had been disposed of by the arbitral tribunal.

(4) The court, when asked to set aside an award, may, where appropriate and so requested by a party, suspend the setting aside proceedings for a period of time determined by it in order to give the arbitral tribunal an opportunity to resume the arbitral proceedings or to take such other action as in the arbitral tribunal's opinion will eliminate the grounds for setting aside.

#### CHAPTER VIII. RECOGNITION AND ENFORCEMENT OF AWARDS

##### Article 35. Recognition and enforcement

(1) An arbitral award, irrespective of the country in which it was made, shall be recognized as binding and, upon application in writing to the competent court, shall be enforced subject to the provisions of this article and of article 36.

(2) The party relying on an award or applying for its enforcement shall supply the duly authenticated original award or a duly certified copy thereof, and the original arbitration agreement referred to in article 7 or a duly certified copy thereof. If the award or agreement is not made in an official language of this State, the party shall supply a duly certified translation thereof into such language.

Article 36. Grounds for refusing recognition or enforcement

(1) Recognition or enforcement of an arbitral award, irrespective of the country in which it was made, may be refused only:

- (a) at the request of the party against whom it is invoked, if that party furnishes to the competent court where recognition or enforcement is sought proof that:
  - (i) a party to the arbitration agreement referred to in article 7 was under some incapacity; or the said agreement is not valid under the law to which the parties have subjected it or, failing any indication thereon, under the law of the country where the award was made; or
  - (ii) the party against whom the award is invoked was not given proper notice of the appointment of an arbitrator or of the arbitral proceedings or was otherwise unable to present his case; or
  - (iii) the award deals with a dispute not contemplated by or not falling within the terms of the submission to arbitration, or it contains decisions on matters beyond the scope of the submission to arbitration, provided that, if the decisions on matters submitted to arbitration can be separated from those not so submitted, that part of the award which contains decisions on matters submitted to arbitration may be recognized and enforced; or
  - (iv) the composition of the arbitral tribunal or the arbitral procedure was not in accordance with the agreement of the parties or, failing such agreement, was not in accordance with the law of the country where the arbitration took place; or
  - (v) the award has not yet become binding on the parties or has been set aside or suspended by a court of the country in which, or under the law of which, that award was made; or
- (b) if the court finds that:
  - (i) the subject-matter of the dispute is not capable of settlement by arbitration under the law of this State; or
  - (ii) the recognition or enforcement of the award would be contrary to the public policy of this State.

(2) If an application for setting aside or suspension of an award has been made to a court referred to in paragraph (1)(a)(v) of this article, the court where recognition or enforcement is sought may, if it considers it proper, adjourn its decision and may also, on the application of the party claiming recognition or enforcement of the award, order the other party to provide appropriate security.

STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 15

AN ACT TO AMEND THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY ACT AND  
THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY RETIREMENT ALLOWANCES ACT

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

PART 1  
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY ACT

1. This Part amends the Legislative Assembly Act.

2.(1) In subsections 40.1(1), (2) and (3), the figure "\$24,512" is substituted for the figure "\$22,854".

(2) In subsection 40.1(1) and (2), the figure "\$12,256" is substituted for the figure "\$11,427".

(3) In subsection 40.1(3), the figure "\$10,701" is substituted for the figure "\$8,979".

(4) The following subsection is added immediately after subsection 40.1(3):

"(3.1) The indemnities and expense allowances of members of the Legislative Assembly shall be adjusted on April 1 of each year after this subsection comes into force in accordance with the percentage change in the average annual Consumer Price Index for Canada over the previous two calendar years."

3.(1) In paragraph 40.2(1)(a), the figure "\$7,420" is substituted for the figure "\$6,678".

(2) In paragraph 40.2(1)(b), the figure "\$5,565" is substituted for the figure "\$3,339".

(3) Paragraph 40.2(1)(c) is deleted.

4. In subsection 40.4(1), the figure "\$8,236" is substituted for the figure "\$5,565".

5.(1) In subsection 40.5(1), the figure "\$22,260" is substituted for the figure "\$2,783".

(2) In subsection 40.5(2), the figure "\$4,452" is substituted for the figure "\$1,113".

6.(1) In subsection 40.7(3), the figure "\$8,800" is substituted for the figure "\$4,400".

(2) In subsection 40.7(5), the figure "48" is substituted for the figure "24".

7.(1) In subsection 40.7.1(1),

(a) the expression "Notwithstanding subsections 40.7(1), 40.7(2) and 40.7(6)," is deleted, and

(b) the expression "section 40.7 or 40.8" is substituted for the expression "section 40.7".

(2) The following subsection is substituted for subsection 40.7.1(2):

"(2) Where a member is reimbursed under this section the member is entitled to receive the amount certified to have been paid by him or her to the maximum prescribed by the Commissioner in Executive Council upon the recommendation of the Members Services Board of the Legislative Assembly."

(3) In subsection 40.7.1(3), the figure "\$4,400" is substituted for the figure "\$2,200".

8.(1) In subsection 40.8(2), the figure "\$4,400" is substituted for the figure "\$2,200".

(2) In subsection 40.8(4), the figure "24" is substituted for the word "twelve".

9. The following section is inserted immediately after section 40.8:

"40.8.1 A member may be paid an allowance in respect of travelling expenses for more than the number of return trips allowed by subsections 40.7(5) and 40.8(4), but the allowance for the excess trips must be deducted from the amount the member would otherwise be entitled to under subsections 40.7(2) and 40.8(1)."

10. The following section is added immediately after section 40.10:

- 40.10.1(1) In respect of travel within the Yukon in the performance of their parliamentary duties as recognized leaders, the Government Leader, the Leader of the Official Opposition and the leader of a party receiving a salary pursuant to subsection 40.5(2) shall be paid an allowance for meals and incidental expenses at the rate in force at the time for the public service, and shall be reimbursed for actual expenditures for accommodation.
- (2) The maximum amount payable to a recognized leader under subsection (1) in each fiscal year is \$2,200.
- (3) A recognized leader who is absent from his or her normal place of residence under subsection (1) shall be paid an allowance in respect of travelling expenses incurred at the rate in force at the time for the public service.
- (4) An allowance may be paid to a recognized leader pursuant to subsection (3) in respect of not more than 12 return trips in each fiscal year."

11.(1) Part 1 of this Act, except for section 2, shall be deemed to have come into force on April 1, 1987.

(2) Section 2 of this Act shall be deemed to have come into force on April 1, 1986.

PART 2

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY RETIREMENT ALLOWANCES ACT

12. This part amends the Legislative Assembly Retirement Allowances Act.

13. The following section is substituted for section 4:

- "4 (1) In this section, "pensionable salary" means the average of the annual aggregates of the member's salary, indemnity, and expense allowance in the three consecutive years of the member's service that produce the highest average.
- (2) A person who has been a member for at least six years and who ceases to be a member is entitled for the rest of his or her life to an annual retirement allowance in an amount equal to two and one-half per cent of his or her pensionable salary multiplied by the number of years of service as a member, payment of the allowance to commence when the person reaches 55 years of age.
- (3) A person who is entitled to a retirement allowance under subsection (2) and who has reached 50 years of age may elect to receive the allowance in a reduced annual amount that, having regard to the person's life expectancy, is actuarially equivalent to the allowance the person would receive if no allowance were to be paid until the person reaches 55 years of age."

14.(1) In subsection 5(1), the expression "one year" is substituted for the expression "six years".

(2) In subsection 5(2), the expression "one year" is substituted for the expression "six years".

15. The following sections are added immediately after section 6:

- "6.1 (1) A severance allowance is payable to a member when that person ceases to be a member of the Legislative Assembly.
- (2) The amount payable under this section shall be 25 percent of the aggregate of the salary, indemnity, and expense allowance received by the member during the preceding year under the Legislative Assembly Act."

16. The following section is substituted for section 8:

- "8 (1) Upon the recommendation of the Members Services Board of the Legislative Assembly, the Commissioner in Executive Council may make regulations
- (a) adjusting the amounts payable as annual retirement allowances so that the change is in approximate parity with changes in the cost of living,
  - (b) providing for the payment of the annual retirement allowance through installments payable at intervals of less than one year, and
  - (c) for any other purpose necessary to give effect to this Act."
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STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 16

LOTTERY LICENSING ACT

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

Interpretation

1. In this Act,

"board" means the Yukon Lottery Licensing Board established under section 2;

"charitable organization" means an organization that does not carry on any business or activity for direct or indirect pecuniary gain to its members and whose sole or predominant objects or purposes and activities are

- (a) relief of poverty or disease,
- (b) the advancement of education,
- (c) the advancement of religion, or
- (d) the advancement of any cultural, recreational, athletic, or other activity or program which is beneficial to a Yukon community;

"lottery scheme" means a lottery scheme as defined in subsection 190(4) of the Criminal Code (Canada).

Yukon Lottery Licensing Board

2.(1) There shall be a Yukon Lottery Licensing Board consisting of three or more members appointed by the Commissioner in Executive Council.

(2) The term of membership in the board is three years or such lesser term as the Commissioner in Executive Council may specify at the time of the appointment, and a member is eligible for reappointment.

(3) Where any member of the board is prevented, at any time for any reason from performing his or her duties, the Commissioner in Executive Council may appoint a substitute member for a term, such term not to exceed the unexpired portion of the term of the member being replaced, as the Commissioner in Executive Council considers appropriate.

#### Chairperson

3.(1) The Commissioner in Executive Council shall appoint one of the members of the board to be the chairperson.

(2)The chairperson shall supervise and direct the work of the board and shall preside at all sittings of the board.

(3) Where the chairperson is unable, at any time for any reason to exercise the powers and perform the duties of that office, one of the other members shall act in the chairperson's place.

(4) The board shall meet at the call of the chairperson, who shall convene such meetings as the chairperson considers necessary for the conduct of the business of the board.

#### Quorum

4.(1) A majority of the members of the board is a quorum.

(2) A decision of the majority of the members present at a meeting of the board is a decision of the board.

(3) A vacancy in the membership of the board does not impair the right of other members to act.

#### Rules of procedure

5. The board may make rules of procedure consistent with this Act and the regulations respecting

- (a) the conduct of its meetings and business,
- (b) the records to be kept in respect of the business of the board under this Act,
- (c) the custody and provision of access to the records referred to in paragraph (b), and
- (d) any other matter that is reasonably necessary and advisable for the effective and orderly conduct of the duties of the board.

#### Licences

6.(1) Any charitable organization is eligible to receive a licence under subsection (2).

(2) The board may, upon application, issue a licence to a charitable organization to conduct a lottery scheme subject to the prescribed terms and conditions.

#### Suspension or revocation of licence

7.(1) The chairperson of the board may suspend or revoke a licence if the chairperson believes that this Act or any term or condition of a licence has not been complied with.

(2) Where the chairperson suspends or revokes a licence, the chairperson may require an officer of the charitable organization to deliver the licence to the board or a peace officer.

(3) Where the chairperson suspends or revokes a licence, the persons having charge of the related cash, negotiable instruments, tickets, documents and equipment shall, on demand of the chairperson, transfer all of those items to the board.

#### Reasons for decisions of board

8.(1) Where an application by a charitable organization for a licence to conduct a lottery scheme has been reviewed by the board and the board has refused to issue a licence, the board shall, within 7 days, provide written reasons of the decision to the charitable organization.

#### Reporting

9. At the request of the Executive Council Member and at such other times as the board considers appropriate, the board shall make reports to the Executive Council Member respecting the business of the board.

#### Support services and expenses

10.(1) Subject to the Public Service Commission Act the Executive Council Member may make provision for a secretary and other administrative support services for the board.

(2) A member of the board may be paid transportation, accommodation and living expenses incurred in connection with the performance of his or her duties as a member of the board away from his or her ordinary place of residence but, except as otherwise provided by the regulations, the payment of such expenses shall conform as nearly as possible in all respects to payment of such expenses for members of the public service of the Yukon.

#### Regulations

11. Subject to the provisions of the Criminal Code (Canada), the Commissioner in Executive Council may make regulations respecting:

- (a) the conduct and management of lottery schemes;
- (b) the terms and conditions subject to which licences may be issued for lottery schemes;
- (c) the purposes for which the profits of lottery schemes may be paid and the allocation of profits for those purposes and in payment of expenses;
- (d) any other matter necessary to carry the purposes and provisions of this Act and the purposes and provisions of section 190 of the Criminal Code (Canada) into effect.

#### Commencement

12. This Act comes into force on a day to be fixed by the Commissioner in Executive Council.

STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 17

AN ACT TO AMEND  
THE MOTOR VEHICLES ACT

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

1. The following sections are added immediately after section 202 of the Motor Vehicles Act:

Child restraint systems

"202.1(1) In this section

"child" means a child under the age of six years;

"motor vehicle" does not include a bicycle, motorcycle, moped, snowmobile, or all terrain vehicle.

- (2) No person shall operate, on a highway, a motor vehicle in which a child is a passenger unless
- (a) the motor vehicle is equipped with a prescribed child restraint system,
  - (b) the child restraint system is properly installed in the motor vehicle in accordance with the regulations, and
  - (c) the child is occupying and is properly secured in the child restraint system in accordance with the regulations.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply if, in respect of the child, there is a certificate signed by a qualified medical practitioner certifying that the child
- (a) is, for the period stated in the certificate, unable for medical reasons to be secured in a child restraint system, or
  - (b) is, because of physical characteristics, unable to be secured in a child restraint system.

Child seating assemblies offences

- 202.2(1) A person who contravenes subsection 202.1(2) is guilty of an offence and is liable to a fine not more than \$100.
- (2) Where a person is convicted of an offence under subsection 202.1(2) because a motor vehicle was not equipped with the prescribed child restraint system, the judge may waive the payment of the penalty if the person, at the time of sentencing, satisfies the judge that the motor vehicle has been equipped with a prescribed child restraint system.
- (3) Where a person has been charged or is to be charged with having committed an offence under subsection 202.1(2) because a motor vehicle was not equipped with the prescribed child restraint system, no further proceedings with respect to the offence shall be taken if, within 15 days after the offence was committed, the peace officer who investigated the matter is satisfied that the motor vehicle has been equipped with a prescribed child restraint system.

Regulations for child restraint systems

- 202.3 The Commissioner in Executive Council may make regulations
- (a) prescribing the types of child restraint systems required for the purposes of this Act;
  - (b) prescribing the weights or size of children for the different types of child restraint systems;
  - (c) exempting persons or motor vehicles from the operation of sections 202.1 and 202.2."

2. This Act comes into force on September 1, 1987.

STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 18

AN ACT TO AMEND THE MOTOR VEHICLES ACT (No. 2)

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

1. This Act amends the Motor Vehicles Act.

2. The following paragraph is added to section 104:

"(o) prescribing highways for the purposes of subsection 187(3)".

3. The following subsections are added to section 187:

"(3) No person shall operate a motor vehicle upon a prescribed highway at anytime unless both headlamps are alight.

(4) For the purposes of subsection (3) "headlamps" include daytime driving lights installed in accordance with the regulations."

4. This Act comes into force on July 1, 1987.

**NURSING ASSISTANTS REGISTRATION ACT**

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

**Interpretation**

1. In this Act,

"advisory committee" means the Nursing Assistants Advisory Committee established under section 2;

"registered nursing assistant" means a person registered under this Act;

"registrar" means the Registrar of Nursing Assistants appointed under section 4.

**Nursing Assistants Advisory Committee**

2.(1) There is hereby established a committee of not more than five members called the Nursing Assistants Advisory Committee.

(2) The members of the advisory committee shall be appointed by the Commissioner in Executive Council and at least three of them shall be registered nursing assistants.

(3) The Commissioner in Executive Council shall appoint one of the members as chairperson.

(4) Appointments shall be for a maximum of three years and shall, on initial formation of the committee, be so staggered as to establish a rotation.

(5) A majority of the members constitutes a quorum but a vacancy in the membership does not impair the capacity of the remaining members.

(6) The advisory committee shall meet at the call of the chairperson.



(7) For the purposes of constituting the first advisory committee a "registered nursing assistant" includes a person who is eligible to be registered under this Act.

#### **Functions of the Committee**

3. The functions of the advisory committee are

- (a) to advise the Government of Yukon about
  - (i) educational standards to be set for registered nursing assistants,
  - (ii) training programs for nursing assistants,
  - (iii) qualifications for registration, and
  - (iv) registration fees, annual fees and reinstatement fees payable under this Act,
- (b) to review applications for registration,
- (c) to develop and publicize the functions and areas of competence of and standards of practice for registered nursing assistants,
- (d) to monitor registered nursing assistants manpower needs, and
- (e) to perform such other tasks in keeping with the purposes of this Act as may be requested by the Executive Council Member.

#### **Registrar of nursing assistants**

4. The Executive Council Member shall designate a member of the public service as registrar of nursing assistants.

#### **Registration**

5.(1) A person who is eligible for registration as a nursing assistant is one who

- (a) has applied in the prescribed manner,
- (b) has paid the prescribed registration fee,
- (c) has completed a prescribed program of education for nursing assistants, and
- (d) meets the other prescribed qualifications.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) anyone who has applied in the prescribed manner and paid the prescribed registration fee is eligible for registration if they

- (a) have the prescribed combination of training and work experience, and
- (b) apply to be registered within one year of the coming into force of this Act.

## **Duties of the registrar**

### **6. The registrar shall**

- (a) register as a nursing assistant any person who is eligible for such registration,
- (b) issue certificates of registration,
- (c) keep and maintain a register of nursing assistants registered under this Act,
- (d) collect the prescribed fees,
- (e) suspend or cancel registrations according to the decision of inquiry committees, and
- (f) perform such other duties as are set out in this Act.

## **Discipline Panel**

7.(1) The Commissioner in Executive Council shall appoint a discipline panel of no less than 10 persons, at least five of whom shall be registered nursing assistants.

(2) For the purposes of this section and subsection 9(2) registered nursing assistant includes a nursing assistant registered in another province.

## **Complaints**

8.(1) A person who has a complaint respecting the skill or judgement of a registered nursing assistant in a professional respect may make their complaint to the registrar.

(2) Upon receiving a complaint the registrar shall refer the matter to the advisory committee.

(3) The advisory committee shall review every complaint referred to it by the registrar and shall

- (a) reject the complaint if the complaint is frivolous, or
- (b) refer the complaint to a committee of inquiry if there are reasonable grounds for the complaint.

(4) A copy of the complaint and the decision of the advisory committee under subsection (3) must be served on the registered nursing assistant concerned within 15 days after the decision was made and it may be served by registered or certified mail .

### **Committee of Inquiry**

9.(1) If the advisory committee refers a complaint to a committee of inquiry for a hearing the chairperson of the advisory committee shall appoint at least three members of the discipline panel to be the committee of inquiry for the purposes of hearing that complaint.

(2) At least one half of the members appointed to a committee of inquiry shall be chosen from those panel members who are registered nursing assistants.

(3) The committee of inquiry shall investigate, hear, and determine the complaint.

(4) Notice of the date of any hearing shall be served by registered or certified mail on the registered nursing assistant concerned and the complainant at least 30 days before the date set for the hearing.

(5) A committee of inquiry has the same powers as a board of inquiry under the Public Inquiries Act.

(6) If a committee of inquiry determines that a complaint is justified, the committee of inquiry may reprimand the person complained against or suspend or cancel the registration of that person.

(7) A complaint is justified when it is shown that the registered nursing assistant

- (a) displayed a lack of the knowledge, skill, or judgement in the care of a patient that it is reasonable to expect of a registered nursing assistant, or
- (b) failed to take reasonable care in the performance of duties as a registered nursing assistant.

(8) Notice of the decision of a committee of inquiry shall be sent by registered or certified mail to the registered nursing assistant concerned and the complainant forthwith after the decision is rendered.

### **Appeal**

10.(1) A decision of a committee of inquiry may be appealed to the Supreme Court.

(2) An appeal under subsection (1) shall be made by way of originating notice filed in the Supreme Court within 30 days of the date of service of the decision on the registered nursing assistant.

(3) The originating notice shall be served on the registrar within 30 days of the date of service of the decision on the registered nursing assistant.

(4) An appeal under this section shall be a rehearing of the matter on the merits.

#### **Prohibition**

11. No person shall act as or claim to be a registered nursing assistant unless that person is registered under this Act.

#### **Offence**

12. A person who contravenes this Act is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$1000 and to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or both.

#### **Regulations**

13. The Commissioner in Executive Council may make regulations
- (a) approving schools and educational programs for registered nursing assistants;
  - (b) respecting the content and standards of schools and educational programs for registered nursing assistants;
  - (c) providing for the examination of persons who wish to be registered nursing assistants;
  - (d) prescribing qualifications for registration, including temporary registration and re-registration, of persons as registered nursing assistants;
  - (e) prescribing fees;
  - (f) providing for the holding and procedure of meetings;
  - (g) respecting the disciplining of registered nursing assistants; and
  - (h) establishing procedures for the conduct of hearings under this Act.

#### **Exemption**

14. This Act shall not be construed to affect or apply to nursing care that is provided

- (a) by a member of the family of a patient,
- (b) by a registered nurse, or
- (c) by a person enrolled in a school or course of training for the purpose of becoming a registered nurse or registered nursing assistant.

#### **Commencement**

15. This Act comes into force on a day to be fixed by the Commissioner in Executive Council.

STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 20

SECOND APPROPRIATION ACT, 1987-88

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

Whereas it appears by message from the Commissioner and in the estimates accompanying the message that, in addition to the sums previously appropriated, the sums appearing in Schedule "A" of this Act are required for the purpose of defraying certain expenses of the public service of Yukon and for related purposes for the period of 12 months ending in March 31, 1988.

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the Second Appropriation Act, 1987-88.

2.(1) In addition to the sum of \$114,302,000 provided for in the First Appropriation Act, 1987-88, from and out of the Yukon Consolidated Revenue Fund there may be paid and applied a sum not exceeding in the whole \$186,597,000 for defraying the several charges and expenses of the public service of Yukon payable in the period of 12 months ending on March 31, 1988, as set forth in Schedules "A" and "B" of this Act and that sum shall not be paid or applied except in accordance with Schedules "A", "B", "C" and the Financial Administration Act.

(2) The sum appropriated by subsection (1) includes the sum of \$33,166,000 appropriated by the Interim Supply Appropriation Act, 1987-88.

3. The due application of all monies paid or applied pursuant to section 2 shall be accounted for.

SECOND APPROPRIATION ACT, 1987-88

SCHEDULE "A"

	<u>\$ (Dollars in 000's)</u>	
<u>Operation and Maintenance Votes</u>	<u>This Appro- priation</u>	<u>Total O&amp;M Voted (Current O&amp;M Spending Authority)</u>
Yukon Legislative Assembly	1,548	1,548
Executive Council Office	4,024	4,024
Community and Transportation Services	42,852	42,852
Economic Development: Mines and Small Business	2,435	2,435
Education	41,158	41,158
Finance	2,539	2,539
Government Services	12,627	12,627
Health and Human Resources	37,957	37,957
Justice	16,280	16,280
Public Service Commission	3,306	3,306
Renewable Resources	7,221	7,221
Tourism	3,288	3,288
Women's Directorate	209	209
Yukon Housing Corporation	1,305	1,305
Yukon Liquor Corporation	ONE DOLLAR	ONE DOLLAR
Yukon Development Corporation	ONE DOLLAR	ONE DOLLAR
Loan Capital	8,000	8,000
Loan Amortization	<u>1,848</u>	<u>1,848</u>
 TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	 186,597 =====	 186,597 =====

SECOND APPROPRIATION ACT, 1987-88

SCHEDULE "B"

GRANTS

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE VOTES - GRANTS	Purpose/Legislation	GRANT AMOUNT \$,000
Executive Council Office	Asia Pacific Foundation Grant	25
Community and Transportation Services	In-Lieu-of Property Taxes	1,468
	Conditional Municipal Grants	347
	Dwelling Unit Grants	2,759
	Home Owner Grants	917
Education	Yukon College - Student Travel	2
	Student Activity Support Programs	15
	Post Secondary Student Grants	1,101
	Adult Education General Training Allowance	550
	Training Allowances - Apprenticeship	3
Health & Human Resources	Day Care	379
	Pioneer Utility Grant	175
	Yukon Senior's Income Subsidy	430
	Home Care	30
Tourism	Museum Grants	70
Women's Directorate	Women's Groups, Conferences, and Special Activities	11
		-----
		8,282
		=====

SECOND APPROPRIATION ACT, 1987-88

SCHEDULE "C"

OBJECTIVES

Departmental Objectives

Yukon Legislative Assembly

- To enable the Yukon Legislative Assembly and its members to carry out their functions by providing administrative support systems and parliamentary expertise.

Executive Council Office

- To provide the Executive Council and Yukon Government departments with a range of services intended to promote and coordinate activities relevant to the provision of analysis, support and advice on all matters relating to the activities of the Government as a whole.

Department of Community and Transportation Services

- To promote local self-government and to provide support to municipalities to offer the services and facilities which reflect their needs and to provide municipal services in unorganized communities.
- To provide for the planning, development and management of Yukon land and its use and to make land available to meet the needs of the Yukon.
- To plan, develop, maintain and regulate a transportation infrastructure and related services to support the social and economic development of the Yukon.
- To support the development of arts, sports and community recreation throughout the Yukon.
- To foster the development and provision of communication services to enhance the cultural, economic and leisure opportunities of Yukoners.

Department of Economic Development, Mines and Small Business

- To promote development of self-sustaining Yukon economy, with a balance and diversification of primary, secondary, and service industries, providing an acceptable level of income for Yukon residents in either wage or in kind.



- To increase the participation of Yukoners in employment, management, and ownership of Yukon business: to decrease leakage of wages and profits from the Territory, and increase economic returns, capital accumulation, and local influence on economic decision-making for the Yukon.
- To promote a more equitable distribution of economic benefits throughout all regions and segments of the population.

#### Department of Education

- To ensure that all Yukoners are provided with the learning opportunities to achieve their potential by the department planning, developing, managing and evaluating:
  - Primary, elementary and secondary education for all school age children;
  - French language programs;
  - Adult training and continuing education programs;
  - Manpower planning services, employment development and job retention programs;
  - Library and archival services.
- To provide funds for the development, promotion and evaluation of the Native language program and for the training of local instructors, for the program, and provide the required central support.

#### Department of Finance

- To ensure that the financial resources of the Government of Yukon are planned, utilized and controlled in a manner that meet the priorities of the government and complies with the statutes.

#### Department of Government Services

- To provide goods and services to all the Yukon Government's departments and agencies so that the physical resources of the government are acquired, allocated and utilized in an efficient and optimum manner.
- To co-ordinate and facilitate the Yukon Government's relationship with the private sector.

#### Department of Health and Human resources

- To reduce lack of opportunity due to health or social condition and enhance the potential and well-being of all Yukoners while recognizing and respecting age, gender, culture, abilities, and community differences.

#### Department of Justice

- To respond to Yukon community needs to provide services designated to reduce crime and to serve and protect victims and potential victims.
- To provide police services designed to preserve law and order.
- To provide court services.
- To provide secure housing and correctional services designed to protect communities from offenders and to provide rehabilitative services to offenders.
- To maintain safe employment, orderly and responsible commercial and professional services in the Yukon and to promote the public interest in labour-management harmony and the consumer interest in commercial and professional activities.
- To provide legal services to the Yukon Government.

#### Public Service Commission

- To provide information, systems and services to Management Board and line departments so that the human resources of the public service may be managed equitably and efficiently in accordance with applicable legislation.

#### Department of Renewable Resources

- To provide for the planning, development and management of the Yukon's renewable resources.

#### Department of Tourism

- To promote and develop the Yukon as a tourism destination for the economic and social benefit of Yukoners and to assist the private sector in similar efforts.
- To develop, enhance and transmit, for the benefit of all Yukoners and visitors, an appreciation and understanding of the Yukon's heritage as well as to preserve these resources for present and future generations.

#### Women's Directorate

- To improve the economic, social, and legal status of Yukon women to promote equality.

#### Yukon Housing Corporation

- To ensure the provision and availability of suitable and affordable accommodation to the Yukon households in need, senior citizens, the disabled and special needs groups.
- To ensure the provision and availability of suitable accommodation to Government of Yukon staff living outside of Whitehorse, and to administer the Government's Employee Housing Buy-Back Program.
- To foster and promote programs that will assist the housing industry to supply adequate housing within Yukon.
- To create and promote an environment of community participation in the design, development and delivery of housing programs.

#### Yukon Liquor Corporation

- To provide for and to regulate the purchase, transportation, and sale of alcoholic beverages in the Yukon.

#### Yukon Development Corporation

- To acquire the assets and carry-on the operations of the Northern Canada Power Commission in the Yukon.
- To facilitate the realization of the economic goals of the Government of Yukon in a cost-effective manner through selective strategic investments.

STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 21

An Act to Amend the Workers Compensation Act

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

1. This Act amends the Workers Compensation Act.
2. Section 2 is amended by striking out the definition of "silicosis".
3. The following section is added immediately after section 5.1:

**Amount of compensation in special cases**

"5.2 Where an application under subsection 5.1(1) or (2) is approved, the amount of compensation to be paid shall not exceed 75 percent of the stated sum for which coverage is requested in the application."

4. Subsection 7(2) is amended by striking out the expression "except in the case of silicosis".

5. The following is substituted for paragraph 10(1)(c):

"(c) a chairperson".

6. Subsection 10(3) is amended by striking out the expression "other than the Chairman".

7. Subsection 10(5) is repealed.

8. The following is substituted for subsection 10(6):

"(6) The board may appoint one of the members to act as chairperson during the absence of the chairperson."

9. Paragraph 18(1)(b) is amended by striking out the expression "other than silicosis".

10. Paragraph 18(1)(c) is repealed.

11. Paragraph 30(1)(c) is amended by striking out the expression "not exceeding one hundred five dollars".

12. Paragraph 30(1)(e) is amended by substituting the expression "age of 18 years" for the expression "age of sixteen years" throughout.

13. Paragraph 30(1)(g) is amended by

(a) substituting the expression "17 or 18 years of age" for the expression "sixteen or seventeen years of age", and

(b) substituting the expression "age of 18 years" for the expression "age of sixteen years".

14. Paragraph 30(1)(h) is amended by substituting the expression "age of 21 years" for the expression "age of eighteen years".

15. The following is substituted for Section 31:

"Where a worker dies leaving no dependent spouse and immediately preceding the death has cohabited with a person of the opposite sex who is dependent on the worker for maintenance and support, the compensation to which the dependent spouse of the worker would have been entitled under this Act may be paid to the person who is dependent upon the worker for maintenance and support in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as it may have been paid to the dependent spouse."

16. Paragraph 32(1)(a) is amended by substituting the expression "age of 18 years" for the expression "age of sixteen years".

17. Paragraph 32(1)(f) is amended by substituting the expression "age of 21 years" for the expression "age of eighteen years".

18. Subsection 32(2) is amended by substituting the expression "age of 21 years" for the expression "age of eighteen years".

19. Sections 34, 49 and 50 and paragraph 57(1)(e) are repealed.

20. This Act is amended by substituting the word "chairperson" for the word "chairman" throughout.

STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 22

YOUNG PERSONS OFFENCES ACT

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

Interpretation

1. In this Act,

"director" means the director of juvenile justice appointed under section 3;

"enactment" means an Act or a regulation or any portion of an Act or regulation;

"offence" means an offence created by an enactment or a municipal bylaw;

"parent" has the same meaning as in the Young Offenders Act (Canada);

"pre-disposition report" means a report on the personal and family history and present environment of a young person prepared by a person authorized by the director to prepare such reports;

"young person" means a person who is, or in the absence of evidence to the contrary, appears to be

(a) 12 years of age or more, but

(b) under 18 years of age

at the time an offence is alleged to have been committed;

"youth court" means the Territorial Court or a court designated by the Commissioner in Executive Council as a youth court for the purposes of this Act;

"youth court judge" means a Territorial Court judge or a person appointed or designated to be a judge of a youth court.

"youth worker" includes a youth worker under the Young Offenders Act (Canada).

## Declaration of principles

2.(1) It is hereby recognized and declared that:

- (a) while young persons should not in all instances be held accountable in the same manner or suffer the same consequences for their behaviour as adults, young persons who commit offences should nonetheless bear responsibility for their contraventions;
- (b) society must, although it has the responsibility to take reasonable measures to prevent criminal conduct by young persons, be afforded the necessary protection from illegal behaviour;
- (c) young persons who commit offences require supervision, discipline and control, but, because of their state of dependency and level of development and maturity, they also have special needs and require guidance and assistance;
- (d) where it is not inconsistent with the protection of society, taking no measures or taking measures other than judicial proceedings under this Act should be considered for dealing with young persons who have committed offences;
- (e) young persons have rights and freedoms in their own right, including those stated in the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms or in the Canadian Bill of Rights, and in particular a right to be heard in the course of, and participate in, the processes that lead to decisions that affect them, and young persons should have special guarantees of their rights and freedoms;
- (f) in the application of this Act, the rights and freedoms of young persons include a right to the least possible interference with freedom that is consistent with the protection of society, having regard to the young persons and the interests of their families;
- (g) young persons have the right, in every instance where they have rights or freedoms that may be affected by this Act, to be informed as to what those rights and freedoms are;
- (h) parents have responsibility for the care and supervision of their children, and, for that reason, young persons should be removed from parental supervision either partly or entirely only when measures that provide for continuing parental supervision are inappropriate.

(2) This Act shall be construed in accordance with the principles set out in subsection (1).

Director of juvenile justice

3. There shall be a director of juvenile justice appointed by the Commissioner in Executive Council who shall have the duties and functions as set out in this Act together with such other duties and functions as may be prescribed.

Alternative measures

4.(1) Alternative measures may be used to deal with a young person alleged to have committed an offence instead of judicial proceedings under this Act only if

- (a) the measures are part of a program of alternative measures authorized by the Commissioner in Executive Council or a delegate of the Commissioner in Executive Council,
- (b) the person who is considering whether to use such measures is satisfied that the measures would be appropriate having regard to the needs of the young person and the interests of society,
- (c) the young person, having been informed of the alternative measures, fully and freely consents to participate therein,
- (d) the young person has, before consenting to participate in the alternative measures, been advised of the right to be represented by counsel and been given a reasonable opportunity to consult with counsel,
- (e) the young person accepts responsibility for the act or omission that forms the basis of the offence that the young person is alleged to have committed,
- (f) there is, in the opinion of the Executive Council Member with the responsibility as Minister of Justice or the agent of that Executive Council Member, sufficient evidence to proceed with the prosecution of the offence, and
- (g) the prosecution of the offence is not in any way barred at law.

(2) Alternative measures shall not be used to deal with a young person alleged to have committed an offence if the young person

- (a) denies participation or involvement in the commission of the offence, or
- (b) wishes to have the charge dealt with by a youth court.

(3) No admission, confession or statement accepting responsibility for an act or omission made by a young person as a condition of being dealt with by alternative measures shall be admissible in evidence against the young person in any civil or criminal proceedings or in any proceedings for the prosecution of an offence against an enactment or a municipal by-law.



(4) The use of alternative measures in respect of a young person is not a bar to proceeding against the young person under this Act, but

- (a) where the youth court is satisfied on the balance of probabilities that the young person has complied with the terms and conditions of the alternative measures, the youth court shall dismiss any charge against the young person, and
- (b) where the youth court is satisfied on a balance of probabilities that the young person has not complied with the terms and conditions of the alternative measures, the youth court may dismiss any charge against the young person, if, in the opinion of the court, the prosecution of the charge would be unfair, and the youth court may consider the young person's performance with respect to the alternative measures before making a disposition under this Act.

(5) Subject to subsection (4), nothing in this section prevents a person from laying an information, or proceeding with the prosecution of an offence in accordance with the law.

#### Person under 12

4.1 No one shall be convicted of an offence in respect of an act or omission of that person that occurred while they were under the age of 12 years.

#### Prosecution procedures

5.(1) Except to the extent that they are inconsistent with this Act or the regulations, the provisions of the Criminal Code of Canada respecting summary convictions, with such modifications as the circumstances require, apply to an offence alleged to have been committed by a young person and to proceedings under this Act.

(2) Proceedings under this Act shall be commenced in a youth court which shall have the powers of a summary conviction court and shall be a court of record.

(3) Proceedings commenced under this Act against a young person may be continued after the young person becomes an adult, as if the young person had remained a young person.

(4) For the purposes of this Act, a judge of a youth court has the powers of a judge of the Territorial Court.

Time limit

6. An information under this Act may not be laid after six months from the day when the matter of the information arose, unless another time limit is provided for in another enactment.

Notice to parent

7.(1) Where a young person is arrested and detained in custody pending an appearance in court, the officer in charge at the time the young person is first detained shall forthwith give to a parent of the young person an oral or written notice of the arrest stating the place of detention and the reason for the arrest.

(2) When a young person is required to appear in court charged with an offence, a parent of the young person shall, before the young person's first court appearance on that offence, be given a notice in writing stating

- (a) the name of the young person in respect of whom it is given,
- (b) the charge against the young person,
- (c) the time and place of the first court appearance for that offence, and
- (d) a statement that the young person has the right to be represented by counsel.

(3) Where the whereabouts of the parents of the young person are not known or it appears that no parent is available, a notice under this section may be given to an adult relative of the young person who is known to the young person and is likely to assist the young person.

(4) If notice cannot be given as required by subsection (2) or (3), the notice may be given to an adult who is known to the young person and is likely to assist the young person.

Notice to spouse

8. Where a young person is married, the notices under subsections 7(1) and (2) may be given to the spouse of the young person instead of a parent.

#### Court direction

9. Where doubt exists as to the person to whom a notice should be given under section 7 or 8, the youth court judge or, where a youth court judge is not reasonably available, a justice of the peace may give direction about to whom the notice should be given, and a notice given in accordance with such directions is sufficient notice for the purposes of the Act.

#### Service of notice

10. Notice given in accordance with section 7, 8 or 9 may be served personally or may be sent by registered or certified mail.

#### Failure to give notice

11. Failure to give a notice in accordance with section 7, 8 or 9 does not affect the validity of proceedings, but where there has been such failure or where none of the persons to whom a notice is given attends the court with the young person, the youth court judge may

- (a) adjourn the proceedings in order that the notice be given in such a manner and to such person as the judge directs, or
- (b) dispense with the notice, where doing so will not prevent a fair hearing.

#### Failure of parent to attend

12. Where a parent does not attend proceedings before youth court in respect of a young person, the court may, if in the opinion of the judge the presence of a parent is necessary or in the best interests of the young person, by order in writing require a parent to attend at any stage of the proceedings, and if the parent fails to attend and it is proven that a copy of the order was served on the parent, the youth court judge may issue a warrant to compel the attendance of the parent.

#### Presence of young person at hearing

13.(1) Subject to subsection (2) and section 14 the young person shall be present in the court during the whole of the court proceedings.

(2) The youth court may

- (a) cause the young person to be removed and be kept out of court where the young person misconducts himself or herself by interrupting the proceedings so that to continue the proceedings in the young person's presence would not be feasible,

- (b) permit the young person to be out of court during the whole or any part of the young person's court proceedings on such conditions as the court considers proper, or
- (c) cause the young person to be removed and to be kept out of court during the trial of an issue as to whether the young person is, on account of insanity, unfit to stand trial, where it is satisfied that the failure to do so might have an adverse affect on the mental health of the young person.

(3) A young person is entitled to make full answer and defence personally or by counsel.

#### Application of summary conviction tickets

14.(1) Sections 7 to 24 of the Summary Convictions Act apply to young persons.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection 16(2) of the Summary Convictions Act, a Notice of Trial under section 16 of the Summary Convictions Act shall be served on a young person in accordance with the provisions of sections 7 to 10 of this Act.

#### Exemption from section 7 to 12

15. Where a ticket has been issued to a young person sections 7 to 12 of this Act do not apply.

#### Appearance of young person

16.(1) When a young person against whom an information is laid first appears before a youth court, the court shall

- (a) cause the information to be read to the young person, and
- (b) where the young person is not represented by counsel, inform the young person of the right to be so represented.

(2) If a young person is represented by counsel, the young person may waive the requirement under paragraph (1)(a).

(3) If a young person is not represented by counsel, the youth court shall, before accepting a plea,

- (a) satisfy itself that the young person understands the charge, and
- (b) explain to the young person that a plea of guilty or not guilty may be entered to the charge.

(4) If the youth court is not satisfied that the young person understands the charge as required under paragraph (3)(a), the court shall enter a plea of not guilty on behalf of the young person and shall proceed with the trial in accordance with subsection 17(2).

#### Adjudication

17.(1) Where a young person pleads guilty to an offence and the youth court is satisfied that the facts support the charge, the court shall find the young person guilty of the offence.

(2) Where a young person pleads not guilty to an offence or where a young person pleads guilty but the youth court is not satisfied that the facts support the charge, the court shall proceed with the trial and shall find the young person guilty or not guilty or make an order dismissing the charge, as the case may be.

(3) This section does not apply where a young person has entered a plea of guilty to an offence under the provisions of sections 7 to 24 of the Summary Convictions Act.

#### Dispositions

18.(1) Notwithstanding a minimum penalty in an enactment or a regulation or a municipal bylaw, where a youth court finds a young person guilty of an offence, it shall consider any pre-disposition report required by the court, any representations made by the parties to the proceedings or their counsel or agents or by the parents of the young person, and any other relevant information before the court, and the court shall then make any one of the following dispositions or any number thereof that are not inconsistent with each other:

- (a) order that the young person be discharged absolutely if the court considers it to be in the best interests of the young person and not contrary to the public interest;
- (b) impose on the young person a fine not exceeding the amount set out in the enactment or municipal by-law to be paid at such time and on such terms as the court may fix;
- (c) order the young person to pay to any other person at such time and on such terms as the court may fix an amount by way of compensation for loss of or damage to property, for loss of income or support or for special damages or personal injury arising from the commission of the offence where the value thereof is readily ascertainable, but no order shall be made for general damages;

- (d) order the young person to make restitution within such time and in such manner as the court may fix;
- (e) subject to section 19, order the young person to perform a community service at such time and on such terms as the court may fix;
- (f) where a person is found guilty or convicted of an offence, make any order of prohibition, seizure or forfeiture that may be imposed under an enactment or a municipal bylaw or regulation;
- (g) subject to section 20, order that the young person be detained for treatment, subject to such conditions as the court considers appropriate, in a hospital or other place where treatment is available;
- (h) place the young person on probation for a specified period not exceeding two years;
- (i) subject to subsection (8) and section 21, commit the young person to custody, to be served continuously or intermittently, for a specified period not exceeding six months from the date of the committal;
- (j) impose on the young person such other reasonable and ancillary conditions as the court deems advisable and in the best interests of the young person and the public.

(2) A disposition made under this section comes into force on the date on which it is made or on such later date as the youth court specifies.

(3) No disposition under this section, other than an order under paragraph (1)(f), shall continue in force for more than two years and, where the youth court makes more than one disposition at the same time in respect of the same offence, the combined duration of the dispositions shall not exceed two years.

(4) Where more than one disposition is made under this section with respect to different offences committed by a young person, the continuous combined duration of the disposition shall not exceed three years.

(5) A disposition made under this section continues in effect, in accordance with its terms, notwithstanding that the person against whom it is made is or becomes an adult.

(6) Where a youth court makes a disposition under this section, it shall state its reasons in the record of the case and shall, on request, provide a copy of the disposition and a transcript or copy of the reasons for the disposition to

- (a) the young person in respect of whom the disposition is made,
- (b) the young person's counsel,
- (c) the young person's parent, and
- (d) the prosecutor.

(7) No disposition shall be made in respect of a young person that results in a punishment that is greater than the maximum punishment that would be applicable to an adult who has committed the same offence.

(8) Before making an order of committal to intermittent custody under paragraph (1)(1) the youth court shall require the prosecutor to make available to the court for its consideration a report of the director or a delegate of the director as to the availability of a place of custody where an order of intermittent custody can be enforced, and where the report discloses that no such place of custody is available, the court shall not make such an order.

(9) Where a young person fails to comply with a disposition made under this section, the youth court may at any time by notice, summons or warrant cause the young person to be brought before the court, and the court may cancel the disposition and make whatever new dispositions it considers appropriate.

(10) Where a ticket under the provisions of the Summary Convictions Act has been issued to a young person and the young person has paid the fine within the prescribed time, this section does not apply.

#### Fines or other payment

19.(1) The youth court shall, in imposing a fine on a young person or in making an order against a young person for the payment of money or restitution, have regard to the present and future means of the young person to pay.

(2) Where the Commissioner in Executive Council has established a fine option program under the Fine Option Act, the young person upon whom a fine is imposed may discharge the fine in whole or in part by earning credits for work performed.

(3) No order may be made for a young person to perform services unless the youth court is satisfied that

- (a) the young person against whom the order is made is a suitable candidate for such order, and
- (b) the order does not interfere with the normal hours of work or education of the young person.

(4) No order may be made for a young person to perform personal services or community services unless such services can be completed in 120 hours or less and within six months of the date of the order.

(5) No order may be made for the young person to perform personal services or community services unless the youth court is satisfied that the person or organization for which the services are to be performed has agreed to the services.

#### Consent to treatment

20.(1) No order may be made directing a young person to be detained for treatment unless the youth court has secured the consent of the young person, the parents of the young person and the place where the young person is to be detained for treatment.

(2) The youth court may dispense with the consent of a parent required under subsection (1) if it appears that the parent is not available or if the parent is not, in the opinion of the court, taking an active interest in the proceedings.

#### Procedure for custody order

21.(1) Subject to subsection (2), no order may be made committing a young person to custody unless the youth court has received and considered a pre-disposition report.

(2) The youth court may, with the consent of the prosecutor and the young person or the young person's counsel, dispense with the pre-disposition report required under subsection (1) if the youth court is satisfied, having regard to the circumstances, that the report is unnecessary or that it would not be in the best interests of the young person.

(3) A pre-disposition report ordered by a youth court judge may be oral or in writing and shall include investigation and discussion of such matters as the judge directs.

(4) Where a pre-disposition report in respect of a young person is submitted to a youth court in writing, the court

(a) shall cause a copy of the report to be given to

(i) the young person,

(ii) a parent of the young person if the parent is in attendance at the proceedings against the young person,

(iii) counsel, if any, representing the young person, and

(iv) the prosecutor, and



- (b) may cause a copy of the report to be given to a parent of the young person not in attendance at the proceeding against the young person if the parent is, in the opinion of the court, taking an active interest in the proceedings.

#### Open custody

22. Where a young person is committed to custody under this Act, it shall be open custody as defined in the Young Offenders Act (Canada) and the provisions of that Act dealing with open custody shall apply.

#### Offence for non-compliance with a disposition of the court

23. A young person who is subject to a disposition made under paragraphs 18(1)(b) to (e) or paragraphs 18(1)(h) to (j) and who refuses or willfully fails to comply with that order is guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction.

#### Probation orders

24.(1) The following conditions shall be included in a probation order made under this Act:

- (a) that the young person be bound by the probation order, keep the peace and be of good behaviour;
- (b) that the young person appear before the youth court when required by the court to do so.

(2) A probation order made under this Act may include such of the following conditions as the youth court considers appropriate in the circumstances of the case:

- (a) that the young person bound by the probation order report to and be under the supervision of the director or a person designated by the director or the youth court;
- (b) that the young person remain within the Yukon;
- (c) that the young person make reasonable efforts to obtain and maintain suitable employment;
- (d) that the young person attend school or such other place of learning, training or recreation as is appropriate, if the court is satisfied that a suitable program is available for the young person at such place;
- (e) that the young person reside with a parent, or such other adult as the court considers appropriate and who is willing to provide for the care and maintenance of the young person;

- (f) that the young person reside in such place as the director or the director's delegate may specify;
- (g) that, subject to paragraphs (b) and (f), the young person notify the clerk of the youth court, the director or the youth worker assigned to the young person's case of any change of address or any change in the young person's place of employment, education or training;
- (h) that the young person comply with such other reasonable conditions set out in the order as the court considers desirable, including conditions for securing the good conduct of the young person and for preventing the commission by the young person of other offences.

(3) Where the youth court makes a probation order under this Act it shall

- (a) have the order read by or to the young person bound by the probation order,
- (b) have the purpose and effect of the order explained to the young person and ascertain that the young person understands it, and
- (c) have a copy of the order given to the young person and to a parent of the young person, if the parent has attended at the proceedings against the young person.

(4) Where the youth court makes a probation order under this Act, it may have a copy of the order given to a parent who has not attended at the proceedings against the young person if the parent is, in the opinion of the court, taking an active interest in the proceedings.

(5) After a probation order has been read by or to and explained to a young person, the young person shall endorse on the order acknowledgment of receipt of a copy of the order and of the fact that it has been explained to him or her.

(6) The failure of the young person to endorse the probation order pursuant to subsection (5) does not affect the validity of the order.

(7) A probation order made under this Act comes into force

- (a) on the date on which the order is made, or
- (b) where the young person in respect of whom the order is made is committed to custody, upon the release from custody of the young person.

(8) A young person may be given notice orally or in writing to appear before the youth court pursuant to the probation order.

(9) If a young person to whom notice is given in writing to appear before the youth court does not appear at the time and place named in the notice and it is proved that a copy of the notice was served on the young person, the youth court may issue a warrant to compel the appearance of the young person.

#### Separation from adults

25.(1) A young person who is charged with an offence and detained prior to trial or committed to custody under this Act shall be held separate and apart from any adult who is charged with or convicted of an offence under an enactment, an act of the Parliament of Canada or a municipal by-law.

(2) Subject to subsection (1), a facility designated as an open custody facility under the Young Offender's Act (Canada) is a facility to which a young person may be committed to serve a period of custody.

#### Designated place of temporary detention

26.(1) Where a young person

- (a) is arrested and detained prior to the making of a disposition in respect of the young person under section 18, or
  - (b) detained pursuant to subsection 24(9),
- the young person shall, subject to subsection (5) be detained in a place of temporary detention designated as such pursuant to the Young Offender's Act (Canada) or in a place within a class of such places so designated.

(2) A young person who is detained in a place of temporary detention pursuant to subsection (1) may, in the course of being transferred from that place to the court or from the court to that place be held under the supervision and control of a peace officer.

(3) A young person referred to in subsection (1) shall be held separate and apart from any adult who is detained or held in custody unless the youth court judge or a justice is satisfied that

- (a) the young person cannot, having regard to the young person's safety or the safety of others, be detained in a place of detention for young persons, or
- (b) no place of detention for young persons is available within a reasonable distance.

(4) Subsections (1) and (3) do not apply in respect of any temporary detention of a young person under the supervision and control of a peace officer after arrest but a young person who is so detained shall be transferred to a place of temporary detention referred to in subsection (1) as soon as is reasonably practicable, and in no case later than the first reasonable opportunity after the appearance of the young person before a youth court judge or a justice pursuant to this Act.

(5) Where the Commissioner in Executive Council has designated a person or a group of persons whose authorization is required, either in all circumstances or in circumstances specified by the Commissioner in Executive Council, before a young person who has been arrested may be detained in accordance with this section, no young person shall be so detained unless the authorization is obtained.

#### Placement of young person in care of responsible person

27.(1) Where a youth court judge or a justice is satisfied that

- (a) a young person who has been arrested would be detained in custody,
- (b) a responsible person is willing and able to take care of and exercise control over the young person, and
- (c) the young person is willing to be placed in the care of that person,

the young person may be placed in the care of that person instead of being detained in custody.

(2) A young person shall not be placed in the care of a person under subsection (1) unless

- (a) that person undertakes in writing to take care of and to be responsible for the attendance of the young person in court when required and to comply with such other conditions as the youth court judge or justice may specify, and
- (b) the young person undertakes in writing to comply with the arrangement and to comply with such other conditions as the youth court judge or justice may specify.

(3) Where a young person has been placed in the care of a person under subsection (1) and

- (a) that person is no longer willing or able to take care of or exercise control over the young person, or
- (b) it is, for any other reason, no longer appropriate that the young person be placed in the care of that person,

the young person, the person in whose care the young person has been placed or any other person may, by application in writing to a youth court judge or a justice, apply for an order under subsection (4).

(4) Where a youth court judge or a justice is satisfied that a young person should not remain in the custody of the person in whose care the young person was placed under subsection (1), the youth court judge or justice shall

- (a) make an order relieving the person and the young person of the obligations undertaken pursuant to subsection (2), and
- (b) issue a warrant for the arrest of the young person.

(5) Where a young person is arrested pursuant to a warrant issued under paragraph (4)(b), the young person shall be taken before a youth court judge or justice forthwith and dealt with under section 457 of the Criminal Code.

#### Non-compliance with section 27

28. Any person who willfully fails to comply with an undertaking entered into pursuant to subsection 27(2), is guilty of an offence.

#### Transfer between facilities

29. The director or an appointee of the director may transfer a young person in temporary detention or custody from one facility to another.

#### Temporary release

30.(1) The director or an appointee of the director may, subject to any terms and conditions that may be considered desirable, authorize a young person committed to custody pursuant to a disposition made under this Act

- (a) to be released from custody for a period not exceeding 15 days where, in the opinion of the director or the appointee, it is necessary or desirable that the young person be absent, with or without escort, for medical, compassionate or humanitarian reasons or for the purpose of the rehabilitation or re-integration of the young person into the community, or
- (b) to be released from custody on such date and during such hours as may be specified in order that the young person may better carry out employment or improve education or training.

(2) The director may, at any time, revoke an authorization made under subsection (1).

(3) Where the director revokes an authorization for a young person to be released from custody or where a young person fails to comply with a term or condition of release from custody under this section, the young person may be arrested without warrant and returned to custody.

#### Transfer

31.(1) Where an agreement has been made between the Yukon and another jurisdiction in Canada, the director may arrange for appropriate authorities in the other jurisdiction to assume supervision of a young person who is subject to an order of the youth court except an order committing the young person to custody.

(2) Where a transfer is made under subsection (1) and the young person complies with the terms and conditions determined by the director, the young person is deemed to have complied with the disposition order of the youth court.

#### Restriction on publication

32.(1) No person shall publish by any means a report of an offence committed or alleged to have been committed by a young person, or a report of a hearing, adjudication, disposition or appeal concerning a young person who committed or is alleged to have committed an offence in which

- (a) the name of the young person is disclosed,
- (b) the name of a young person aggrieved by the offence or who appeared as a witness in connection with the offence is disclosed, or
- (c) any information serving to identify a person set out in paragraph (a) or (b) is disclosed.

(2) Everyone who contravenes subsection (1) is guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of not more than \$500.

#### Persons excluded

33.(1) Subject to subsection (2) a youth court may exclude any person from all or part of the proceedings if the court deems that the person's presence is unnecessary to the conduct of the proceedings where the youth court is of the opinion

- (a) that any evidence or information presented to the court would be seriously injurious or seriously prejudicial to
  - (i) the young person who is being dealt with in the proceedings,
  - (ii) a child or young person who is a witness in the proceedings, or

- (iii) a child or young person who is aggrieved by or the victim of the offence charged in the proceedings, or
- (b) that it would be in the interest of public morals, the maintenance of order or the proper administration of justice to exclude any or all members of the public from the courtroom.

(2) The court shall not, pursuant to subsection (1), exclude from proceedings under this Act

- (a) the prosecutor,
- (b) the young person who is being dealt with in the proceedings,
- (c) the parent of the young person,
- (d) the counsel of the young person,
- (e) an adult assisting the young person,
- (f) the director or a representative of the director, or
- (g) a social worker to whom the young person's case has been assigned.

#### Disclosure of records

34. Records of an investigation or charge concerning an offence by a young person maintained by the police, a court, the director or a government department or agency, shall not be disclosed except in accordance with the provisions of the Young Offenders Act (Canada).

#### Lapse of conviction

35.(1) Notwithstanding any enactment, including the other provisions of this Act, every conviction of a young person of an offence lapses and ceases to have effect for any purpose when three years have elapsed from the day when the conviction was first entered by a court having original or appellate jurisdiction over the offence.

(2) Nothing in this section affects the liability of the young person convicted of an offence to any disposition imposed by or in respect of the conviction at the date of the conviction.

(3) Where a conviction for an offence has lapsed by virtue of this section, the person who was convicted of the offence is not required to

- (a) disclose the fact that he or she was convicted of the offence, or
- (b) answer affirmatively or negatively any question tending to disclose the fact that the person was convicted of the offence.

(4) Where the provisions of this section conflict with the provisions of any enactment or municipal by-law with respect to the effect of the conviction of an offence, this section prevails.

#### Regulations

36. The Commissioner in Executive Council may make regulations

- (a) designating a court as a youth court for the purposes of this Act;
- (b) prescribing forms;
- (c) respecting facilities where young persons may be detained in custody;
- (d) designating a person or class of persons whose authorization is required for placing a young person in a place of temporary detention;
- (e) generally for carrying out the purposes and provisions of this Act.

#### Transitional

37. A person who, before the coming into force of this Act, while a young person, committed an offence in respect of which no proceedings were commenced before the coming into force of this Act, may be dealt with under this Act as if the offence occurred after the coming into force of this Act.

#### Children's Act amendments

38.(1) The following definition is added to section 106 of the Children's Act.

"'director of juvenile justice' means the director of juvenile justice appointed under the Young Persons Offences Act."

(2) The following is substituted for section 112 of the Children's Act:

"112. In this division, "diversion", means alternative measures under the Young Offenders Act (Canada) or the Young Persons Offences Act and diversion schemes, programs or services shall have the same meaning."

(3) In paragraph 114(e) of the Children's Act the expression "or the Young Persons Offences Act" is added after the expression "the Young Offenders Act (Canada)".



(4) Section 116 of the Children's Act is repealed.

Corrections Act amendments

39.(1) Section 2 of the Corrections Act is amended by striking out the definition of "Director of Family and Children's Services".

(2) The following definition is added to section 2 of the Corrections Act:

"'director of juvenile justice' means the director of juvenile justice appointed under the Young Persons Offences Act."

(3) In subsections 16(2), 16(4), and section 19 and in paragraph 20(d) of the Corrections Act, the expression "director of juvenile justice" is substituted for the phrase "Director of Family and Children's Services".

STATUTES OF YUKON  
1987, Chapter 23

AN ACT TO AMEND THE YUKON DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION ACT

(Assented to April 16, 1987)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly, enacts as follows:

1. This Act amends the Yukon Development Corporation Act.

2. Subsection 13(1) is amended by adding the expression "any wholly owned subsidiary of the corporation established for the purposes of conducting a public utility operation" immediately after the expression "In the conduct of any public utility operations, the corporation".

3. The following section is added immediately after section 13:

Public Utility Franchise

"13.1(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act, the corporation is deemed to have been granted a franchise for the production, generation, storage, transmission, sale, delivery and furnishing of electricity at the rates provided for by, and subject to the terms and conditions set out in the purchase and sale agreement made March 31, 1987 among Her Majesty the Queen in Right of Canada, Yukon Power Corporation, the Government of the Yukon and Northern Canada Power Commission."

(2) The corporation may assign the franchise to a wholly owned subsidiary of the corporation."

3.1 This Act comes into force on March 31, 1987.

TABLE OF STATUTES

This is a table of those Statutes included in the Revised Ordinances, 1971, those subsequently added to the consolidation and those enacted since the coming into force of the Revised Ordinances, 1971, regardless of whether added to the consolidation.

Legend:

In. = Included in Am. = Amended

En. = Enacted Sp. = Spent

Rp. = Repealed History = from the earlier of:

(i) enactment or

Re. = Re-enacted (ii) inclusion in R.O.Y.T., 1971

N.C.N.R. = Not Consolidated, Not Repealed.

R.S.Y.T. = Revised Statutes of the Yukon Territory, originally published under the title Revised Ordinances of the Yukon Territory.

S.Y.T. = Statutes of the Yukon Territory, published before November 12, 1981, under the title Ordinances of the Yukon Territory or Ordinances of the Government of Yukon.

\* = As of July 1, 1987, a date for the coming into force of this Act had yet to be proclaimed. In this index there is no distinction made between an Act that has been proclaimed in force in its entirety and an Act that has been proclaimed in force only in part, there being other parts still to be proclaimed in force. Therefore, where the Act confers authority for it to be proclaimed in force in whole or in part, the user should check the proclamation to determine what parts of the Act are in force. The presence of an asterisk can in those cases be taken only as indication that some part of the Act has not been proclaimed in force.

Consolidation Chapter No. = Chapter designation of the Act for the purposes of the Consolidated version of the Statutes of the Yukon Territory.

<u>STATUTE</u>	<u>CONSOLIDATION CHAPTER NO.</u>	<u>HISTORY</u>
Access to Information	A-0.05	En. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 12
Accountants (Chartered)		See Institute of Chartered Accountants
Adult Occupational Training Agreements Repeal	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 10
Age of Majority	A-0.1	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 1
Agricultural Products	A-0.12	En. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 5 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 12, s. 1
Agriculture Development	A-0.15	En. S.Y.T. 1982, c.17
Alaska Highway Maintenance (1972)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 2
Animal Protection	A-0.2	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 1 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 2

Apprentice Training	A-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. A-1 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 6 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 1
Appropriation		See First, Second, etc. to Sixth
Arbitration	A-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. A-2 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 4
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Area Development	A-4	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. A-4 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c.3
Assessment and Taxation	A-4.1	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 18 Am. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 16 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 17, s. 440 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 12, s. 11 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 20
Assessment in the City of Whitehorse	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 11
Assignment of Book Debts	A-5	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. A-5 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20, s. 74
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Boiler and Pressure Vessels	B-2.1	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 1 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 16, s. 1
Brands	B-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. B-3 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1987 c. 7, s. 1*
Building Standards	B-3.1	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 1 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 17, s. 440 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 1
Bulk Sales	B-4	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. B-4
Bulk Sales	B-4.05	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 2* Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 6
Business Corporations Act	B-.06	En. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 12, s. 2
Business Development Assistance	B-4.1	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 1 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 1 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 5 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 8
Business Licence	B-5	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. B-5 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 4
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Cemeteries and Burial Sites	C-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. C-2 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 19, s. 41.
Central Trust Company and Crown Trust Company Act	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 10
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Children's	C-4.5	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 34 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 12, s. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 21, s. 38
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Choses in Action	C-6	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. C-6 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20, s. 75
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Civil Defence Workers' Compensation Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 26
Civil Emergency Measures	C-8	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. C-8 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 9 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 12
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Companies	C-10	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. C-10 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 5 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20, s. 76 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 18 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 13
Compensation for Victims of Crime	C-10.1	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (1st), c. 5 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 10, s. 1 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 15 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 3
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Dawson City Utilities Replacement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 16, s. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 11, s. 1
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Elections	E-1.1	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 18 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 9, s. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 14
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First Appropriation, 1974-75	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 17
First Appropriation, 1975-76	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 20
First Appropriation, 1976-77	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (1st), c. 11
First Appropriation, 1977-78	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 15
First Appropriation, 1978-79	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 18
First Appropriation, 1979-80	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (1st), c. 7
First Appropriation, 1980-81	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 4
First Appropriation, 1981-82	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 8
First Appropriation, 1982-83	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 5
First Appropriation, 1983-84	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 20
First Appropriation, 1984-85	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 20
First Appropriation, 1985-86	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 39
First Appropriation, 1986-87	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 20
First Appropriation, 1987-88	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 1
Fitness and Amateur Sport Agreement	F-6	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, C. F-6 Rp. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 19
Flag	F-7	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, C. F-7 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 5
Floral Emblem	F-8	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. F-8
Foreign Arbitral Awards	F-8.1	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 4
Forest Protection	F-9	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. F-9 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 22, s. 3
Fourth Appropriation, 1972-73	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 20
Fourth Appropriation, 1973-74	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (4th), c. 24
Fourth Appropriation, 1974-75	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 20
Fourth Appropriation, 1975-76	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (1st), c. 12
Fourth Appropriation, 1977-78	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 17
Fourth Appropriation, 1980-81	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 6
Fourth Appropriation, 1981-82	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1982 (1st), c. 2

Fourth Appropriation, 1982-83	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 3
Fourth Appropriation, 1982-83	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 21
Fourth Appropriation, 1984-85	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 40
Fourth Appropriation, 1985-86	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 5
Fourth Appropriation, 1986-87	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 2
Fraudulent Preferences and Conveyances	F-9.1	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 3
Frustrated Contracts	F-10	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. F-10 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 11
Frustrated Contracts	F-10.1	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 11
Fuel Oil Tax	F-11	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. F-11 Rp. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 4
Fuel Oil Tax	F-11.1	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 9 Am. S.Y.T. 1979 (1st), c. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 21 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 6
Funeral Directors	F-11.5	En. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 22
Fur Export	F-12	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. F-12 Am. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 5 Rp. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 16, s. 193
Game	G-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, C. G-1 Am. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 11 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 6 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 9 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 16, s. 8 Rp. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 16, s. 193
Gaols	G-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. G-2
Garage Keepers' Lien	G-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. G-3 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20, s. 79
Garnishee	G-4	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. G-4 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 12
Garnishee	G-4.1	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 12 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 16, s. 15
Gas Burning Devices		En. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 11*
Gasoline Handling	G-5	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 6 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 20
General Development Agreement	G-5.1	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 4
Government Employee Housing Plan	G-6	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 5 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 11 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 11
Government Employees Unemploy- ment Insurance Agreement Act	G-7	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 12

Hairdressers Act	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1967 (1st), c. 4 Rp. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 21
Health Care Insurance Plan	H-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. H-1 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 41
Highways	H-1.1	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 1 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (3rd), c. 5 Am. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 5 Am. S.Y.T. 1987 c. 7, s. 2*
Historic Sites and Monuments	H-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. H-2 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), C. 11
Home Owners' Grant	H-2.1	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (1st), c. 1 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (3rd), c. 6 Am. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 6 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 23 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 22
Hospital Insurance Services	H-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. H-3 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 42
Hotels and Tourist Establishments	H-4	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. H-4
Housing	H-5	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. H-5
Housing Corporation	H-5.1	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 19
Housing Development	H-6	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. H-6 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 12 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 22
Human Rights Act	H-6.1	En. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 3
Human Tissue Gift	H-7	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 14
Immunity of Members	I-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. I-1 Rp. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 2, s. 42
Income Tax	I-1.01	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 11 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 24
Institute of Chartered Accountants	I-1.1	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (3rd), c. 2
Insurance	I-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. I-2 Rp. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 1, s. 236
Insurance	I-2.01	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 1 Am. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 4, s. 257 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 15 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 12 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 16, s. 9 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 21 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 25 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 6 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 12

Insurance Premium Tax	I-2.1	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (1st), c. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (3rd), c. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 12
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1974-75	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 23
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1980-81	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 16
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1981-82	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 5
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1982-83	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1982 (1st), c. 4
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1982-83 (no. 2)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 11
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1982-83 (no. 3)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 12
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1983-84	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 5
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1983-84 (No. 2)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 6
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1984-85	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 14
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1984-85 (No. 2)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 15
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1985-86	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 2
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1986-87	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 7
Interim Supply Appropriation, 1986-87 (No. 2)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 8
Interim Supply Appropriation 1987-88	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1987, c 14
International Child Abduction (Hague Convention)	I-2.2	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 6 Rp. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 2, s. 187
International Commercial Arbitration		En. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 13
Interpretation	I-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. I-3 Am. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 12 Am. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 2, s. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 30, s. 35 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20, s. 80 Am. S.Y.T. 1982 (1st), c. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 2, s. 191.1 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 9, s. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 12, s.9
Interprovincial Subpoena	I-3.1	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 7
Intestate Succession	I-4	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. I-4 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 2, s. 188

Judicature	J-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. J-1 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 28, s. 1 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 30, s. 35 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 15 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20, s. 81 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 2, s. 189 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 16, s. 14
Jury	J-2	In. R.S.Y.T., c. J-2 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 23
Justice of the Peace	J-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. J-3 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (3rd), c. 8 Rp. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 8, s. 23
Justice of the Peace Court	J-3.1	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 9 Rp. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 10, s. 13
Labour Standards	L-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. L-1 Am. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 9 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 9 Rp. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 5, s. 108
Land Acquisition Fund	L-1.1	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (2nd), c. 1 Rp. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 19
Land Planning	L-1.2	En. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 22*
Landlord and Tenant	L-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. L-2 Am. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 20 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 23 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 16
Lands	L-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. L-3 Rp. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 8, 14
Lands	L-3.01	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 8, 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 8
Legal Aid	L-3.1	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 2 Rp. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 18a
Legal Profession	L-4	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. L-4 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 9 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 15 Rp. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 17
Legal Profession	L-4.1	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 17 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 26
Legal Profession Accounts	L-5	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. L-5 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 16 Rp. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 17, s. 115
Legal Services Society	L-5.05	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 18 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 23

Legislative Assembly	L-5.1	En. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 18 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 25 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 20 Am. S.Y.T. 1982 (1st), c. 9 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 24 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 22 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 23 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 43 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 15
Legislative Assembly Retirement Allowances	L-5.2	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 15, Pt. II
Legitimation	L-6	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. L-6 Rp. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 2, s. 190
Limitation of Actions	L-7	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. L-7 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 24
Liquor	L-8	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. L-8 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (1st), c. 3, s. 5 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (3rd), c. 9 Am. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 17 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 17 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, (2nd), c. 25 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 20 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 9, s. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 21 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 9
Liquor Tax	L-8.1	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (1st), c. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 18 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 10, s. 1
Loan Agreement (1972), No. 1	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 26
Loan Agreement (1973), No. 1	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 29
Loan Agreement (1973), No. 2	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 30
Loan Agreement (1974), No. 1	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 24
Loan Agreement (1975), No. 1	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 22
Loan Agreement (1975), No. 2	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (1st), c. 14
Loan Agreement (1976), No. 1	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (1st), c. 13
Loan Agreement (1977), No. 1	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 19
Loan Agreement (1978), No. 1	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 20
Loan Agreement (1979), No. 1	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (1st), c. 9
Loan Agreement (1980), No. 1	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 19 Rp/Re. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 14
Loan Agreement (1981), No. 1	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 9
Loan Agreement (1982), No. 1	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1982 (1st), c. 5 Am. S.T.T. 1984, c. 44
Loan Guarantee, 1985	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 27

Local Improvement District	L-9	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. L-9 Am. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 21 Am. S.Y.T. 1972 (2nd), c. 22 Am. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 11 Am. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 22 Am. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 6 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 17, s. 441
Lord's Day	L-10	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. L-10
Lotteries	L-10.1	En. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 2 Rp. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 26
Lottery Licensing		En. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 16*
Low Cost Housing	L-11	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. L-11
Magistrate's Court	M-1	See Territorial Court
Maintenance	M-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. M-2 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 30, s. 34 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 15 See Matrimonial Property & Family Support.
Maintenance and Custody Orders Enforcement	M-2.1	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 11
Marriage	M-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. M-3 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 10, s. 5 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 25 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 9, s. 9
Married Women's Property	M-4	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. M-4
Matrimonial Property	M-4.1	See Matrimonial Property & Family Support
Matrimonial Property & Family Support	M-4.1	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 11 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 15 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 16, s. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 11, s. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 2, s. 191 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 28 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 11, s. 32
Mechanics' Lien	M-5	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. M-5 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20, s. 82 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 26 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 9, s. 10
Mediation Board	M-5.1	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 9 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 22, s. 4
Medical Profession	M-6	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. M-6 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 11 Am. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 7 Rp. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 12, s. 63
Medical Profession	M-6.1	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 12 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 16, s. 11 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 36 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s.9 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 4
Mental Health	M-7	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. M-7 Am. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 18 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 21 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 9, s. 11



Metric Information Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 12
Miners' Lien	M-8	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. M-8
Mining Safety	M-9	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. M-9 Am. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 15 Am. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 8 Rp. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 46
Motion Pictures	M-10	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. M-10 Rp. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 12, s. 2
Motor Transport		In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. T-4 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 32 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 16, s. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1982 (1st), c. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 31 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 9, s. 12
Motor Vehicles	M-11	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. M-11 Am. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 23 Am. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 15 Am. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 11 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 12 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (2nd), c. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 1, s. 236 Rp. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 4, s. 258
Motor Vehicles	M-11.1	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 21 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 30, s. 35 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 32, s. 26 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 17, s. 440 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 11, s. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 26 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 24* Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 23 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 30 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 21 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 17 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 18
Municipal	M-12	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 16 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (3rd), c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 20 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 30, s. 35 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 17, s. 441
Municipal	M-12.1	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 17 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 10, s. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 11, s. 5 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 25 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 12, s. 13
Municipal Aid	M-13	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 11 Rp. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 11, s. 21
Municipal and Community Infrastructure Grants Act	M-13.1	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 24*
Municipal Elections	M-14	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 12 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 17, s. 441

Municipal Employees Benefits	M-15	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 1 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 17, s. 441
Municipal Finance	M-15.1	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 11 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 11, s. 6 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 27 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 24 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 25
Municipal General Purposes Loan (1974)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 25
Municipal General Purposes Loan (1975)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 23
Municipal General Purposes Loan (1976)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (1st), c. 15
Municipal General Purposes Loan (1977)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 20
Municipal General Purposes Loan (1978)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 21
Municipal General Purposes Loan (1979)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (1st), c. 10
Municipal General Purposes Loan (1980)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 22 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 18
Municipal General Purposes Loan (1981)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 12
Municipal General Purposes Loan, 1986	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 13
Newspaper	N-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. N-1 Rp. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 12, s. 3
Noise Prevention	N-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. N-2 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 31
Notaries	N-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. N-3 Am. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 12 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 27 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 11
Northern Natural Gas Pipeline Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (1st), c. 4
Nursing Assistants Regisatration		En. S.Y.T. 1987, c 19*
Occupational Health and Safety	O-.05	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 46
Occupational Training	O-0.1	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 6
Old Age Assistance and Blind Persons' Allowance	O-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. O-1 Rp. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 12
Optometry	O-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. O-2 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 28 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 12
Parks	P-01	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 16, s. 12 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c 19

Partnership	P-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. P-1 Am. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 21 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20, s. 83 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 29 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 32
Pawnbrokers and Second- Hand Dealers	P-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. P-2
Perpetuities	P-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. P-3 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 23
Perpetuities	P-3.1	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 23
Personal Property Security	P-3.2	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 30 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 12, s. 12
Pharmaceutical Chemists	P-4	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. P-4 Am. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 16 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 13
Pioneer Utility Grant	P-4.1	En. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 1 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 22 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 11, s. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1982 (1st), c. 6 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 47
Plebiscite	P-5	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. P-5
Pounds	P-6	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. P-6 Am. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 17 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 23 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 7
Presumption of Death	P-7	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. P-7 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 24
Presumption of Death	P-7.1	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 24
Public Health	P-8	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. P-8 Am. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 24 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 9, s. 13
Public Inquiries	P-8.1	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 5
Public Lotteries	P-8.2	En. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 26
Public Printing	P-9	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. P-9
Public Sector Compensation Restraint (Yukon)	P-9.1	En. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 31 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 25
Public Service	P-10	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. P-10 Rp. S.Y.T. 1976 (2nd), c. 2, s. 217
Public Service Commission	P-10.1	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (2nd), c. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 5
Public Service Staff Relations	P-11	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. P-11 Am. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (3rd), c. 11 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 6

Public Utilities	P-12	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 26
Purchase and Supply Services Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 31
Raven	R-0.05	En. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 33
Real Estate Agents' Licensing	R-0.1	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 5 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 24 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 27 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 12, s. 13
Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgments	R-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. R-1 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 21 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 10, s. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 15
Reciprocal Enforcement of Maintenance Orders	R-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. R-2 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 25
Reciprocal Enforcement of Maintenance Orders	R-2.1	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 25 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 34 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 11, s. 33
Recording of Evidence by Sound Apparatus	R-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. R-3
Recreation	R-3.05	En. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 27 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, c. 16
Recreation Development	R-3.1	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 6 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 17, s. 440 Rp. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 27
Regulations	R-4	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. R-4 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 25 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 28
Rehabilitation Services	R-5	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. R-5 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 17
Rental-Purchase Housing	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 25
Retirement Plan Beneficiaries	R-5.1	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 35
Revised Statutes	R-5.2	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 12, s. 14
Robert Campbell Bridge Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (4th), c. 32
Sale of Goods	S-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. S-1 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 36
Saw Logs Driving	S-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. S-2 Rp. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 12, s. 4
School	S-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. S-3 Rp. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 14
School	S-3.1	En. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 22 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 8 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 22, s. 5
School Trespass	S-3.2	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 14
Scientists and Explorers	S-4	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. S-4

Second Appropriation, 1972-73	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 29
Second Appropriation, 1973-74	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 22
Second Appropriation, 1974-75	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 18
Second Appropriation, 1975-76	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 17
Second Appropriation, 1976-77	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 18
Second Appropriation, 1977-78	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 16
Second Appropriation, 1978-79	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (1st), c. 6
Second Appropriation, 1979-80	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 26
Second Appropriation, 1980-81	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 27
Second Appropriation, 1981-82	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 15
Second Appropriation, 1982-83	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 32
Second Appropriation, 1983-84	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 9
Second Appropriation, 1984-85	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 28
Second Appropriation, 1985-86	N.C.N.R.	Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 37
Second Appropriation, 1986-87	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 15
Second Appropriation, 1987-88	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 20
Securities	S-5	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. S-5 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (3rd), c. 12 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 26 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20, s. 84 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 29 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 9, s. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 12, s. 15
Seniors' Income Supplement	S-5.1	En. S.Y.T. 1982 (1st), c. 7
Sixth Appropriation, 1974-75	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 19
Small Claims Court	S-5.2	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 16
Social Assistance	S-6	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. S-6 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 16, s. 13
Societies	S-7	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. S-7 Am. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 15 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 27 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 23 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 13 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 12, s. 16
Society of Industrial Accountants	S-7.1	See Society of Management Accountants
Society of Management Accountants	S-7.2	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 9 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 28
Special Rural Development Agreement (Special ARDA)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 15
Stabilization Fund Loan	S-7.3	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 7 Am. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 9 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 29

Steam Boilers	S-8	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. S-8 Rp. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 1, s. 4
Students' Financial Assistance	S-8.1	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 14 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 17 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 17
Students' Grants	S-9	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. S-9 Rp. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 6
Summary Convictions	S-9.1	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 30 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 38
Superannuation, Territorial Employees	S-10	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. S-10 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 16
Supervision of Federal Parolees Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 7
Supreme Court	S-10.1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. T-2 Am. S.Y.T. 1971 (3rd), c. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 15 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 28, s. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 16 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 16, s. 13
Survival of Actions	S-10.2	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 16
Survivorship	S-11	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. S-11 Rp. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 31
Survivorship	S-11.1	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 31
Taxation	T-0.1	See Assessment and Taxation
Tenants in Common	T-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. T-1
Territorial Court	T-2	See Supreme Court
Territorial Court	T-2.05	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. M-1 Am. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 28, s. 2 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 18 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 16, s. 12
Territorial Municipal Employment Loans	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 33
Third Appropriation, 1972-73	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 19
Third Appropriation, 1973-74	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (3rd), c. 23
Third Appropriation, 1974-75	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 19
Third Appropriation, 1975-76	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 15
Third Appropriation, 1976-77	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 16
Third Appropriation, 1977-78	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1977 (1st), c. 17
Third Appropriation, 1978-79	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1979 (2nd), c. 17
Third Appropriation, 1979-80	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 24
Third Appropriation, 1980-81	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 17
Third Appropriation, 1981-82	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 18

Third Appropriation, 1982-83	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 33
Third Appropriation, 1983-84	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 11
Third Appropriation, 1984-85	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 30 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 40
Third Appropriation, 1985-86	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 39
Third Appropriation, 1986-87	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 18
Tobacco Tax	T-2.1	En. S.Y.T. 1974 (2nd), c. 3 Am. S.Y.T. 1976 (1st), c. 9 Am. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 12 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 10, s. 2
Trade Schools Regulation	T-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. T-3
Transfer of Prisoners Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 8
Transport Public Utilities	T-4	See Motor Transport
Travel for Medical Treatment	T-4.1	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 4
Travel Industry Development Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 5
Trustee	T-5	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. T-5 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 33 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 16, s. 12 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 19
Unemployment Assistance Agreement Repeal	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 13
Variation of Trusts	V-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. V-1
Vital Statistics	V-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. V-2 Am. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 18 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 2, s. 192 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 9, s. 15 Rp. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 19, s. 42*
Vital Statistics	V-2.1	En. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 19*
Wages Recovery	W-1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. W-1 Rp. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 5, s. 108
Warehouse Receipts	W-1.5	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 15
Warehousemen's Lien	W-2	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. W-2 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20, s. 85
Whitehorse, An Ordinance to open a certain portion of Land in the City of	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1978 (1st), c. 13
Whitehorse General Purposes Loan (1972)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1972 (1st), c. 32
Whitehorse General Purposes Loan (1973)	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (1st), c. 34
Whitehorse (Takhini and Valleyview) Lands	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (2nd), c. 18
Wildlife	W-2.5	En. S.Y.T. 1981 (2nd), c. 16 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 15 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 34 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 29 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 40

Wills	W-3	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. W-3 Am. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 29, s. 20
Woodmen's Lien	W-4	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. W-4 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (2nd), c. 20, s. 86 Rp. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 31
Workers' Compensation	W-4.1	In. R.S.Y.T. 1971, c. W-5 Rp/Re. S.Y.T. 1973 (3rd), c. 6 Am. S.Y.T. 1975 (3rd), c. 6, s. 4 Am. S.Y.T. 1977 (2nd), c. 10 Am. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 20, s. 28 Am. S.Y.T. 1981 (1st), c. 10, s. 6 Am. S.Y.T. 1982, c. 35 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 19 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 29 Am. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 45, s. 30 Am. S.Y.T. 1986, c. 26 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 21
Workmen's Compensation	W-5	See Workers' Compensation
Workmen's Compensation Supplementary Benefits	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1973 (3rd), c. 7
Young Offenders Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 32
Young Offenders Welfare Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1976 (2nd), c. 3
Young Persons Offences		En. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 22
Young Voyageur Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1975 (1st), c. 9
Yukon Council	Y-1	See Legislative Assembly
Yukon Development Corporation	Y-1.5	En. S.Y.T. 1985, c. 41 Am. S.Y.T. 1987, c. 23
Yukon River Basin Study Agreement	N.C.N.R.	En. S.Y.T. 1980 (1st), c. 34 Am. S.Y.T. 1983, c. 30
Yukon Tartan	Y-2	En. S.Y.T. 1984, c. 48