

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

of the

COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon,
Wednesday, October 15, 1958.
3:00 p.m.

The second session of the Council for the year 1958, being the first session of the Eighteen Wholly Elective Council of the Yukon Territory, was convened in the Council Chambers at 3:00 p.m. on Wednesday, October 15, 1958, the Members having previously been sworn and taken the Oath of Allegiance.

The Members present were:

John O. Livesey, of Carmacks-Kluane Lake District, Y.T.
Raphael Lloyd McKamey, of Mayo, Y.T.
George Oswald Shaw, of Dawson, Y.T.
James B. Smith, of Whitehorse West, Y.T.
Charles Drury Taylor, of Whitehorse East, Y.T.

The Members elected Mr. J. O. Livesey of Carmacks-Kluane Lake District to be Speaker of the Council.

The Commissioner addressed the Council outlining the legislation which he proposed to place before Council at this session (See Sessional Paper No. 1).

It was moved by Mr. C. D. Taylor and seconded by Mr. James Smith that the address of the Commissioner be considered the following day.

Mr. G. O. Shaw moved, seconded by Mr. R. L. McKamey for leave to introduce for first reading at the next sitting of Council the following Bill:

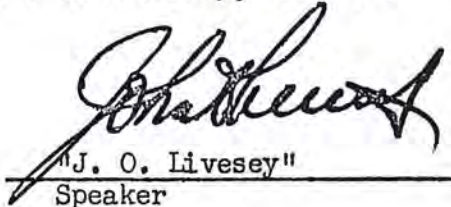
Bill No. 2 - An Ordinance Respecting The Revised Ordinances of the Yukon Territory.

The Members of Council elected Mr. J. B. Smith to be Chairman of the Committees.

Council adjourned until 10:00 a.m. on Thursday, the 16th day of October, 1958.


"H. J. Taylor"

Clerk of the Council


"J. O. Livesey"
Speaker

Opening Address by

Frederick H. Collins, Esquire

Commissioner of the Yukon Territory

At The

First Session of the Eighteenth Wholly Elective Council
of the Yukon Territory

Whitehorse, Y.T.,
Wednesday,
October 15, 1958.

Mr. Speaker,

And Members of the Yukon Council.

It is my privilege to welcome you to-day as members of a new Council which will be dealing with the affairs of the Yukon Territory for the next three years. It is my warmest wish that together we can fulfil our duties as a governing body in the best interests of each and everyone you represent and for whom I am responsible through my appointment.

Your term of office will cover a momentous period in the life of the Territory. Further great steps to assist development will be taken together with the provision of enhanced facilities for the comfort, convenience and safety of all. The menace of isolation will be reduced in a very marked degree and an environment created tending to greater permanency of residence with its stabilizing effect on the economy.

The greater bulk of capital expenditure on this program of progress and expansion will be provided by the Federal Government or its agencies with some costs entirely federal, others federally and territorially shared, still others entirely derived from territorial revenues.

In the purely federal field are the various road construction projects including the three great bridges over the Yukon, Pelly and Stewart Rivers. You have already been informed of these projects through appropriate channels. Other smaller bridges will be installed on the great northern road to the Arctic, on the Canol Road and elsewhere within the program. Undoubtedly strategically located airstrips placed at necessary and convenient locations in the vicinity of road rights-of-way will also be a feature of new construction,

In the matter of communications we may reasonably expect the commencement, at an early date, of wireless and line connection between all settled areas of the Territory not now so served, with complete and expanding facilities to afford complete coverage.

Intensive study is being made in Ottawa for an enlarged program of fire prevention and fighting to be instituted next year to avoid a repetition of the unfortunate experience of the past season.

The hydro-electric project at Whitehorse will be completed on schedule next month providing an adequate supply of electrical energy for the estimated needs of the near future.

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The betterment of conditions for our citizens of the Indian race is not being neglected. In the interests of education alone the Federal Government is constructing two hostels at Whitehorse to house approximately two hundred and fifty Indian children in the senior primary school grades.

Shared-cost projects as between the Federal and Territorial Governments are numerous, good examples being the new Whitehorse General Hospital and the schools at Dawson and Whitehorse, now under construction. Others are Indian and Northern Health Services, costs of which are split on a 70-30 basis between the two governments with the Territory bearing the first named proportion. This service is a growing one and will be extended to provide more adequate and efficient coverage.

Maintenance of resource roads such as the Whitehorse-Keno, Stewart Crossing-Dawson and Canol is also carried out on a shared basis, the Federal Government assuming eighty-five percent and the Territory fifteen percent of costs.

At a subsequent session you will be asked to consider the establishment of a central vocational school with hostel accommodation at Whitehorse to provide trades training to youths and adults of the Territory. Nurses' Aide training of selected girls will be a feature of the new general hospital. In both these projects Indian youths of both sexes will receive special consideration.

While most Federal Government departments are concerned in the Territory the Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources has the most intimate connection with matters of concern to the Territorial Government. The Minister of that Department, The Honourable Alvin Hamilton, is, broadly speaking, the Cabinet representative of the Territory, and, therefore, occupies a position of paramount importance in all matters pertaining to it. He is expected to visit the Territory during the month of November together with Cabinet Ministers of some other Departments.

On September 26th, 27th and 28th the Territory was honoured by a visit of the Prime Minister, The Right Honourable John G. Diefenbaker. Those hearing him speak could not doubt his deep interest in the expansion and development of the Yukon and his dedication to that purpose.

Territorial revenues and expenditures are running as anticipated although strictly federal expenditures on road reconstruction supervised by the Territorial Government have been greater than first estimated owing to accelerated progress and some changes in plans.

Depressed prices of base metals with a narrowed market has reduced the outgoing flow of materials from the Territory but the incoming volume shows an increase with every indication of further and substantial increases in the immediate future. The federal roads and buildings programs will mainly account for the increased traffic pending the bringing into production of additional mining or oil properties. Installation of adequate communication facilities will also increase the weight of incoming tonnage and employment. The development of our hydro-electrical energy potential to the export-of-power stage would give added impetus to an increase in population and territorial gross product.

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An enormous volume of favourable publicity for the Yukon was engendered by the celebration of the Gold Rush Jubilee throughout the Territory. The monetary contribution of the Territorial Government, together with the services of an official of the Canadian Government Travel Bureau enabled the Chairman and Members of the Gold Rush Committee to carry out the very extensive program of publicity and assistance which obtained the excellent results noted. The tourist industry is most important to the Territory providing a source of cash income along our highways and in our towns and settlements. The 1958 publicity program will undoubtedly tend to a marked increase in tourist traffic next year. Federal assistance in the construction of lunch and tourist stops along the Whitehorse-Dawson highway has been requested and is being favourably considered. Such open-air accommodation meets the growing trend of camping very evident during the past two years. The contemplated program is expected to accelerate tourist traffic on the Whitehorse-Dawson and Stewart Crossing-Keno roads and also on the Dawson-Boundary-Alaska Highway loop.

Some idea of the extensive buildings, road construction and maintenance programs being carried out this year under territorial supervision may be gathered from the following list of items and estimated expenditure:

Buildings and Construction:

Dawson Elementary High School	\$ 274,000.00
Elsa Public School	86,000.00
Haines Junction Public School	75,000.00
Selkirk Street Public School	260,000.00
Watson Lake School Addition	28,500.00
Garage - Whitehorse	60,000.00
Grader Station - Stewart Crossing	28,000.00
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Total	\$ 811,500.00
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Highway Reconstruction:

Dawson-Stewart Crossing Road	\$ 296,000.00
Whitehorse-Keno Road	347,000.00
Canol Road	213,000.00
Riverdale Townsite	7,000.00
Mayo-Elsa Road	15,000.00
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	\$ 878,000.00
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Special Projects:

Dyking - Mayo	\$ 20,000.00
Mayo Sewer Extension	2,000.00
Eighth Avenue Whitehorse	10,000.00
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	\$ 32,000.00
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Highway Maintenance:

Territorial Roads	Total	\$ 879,000.00
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Other projects carried out by the Department of Public Works from Northern Affairs funds are:

Yukon River Bridge at Carmacks
Survey and clearing Flat Creek-
Fort McPherson Road
Tatchum Creek Bridge

Total territorial expenditures in the present fiscal year exclusive of those on liquor are estimated at \$4,540,000.00 of which \$1,560,000.00 is recoverable from the Federal Government.

Of territorial revenues, exclusive of liquor profits, the Federal Government contributes approximately fifty percent in the form of subsidy, school fees, health and vocational grants.

With the federal programs already announced and those which will undoubtedly follow, together with bold and vigorous territorial policies, the foundation of a greater Yukon will be securely laid. The assistance thereby rendered private industry should lend encouragement to the outlay of risk capital from either within or without the confines of Canada.

Mr. Speaker and Members of Council, you will be asked to consider the following and such other legislation as is brought before you:

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|------------|--|
| Bill No. 1 | An Ordinance to Confirm the Assessment Roll, Collector's Roll and Tax By-Law of the Municipality, the City of Whitehorse, for the year 1957. |
| Bill No. 2 | An Ordinance Respecting the Revised Ordinances of the Yukon Territory. |
| Bill No. 3 | An Ordinance Respecting Additional Expenditures for the Public Service of the Territory for the Financial Year Ending the 31st day of March, 1959. |
| Bill No. 4 | An Ordinance Respecting Additional Expenditures for the Public Service of the Territory for the Financial Year Ending the 31st day of March, 1958. |

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon,
Thursday, October 16, 1958.
10:00 o'clock a.m.

Mr. Speaker assumed the chair and called the Council to order.

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole to discuss rules of Council.

Committee recessed at 12:00 o'clock noon.

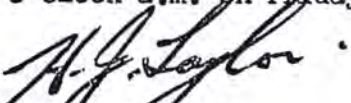
1:30 o'clock p.m.

Committee resumed discussion.

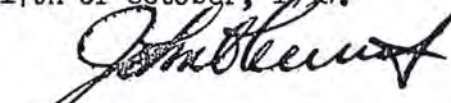
Council accepted the report of the Committee.

Mr. J. Smith seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw moved adoption of the Rules of Council as recommended by the Committee (see Sessional Paper No. 2). Motion Carried.

Council adjourned at 4:30 o'clock p.m. until 10:00 o'clock a.m. on Friday the 17th of October, 1958.


"H. J. Taylor"

Clerk of the Council


"J. O. Livesey"

Speaker.

STANDING ORDERS AND RULES OF
THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF
YUKON TERRITORY

PART 1

PUBLIC BUSINESS
GENERAL RULE

- S.O.1. (1) 1. In all cases not provided for hereafter or by sessional or other orders, the usages and customs of the House of Commons of Canada as in force at the time shall be followed so far as they may be applicable to this Council.

CHAPTER 1

SITTINGS OF THE HOUSE

- S.O.2.(1) (2) 2.(1) The Council shall meet on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays from 10:00 o'clock a.m. to 12:00 o'clock noon, and from 1:30 o'clock p.m. to 5:00 o'clock p.m. and on Saturdays from 10:00 o'clock a.m. to 12:00 o'clock noon.

- S.O.2. (3)
(3 (1)) (2) If at the time of meeting there be not a quorum, Mr. Speaker may take the Chair and adjourn the Council until the next sitting day.

- S.O.3 (1)
(New) 3.(1) The presence of at least three members of the Council, including Mr. Speaker, shall be necessary to constitute a meeting of the Council for the exercise of its powers.

- S.O.3(2)
(3 (1)). (2) Whenever Mr. Speaker adjourns the Council for want of a quorum, the time of the adjournment, and the names of the members then present, shall be inserted in "Votes and Proceedings".

- S.O.5(New) 4. Every member is bound to attend the service of the Council, unless leave of absence has been given him by the Council.

- S.O.10(New) 5.(a) Mr. Speaker may take part in any debate before the Council.

(b) If Mr. Speaker shall take part in any such debate he shall direct the Deputy Speaker to take the Chair and shall speak from his place in the Council.

(c) When Mr. Speaker has spoken in such debate he shall resume the Chair.

(d) In case of an equality of voices, Mr. Speaker gives a casting vote and any reasons stated by him are entered in the "Votes and Proceedings".

- S.O.11(New) 6. No member is entitled to vote upon any question in which he has a direct pecuniary interest, and the vote of any member so interested will be disallowed.

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- S.O.12(1)
(New) 7.(1) Mr. Speaker shall preserve order and decorum, and shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Council without debate. In explaining a point of order or practice, he shall state the Standing Order or authority applicable to the case.
- S.O.12(2)
(New) (2) When Mr. Speaker is putting a question, no member shall walk out of the Council, or make any noise or disturbance.
- S.O.12(3)
(New) (3) When a member is speaking, no member shall interrupt him, except to raise a point of order.
- S.O.12(5)
(New) (4) When the Council adjourns the members shall keep their seats until Mr. Speaker has left the chair.

CHAPTER II

BUSINESS OF THE COUNCIL

- S.O.15(1)
(New) 8.(1) Mr. Speaker shall read prayers every day at the meeting of the Council before any business is entered upon.

(2) The ordinary daily routine of business in the Council shall be as follows:

Presenting reports by standing and special Committees.
Motions.

S.O.15(2)(4)

Introduction of Bills.
Government notices of motions.

(3) The order of business for the consideration of the Council, day by day, after the daily routine, shall be as follows:

- Day 1 - Notices of motions for the production of papers.
Government orders.
Private bills.
Notices of motion.
Public bills and orders.
- Day 2 - Public bills and orders.
Notices of motions for the production of papers.
Notices of motions.
Government orders.
- Day 3 - Government orders.
Public bills and orders.
Notice of motions for the production of papers.
Notice of motions.
Private and public bills, the former having precedence.

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- Day 4 - Starred questions.
Notices of motions for the production of papers.
Government orders.
Notice of motions.
Public bills and orders.
- Day 5 - Government orders.
Public bills and orders.
Notices of motions for the production of papers.
Notices of motions.
- Day 6 - Government orders.
Public bills and orders.
Notices of motions for the production of papers.
Notices of motions.
- S.O.15(3)(4) Day 7 - (From 10 o'clock to 11 o'clock a.m.)
Private and public bills, the former having
precedence.
Government orders.
Public bills and orders.
Notices of motions for the production of papers.
Notices of motions.

- (New) 9. Whenever any matter of privilege arises, it shall be taken into consideration immediately.
- S.O.18(1)
(5 (1)). 10. All items standing on the orders of the day (except Government orders) shall be taken up according to the precedence assigned to each on the order paper.
- S.O.18(2)
(5(1)). (2) Except as provided in standing order 44, Government orders may be called in such sequence as the Council may think fit.
- S.O.19(1)
(5(2)). 11.(1) Questions put by members and notices of motions not taken up when called, may (upon request of the Council), be allowed to stand and retain their precedence; otherwise they will disappear from the order paper. They may, however, be renewed.
- S.O.19(2)
(5(2)). (2) Orders not proceeded with when called, upon the like request may be allowed to stand retaining their precedence; otherwise they shall be dropped and placed on the order paper for the next sitting, after those of the same class at a similar stage.
- S.O.19(3)
(New) (3) All orders not disposed of at the adjournment of the Council shall be postponed until the next sitting day without a motion to that effect.
- 12.(1) The day to day precedence on the order paper, except as otherwise provided, shall be as follows:
- (a) Third reading of bills.
 - (b) Reports received from committees of the whole Council.

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- (c) Bills reported after second reading from any standing or special committee for reference to a committee of the whole Council.
- (d) Bills ordered by the Council for reference to a committee of the whole Council.
- (e) Second reading of bills.

S.O.20(1)(New) (f) Other orders according to the date thereof.

S.O.20(2)
(New) (2) After any bill or other order in the name of a member has been considered in the Council or in any committee of the whole and any proceeding thereon has adjourned or interrupted, the said bill or order, shall be placed on the order paper for the next sitting at the head of the list under the respective heading for such bills or orders.

S.O.21(1)
(New) 13.(1) Government notice of motions for the Council to go into committee of the whole at the next sitting of the Council, when put from the chair shall be decided without debate or amendment.

S.O.21(2)
(New) (2) When any other Government notice of motion is called from the chair it shall be deemed to have been forthwith transferred to and ordered for consideration under Government order in the same or at the next sitting of the Council.

S.O.24
(New) 14. A motion for reading the order of the day shall have preference to any motion before the Council.

S.O.25
(New) 15. A motion to adjourn (except when made for the purpose of discussing a definite matter of urgent public importance) shall always be in order, but no second motion to the same effect shall be made until after some intermediate proceeding has been had.

16.(1) Leave to make a motion for the adjournment of Council when made for the purpose of discussing a definite matter of urgent public importance, must be asked after the ordinary routine of business, standing order & (2), has been concluded.

S.O.26(2)
(New) (2) The member desiring to make such a motion rises in his place, asks leave to move the adjournment of the Council for the purpose of discussing a definite matter of urgent public importance, and states the matter.

S.O.26(3)
(New) (3) He then hands a written statement of the matter proposed to be discussed to Mr. Speaker, who, if he thinks it is in order, and of urgent public importance, reads it out and asks whether the member has the leave of the Council. If objection is taken, Mr. Speaker requests those members who support the motion to rise in their places and, if more than two members rise accordingly, Mr. Speaker calls upon the member who has asked for leave.

S.O.26(4)
(New) (4) If two or less members rise in their places, the question whether the member has leave to move the adjournment of Council shall be put forthwith, without debate, and determined, if necessary, by a division.

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S.O.26(5)
(New) (5) Except with the requisite leave or support, the motion cannot be made,

(6) The right to move the adjournment of the Council for the above purposes is subject to the following restrictions:

(a) Not more than one such motion can be made at the same sitting.

(b) Not more than one matter can be discussed on the same motion.

(c) The motion must not revive discussion on a matter which has been discussed in the same session.

S.O.26(6)
(New) (d) The motion must not anticipate a matter which has been previously appointed for consideration by the Council, or with reference to which a notice of motion has been previously given and withdrawn.

(e) The motion must not raise a question of privilege.

(f) The discussion under the motion must not raise any question which, according to the standing orders of the Council, can only be debated on a distinct motion under notice.

CHAPTER III

RULES OF DEBATE

S.O.28
(New) 17. Every member desiring to speak is to rise in his place, uncovered, and address himself to Mr. Speaker.

S.O.29(7) 18. When two or more members rise to speak, Mr. Speaker calls upon the member who first rose in his place.

S.O.30
(New) 19. If anything shall come in question touching the conduct of any member, or his election, or his right to hold his seat, he may make a statement and shall withdraw from the debate.

S.O.31(9) 20. When Mr. Speaker is in the chair, no member except a member moving a Government order and the member speaking in reply, immediately after such member, shall speak for more than forty minutes at a time in any debate.

21. All motions, except for adjournment are debatable.

S.O.34(1)
(11) 22.(1) Any member addressing the Council, if called to order either by Mr. Speaker or on a point raised by another member, shall sit down while the point is being stated, after which he may explain, Mr. Speaker may permit debate on the point of order before giving his decision, but such debate must be strictly relevant to the point of order taken.

S.O.34(2)
(8 (2)). (2) Mr. Speaker or the chairman, after having called the attention of the Council, or of the Committee to the conduct of a member, who persists in irrelevance, or repetition, may direct him to discontinue his speech, and if then the member still continues to speak, Mr. Speaker shall discipline him or if in committee, the chairman shall report him to the Council.

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23. No member shall speak disrespectfully of Her Majesty, nor of any of the Royal Family, nor of his Excellency or the person administering the Government of Canada, nor use offensive words against the Council, or against any member thereof. No member may reflect upon any vote of the Council, except for the purpose of moving that such vote be rescinded.

S.O.36
(New)

24. When the question under discussion does not appear on the order paper or has not been typewritten or printed and distributed, any member may require it to be read at any time of the debate, but not so as to interrupt a member while speaking.

S.O.37(1)
(10(1)).

25.(1) No member may speak twice to a question, except in explanation of a material point of his speech which may have been misquoted, or misunderstood, but then he is not to introduce any new matter, and no debate shall be allowed upon such explanation.

S.O.37(2)
(10(2)).

(2) A reply shall be allowed to a member who has moved a substantive motion, but not to the mover of an amendment, the previous question or an instruction to a committee.

S.O.37(3)
(10(3)).

(3) In all cases Mr. Speaker shall inform the Council that the reply of the mover of the original motion closes the debate.

CHAPTER IV

ADDRESS IN REPLY TO THE COMMISSIONER'S SPEECH

S.O.38(1)
(New)

26.(1) The proceedings on the order of the day for resuming debate on the motion for an address in reply to the Commissioner's speech and on any amendment proposed thereto, shall not exceed one sitting day.

S.O.38(2)
(New)

(2) Any day or days to be appointed for the consideration of the said order shall be announced from time to time by the Speaker (With consent of Council) and on any such day or days this order shall have precedence of all other business except the ordinary daily routine of business.

CHAPTER V

QUESTIONS

S.O.39(1)
(12(1)).

27.(1) Questions may be placed on the order paper seeking information from the Commissioner relating to public affairs, and from other members, relating to any bill, motion or other public matter connected with the business of the Council, in which such members may be concerned, but in putting any such question or in replying to the same no argument or opinion is to be offered, nor any facts stated, except so far as may be necessary to explain the same, and in answering any such question the matter to which the same refers shall not be debated.

(2) (a) Any member who wishes an oral answer to his question may distinguish it by an asterisk and it shall be typewritten or printed on the daily order paper under the heading "Starred Question" until it be disposed of.

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S.O.39(2)
(a)(b)(c)(d)

(b) No member shall have more than five starred questions at a time on the daily order paper.

(3) (a) If a member does not distinguish his question by an asterisk, it shall be printed on the daily order paper under the heading "Questions" until it be disposed of, and the Commissioner may deposit the answer with the Clerk of the Council during the first hour of a daily sitting.

S.O.39(3)
(a)(b)(New)

(b) "Questions" shall be typewritten or printed as the last section of the daily order paper.

S.O.39(4)
(12(2)).

(4) If, in the opinion of Mr. Speaker, a question on the order paper is of such a nature as to require a lengthy reply, he may, upon a request made by the Council during the question period, direct the same to stand as a notice of motion, and to be transferred to its proper place as such upon the order paper, the Clerk of the Council being authorized to amend the same as to matters of form.

S.O.40(1)
(New)

28.(1) Any return, report or other paper required to be laid before the Council in accordance with any Ordinance of the Legislature or in pursuance of any resolution or standing order of this Council, may be deposited with the Clerk of the Council on any sitting day, and such return, report or other paper shall be deemed for all purposes to have been presented to, or laid before the Council.

(2) A record of any such return, report or other paper so deposited shall be entered in the Votes and Proceedings of the same day.

CHAPTER VI

NOTICES

S.O.41
(New)

29. Twenty-four hours notice shall be given of a motion for leave to present a bill, resolution or address, for the appointment of any committee, or for placing a question on the order paper; but this rule shall not apply to bills after their introduction, or to private bills, or to the times of meeting or adjournment of the Council. Such notice shall be laid on the table before 5 o'clock p.m. and be typewritten or printed in the Votes and Proceedings of that day.

S.O.42
(New).

30. A motion may, in case of urgent and pressing necessity previously explained by the mover, be made by unanimous consent of the Council without notice having been given under standing order 29.

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VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Friday, October 17, 1958.
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker assumed the chair and called the Council to order.

Mr. J. Smith seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor moved for leave to introduce at the next sitting of Council the following Bill:

Bill No. 1 - An Ordinance to confirm the Assessment Roll, Collector's Roll and Tax By-Law of the Municipality, the City of Whitehorse for the year 1957.

Mr. R. L. McKamey seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw moved for leave to introduce at the next sitting of Council the following Bill:

Bill No. 3 - An Ordinance respecting additional expenditures for the Public Service of the Territory for the financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1959.

Mr. G. O. Shaw seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor moved for leave to introduce at the next sitting of Council the following Bill:

Bill No. 4 - An Ordinance respecting additional expenditures for the Public Service of the Territory for the financial year ending the 31st day of March, 1958.

Mr. J. Smith gave notice that he would introduce at this Session of Council motions concerning the following:

- (1) A Council Leader
- (2) National Building Code
- (3) Duplication of Essential Services

Mr. G. O. Shaw gave notice that he would introduce at this Session of Council motions concerning the following:

- (1) A Public Utilities Commission
- (2) Village of Granville

Mr. R. L. McKamey gave notice that he would introduce at this Session of Council motions concerning the following:

- (1) The Commissioner attending Council
- (2) The Workmen's Compensation Board Representation in Yukon Territory
- (3) Legislation re Mothers' Allowance
- (4) The Social Welfare Service

Mr. C. D. Taylor gave notice that he would introduce at this Session of Council motions concerning the following:

- (1) The Department of Education - Federal Assistance
- (2) The Department of Education School Ordinance
- (3) The Recording of Council Proceedings
- (4) The increasing of Council to seven

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(2)

Mr. J. O. Livesey with the Deputy Speaker in the chair, gave notice that he would introduce at this Session of Council motions concerning the following:

- (1) A more responsible form of Government
- (2) The agricultural potential in Yukon
- (3) Public Health Nurses

First reading was given the following Bill:

Bill No. 2 - An Ordinance respecting the revised Ordinances of the Yukon Territory.

Second reading was given the following Bill:

Bill No. 2 - An Ordinance respecting the revised Ordinances of the Yukon Territory.

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole to consider Bill No. 2.

Committee reported Bill No. 2 with Amendments.

Council adjourned at 12:00 o'clock noon.

1:30 o'clock P.M.

Mr. Speaker assumed the chair and called Council to order.

Council resolved itself into a committee of the whole to consider the address of the Commissioner.


Committee of the whole requested the Speaker to resume the chair.


Mr. C. D. Taylor seconded by Mr. R. L. McKamey moved that an address be prepared thanking the Commissioner for his address on the opening of Council.

Third reading was given the following Bill:

Bill No. 2 - An Ordinance respecting the revised Ordinances of the Yukon Territory.

Council adjourned at 4:00 o'clock P.M. until 10:00 o'clock A.M. on Saturday, October 18, 1958.


"H. J. Taylor"
Clerk of the Council


"J. O. Livesey"
Speaker

YUKON TERRITORIAL COUNCIL

Mr. J. Smith's Reply

To Mr. Collins'

Opening Address

Mr. Speaker and Honourable Council Members:

One of the least known and least discussed aspects of our government, I feel, that as part of the Yukon Legislative Council, we should be well versed on the history of representative government in our Territory. There are two distinct phases that are well worth while looking at, one concerns our representation in the House of Commons and the other concerns the formation and the handling of the Territorial Council from the time of its inception until today.

On June 19th, 1900, Sir Charles Tupper introduced a motion in the House of Commons, which was to have given immediate representation in the Federal House to Yukon Territory. The motion was defeated, however, on the ground that the census of the area was to be completed in 1901. On April 23, 1902, the Minister of the Interior, the Honourable Clifford Sifton, introduced Bill No. 134 into the House of Commons respecting representation of Yukon in the House. One member was to be elected and after the election, which resulted from the passing of this bill, James Hamilton Ross, who had been the Commissioner of the Territory, resigned and contested the one Yukon seat in the House of Commons and thus was our first representative in the Federal House. The next Federal election in the Yukon Territory was held in June 1905, when Dr. A. Thompson, an Independent, was elected to the House and Mr. J. A. Ross was made a Senator. During this period of time the Yukon Act was put into force and on April 21st, 1902, Bill No. 119 was introduced into the Federal House to further amend this Act and the Yukon Council was established with ten members, five of them to be appointed and five of them to be elected. At this time the population of the Territory was approximately 21,000 people and the first elected members of the Yukon Council were Dr. Albert Thompson, Rev. John Pringle, Messrs. J. A. Clark, Max Laudreville and Robert Low. The other five members were appointed, however, I do not have their names available. In 1908 a further Act to amend the Yukon Act was introduced on July 20th, which provided for ten elected members for the Territorial Council and they were given legislative powers, on all matters except money bills which had to be recommended to the Council by message of the Commissioner. Until the spring of 1918, this condition prevailed and then the Interior Minister Meighan, authorized an appointed Council of two. The old set-up was entirely abolished and elected representatives of the people for local government came to a complete halt here in the Territory. In 1919, representative Government was again made available in the area and a Council of three elected members was formed and at this time women were given the franchise in this area. Due to the May Silver Strike which occurred prior to 1923, there was a request that came to increase the Council to four members and this request was completely rejected. To show you how the population declined at that time, which brought about certain questions and trepedations on part of the Dominion Government with regard to our form of Government in this area, I have the following which, I am sure, will prove of interest to you.

<u>Year</u>	<u>Population</u>	
1901	27,219	
1911	8,512	(1,528 Indians)
1921	4,157	
1930	4,230	(2,730 of these White)
1941	4,914	
1951	12,190	
1958	approx.13,000	

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As mining was the backbone of the economy in the early days and for that matter still is, particular interest to us is the handling of the Placer Mining Act of 1906. A special committee of the Yukon Council was appointed on September 6th, 1905, to fashion a draft covering mining in the Yukon to replace the old unstable system of Orders-in-Council which had existed from the period of 1897-98. While Yukon was still in the throes of the vital transition from crude hand methods to methods of Placer and hydraulic mining, (more expensive forms of mining) Parliament passed the Placer Mining Act of 1906. With this Act and the Quartz Act of 1924, these Acts functioned so successfully in large measure due to the fact that the federal authorities wisely fashioned their provisions upon the views of the mining interest and employees assembled in meetings all over the Yukon. From 1919 until 1949, the number of elected representatives of Yukon Territorial Council remained at three. Then, due to the considerable increase in the population, as I have already pointed out to you, it was deemed advisable to change the number of members sitting in the Council and it was increased to five, where it presently is still so constituted. At this Session of the Council, as has already been indicated from resolutions appearing on today's order paper, request is going to be made in Council for a further increase to have seven members to sit in the Council.

It appears to the speaker that we are running very, very closely parallel in our struggle to complete responsible Government, along lines which were very similar to those which were experienced by another part of Canada that was once upon a time known as the North West Territories. The North West Territories, as we know them today, consist of that portion of the vast areas of Canada's North, that include the districts of Keewatin and McKenzie and lie directly North of the 60th parallel of latitude. Not so in the early days of our country's history, as the North West Territories were known in those times or were referred to as what we know as three of our Prairie Provinces, namely, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba. These people with a vast hinterland, were constantly badgering the Federal authorities in Ottawa for complete self Government. A formula was worked out for them and in the course of time a Lieutenant Governor was appointed and he in turn was given an advisory council which first was appointed, later was elected and was further expanded as time went on, so that they ultimately wound up with complete responsible Government. I think we find ourselves today in very similar circumstances. Our population is such and the area involved is so great that we are, of necessity, beholden to the Great White Father in Ottawa in the form of the Federal Government for tremendous subsidy to maintain the standard of Government service which the people of our area require and which it is the desire of the Federal Government to see that they are provided with. As our great resources are such that very little time may elapse between the time that we find ourselves saddled with our present form of Government and the economic progress that might take place, literally speaking, overnight, that would force complete responsible Government upon our hands, I feel it is the duty and responsibility of this assembly to see that every step that we take has in mind the fact that the day is not too far distant when we will be called upon to look after our Governmental affairs completely, therefore, we should see that the steps are taken in an orderly and justifiable manner to make this change-over a practical and possible one, when the circumstances are so that it can be accomplished. Many objections may be raised to this approach, but I believe the expediency of the moment is not always the best way in the long run, to handle such problems. We have already dealt with one particular phase of our activities here, establishing reasonable rules for Council to operate within, that when our body is expanded to greater numbers

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and the informality of a small group is of necessity dispensed with, that the framework is laid and will be available to those who succeed us, when the Council is in greater numbers so they may carry on in an orderly and justifiable manner to conduct the business that will appear before the House.

I would like to digress for a few minutes to speak with regard to certain items that appear in the speech that we were favoured with from Mr. F.H. Collins, the Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, at our opening day. Mr. Collins opens his remarks to Council with some very pertinent information which Council has eagerly digested and have further seen fit to question the Commissioner more fully on. As can be seen from the opening remarks of the Commissioner, the vast amount of capital expenditure which is taking place in the Territory at the present time, is being underwritten by the Federal Government. I would like to point out to Council members that, while this may be the case at the moment, such has not been entirely the case over the period of the last ten or fifteen years. As we all know, the advent of the Second World War brought about a tremendous period of expansion in the Territory, which was accelerated to such fantastic length by the building of the Alaska Highway. Immediately after the highway was transferred to the Canadian Army, it was not too certain whether or not the highway was going to be maintained and that brought about a certain amount of hesitation on the part of private enterprises as to whether or not they could depend on this great artery of transportation to expand their holdings in the area. I refer particularly to the mining companies when I mention this. Then came a period of approximately eight years beginning 1947, when tremendous expansion of a permanent nature took place. In this period of time private capital was invested in the country in very large amounts, which indicated the firm belief of private enterprises in the fact that industries could be established on a profitable basis in the area. I would use the example of United Keno Hills operation in the Mayo area, Cassiar Asbestos operation, while not actually within the borders of our Territory, are certainly overflowing its economic prosperity into our trading area. Likewise, many other smaller enterprises found the climate good to do business and become established here and they took advantage of the roads and transportation facilities which Government had seen fit to provide them to create a climate that would allow them to become established. Then, we are running into a period now when we are back knocking on the door of the Federal Government and asking them to come and spend other vast sums of money to create further conditions which are going to make it possible for private enterprises to come in, invest their millions and create a climate of economic advancement that is going to, undoubtedly, make the vision of the North, that our Government is so apt in putting forward, the reality that we as individuals know in our own mind, can be.

The vision of the north will remain a story book fiction, however, unless we, as citizens of the north, decide to bring it into reality. The Federal Government can only create the atmosphere, we have to do the rest. As the voice of the Yukon's population, we have a mandate, I believe, to push with all the aggressiveness at our command to improve the local scene and make the Yukon an attractive place for people to live, work and prosper. The mandate includes laying of the foundations for the day of responsible government—a day which may not be so far distant if we work hard enough and with earnest desire to bring it closer. The cliché of the last election campaign that the Federal Government's Road Program in the north simply consisted of a four lane highway from igloo to igloo, is to my way of thinking, a pretty fair appraisal of the low esteem we are held in by the rest of Canada's population, and while

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I don't believe in substituting ten storey apartment blocks for the igloos, I do believe that in the course of the next ten years the author of those words can literally be made to eat them, if we pursue, with vigor, the improvement in our economic climate which these roads are going to make possible.

Make no mistake, the success or failure of the vision of the north rests with us, the people who live here, and no one here will deny that in order to stand all the present discomforts of the north, you have to be a true believer not just a dreamer who lives in a steam heated apartment in Ottawa.

The progress we make will be determined during this Council. By our actions let us exhibit to our local executive branch of the Government and to the Government in Ottawa that the day has arrived when an opinion from the Yukon Territory Legislative Council is not just something for the waste basket, but a genuine statement from a genuine part of Canada, and so command the attention, I feel, we have been elected to demand.

YUKON TERRITORIAL COUNCIL
Mr. R. McKamey's
Reply to
Mr. Collins'
Opening Address

Mr. Speaker and Honourable Council members of the Yukon Council:

There are several points regarding roads that I would like to draw to your attention.

This Great Road or projected Access Road north to the Arctic is supposed to be self liquidating. How, may I ask? Self-liquidating on the amount of revenue received on gas tax and licenses?

It is my contention that it will take several centuries to make this road self-liquidating if it depends on the monies received on gas tax and licenses.

We, the people of the Yukon, are not only spending our tax money, but spending the tax money of everyone in Canada. Is it not IMPELATIVE that we spend the taxpayers money properly?

Why and How can the Dominion Government make a detailed survey over one proposed route and say, "This is the logical route". Did they make a detailed survey on the other proposed route? I am here to tell you, THAT NEVER DID HAPPEN. An Aerial reconnaissance was made on the other proposed routes via helicopter.

There are many things to take into consideration when building access roads or so called great roads.

No. 1 The geology and the possible mining potentials, as well as the oil potential.

No. 2 Topographical features and economical road building.

Can the Federal Government produce detailed survey results on any of these alternate routes?

For the first 100 miles, is this chosen route better geologically than the alternate routes? How are we to know? A Government geologist and assistants were sent into the chosen road area to geologize and come up with some answer. Result was: BUDGET CUT HELICOPTER TIME CUT IN HALF. You probably end up with half an answer.

Is this project a repetition of the Whitehorse Sewer and Water System?

Let us look at this geologically, topographically and economically.

Why not BUILD A ROAD THAT WILL BENEFIT THE MINING INDUSTRY AS WELL AS THE OIL INDUSTRY. IF WE ARE GOING TO OPEN UP THE YUKON ---LET'S OPEN IT RIGHT --- AND NOT WITH A DEAD HORSE.

October 18th, 1958.

Mr. G. O. Shaw's ReplyTo Mr. Collins'Opening Address

Mr. Speaker and Honourable Council Members:

This is indeed an opportunity in which I am happy and proud to be able to present to you a few of the problems that vitally concern all of the people of the Yukon Territory. Insofar as one section prospers and advances, so does the Territory as a whole.

Firstly, as you are aware, Mr. Speaker, the high cost of living in this Northern area evolves in a great hardship when a person is called upon to pay Income Tax in the same ratio as a person would in Montreal or other Eastern Cities where the actual cost of living is possibly one third of what it is here. Repeated representations to the Federal Government have met with little response, albeit a great deal of sympathy, the reasons given is that to differentiate between areas is not a workable solution, if one must accept this edict - I still feel that there has to be some workable solution to alleviation of some of this: what might be termed as the difficulties of living in a far North area, I quote Mr. Collins' address, so ably presented in which he states, as I presume a Federal Government policy, the desire for a greater permanency of residence with its stabilizing effect on the economy.

To create permanency of residence and draw people from more favourable climates, it is necessary that some concessions must be made to compensate for the conditions that climate imposes on us therefore, to allow a person building a residence, a concession in these Northern latitudes and to encourage this, I feel that an allowance of depreciation of twenty per cent of the cost of the building per year on personal income would materially assist, encourage, and give incentive to more homes being built in the Yukon, while I am on the subject of homes, Mr. Speaker, I and the people of the Dawson area are eagerly looking forward to the first steps which are about to be made in regard to introducing the building of houses under the Central Mortgage and Housing Act in this district.

Now in reference to roads, Mr. Speaker, more particularly to the road from Dawson to Cassier, Clinton Creek, Etc. and thence on to the Alaska Highway, I would strongly urge that the Government in their survey do not overlook the possibilities of making this road to follow the right limit or Easterly side of

the Yukon River, I mention this insofar as there are various known prospects of silver, iron and copper that can be drawn from this area. By so doing, it would be possible to tap hundreds of square miles of potential mineral area on what might be termed a down hill haul from a vast area of the Ogilvie Range; at the present time, the costs of prospecting and working in these parts are almost prohibitive.

Another matter, Mr. Speaker, that I feel strongly about, is the matter of extermination of predatory animals, more specifically the wolf. I can quite understand how nature balances the continuity of the different species of animals; however, I do not think that nature always takes into account, in its balancing, the effect that man has created in his need of game animals, either for meat or sport. Accordingly, statistics have proven that Caribou are very much decreasing in number; the people who feel the impact of this most severely are the Indian population that subsist primarily on these animals for food and clothing, etc. To assist these people, whose very lives depend on these large herds continuing, I consider it imperative that a bounty be placed on wolves. Such an action without question will substantially deplete the wolves in the area concerned; also will assist the Indian trappers in what is now a most depressed industry.

It is commendable, and I welcome the Government's plan, to provide vocational training to the younger Indians; however, it is still necessary that the older members be taken into consideration and assisted in a manner by which they can maintain their self-respect in a type of livelihood with which they are acquainted.

Another matter, Mr. Speaker, is that before attendance at this Council, I found that I was totally unaware of what legislation was to come before me. I feel that if I am to represent the people of my district in an efficient manner, and according to their majority wishes, it is only common sense that I should have knowledge of the Agenda prior to the opening of Council, that I may discuss with the various sections, the ordinances that apply to their respective trades, professions, etc. In so doing, I feel that I would be more qualified to give an intelligent vote.

YUKON TERRITORIAL COUNCIL
Mr. C. D. Taylor's
Reply to
Mr. Collins'
Opening Address

Mr. Speaker and Honourable Council Members:

I would like to concur with our able Deputy Speaker, Mr. J. Smith, on his fine talk as well as both you gentlemen. You have spoken rather materially and I would like to take this time to speak more on the human side of what I see in the Territory.

As you know, many of us are natives of the Yukon, many of us are white and many are brown skinned. I would like to spend my time speaking about these that are darker skinned. Those of us who are white have had the opportunity of finance for either education or opportunity of work. Approximately 15 to 20 percent of our population are natives -- brown skinned -- born here, and I feel that their standards are far too low to join into our society and into our economy. As legislatures, we should do everything in our power to advance their education, both in our high schools and in our future trade school about which our good Commissioner spoke yesterday. We must also bring up their living conditions so that they can be part of our society. If their standard is not brought up to a higher level, it could contribute to a Little Rock. Let us look back 50 years and say thank goodness that the Council in 1958 did something so that we do not run into a Little Rock. When this minority becomes educated in the wrong sphere, they will become a nuisance on our hands, so why not educate them in school, living conditions, morals and every way so they can fit into our society and in this way we will avoid a Little Rock in the Yukon in years to come. This is our opportunity and I think we should take it. This opportunity is not handed out by dollars, having been in business for twenty-five years in the Yukon, I have seen a prosperous group of people, hardy trappers, some you have read about when you were young people yourselves, about how the Indian went out and got his animals and everything he needed. In the last fifteen to twenty years, we have given them family allowance, hand-outs of every description and have

made a worthless race out of them. Our job today is to give them the opportunity by education to make permanent citizens of tomorrow.

Concerning our natural resources -- mines, road building, fur bearing animals and big game hunting, etc., the thing is you cannot develop anything in a country unless you have manpower. We have the manpower right in our own country to draw out these natural resources and we can see during the last three or four years, since these various construction jobs are being carried out here in the Yukon, that some native people have made great strides in becoming useful to the construction world.

With regard to our schools, parents here in the Yukon, at the present time, are spending a great deal of money sending their children from their home for lack of a good school system. Where the fault lies, I do not wish to criticize, but it is a sure sign of defeat when we see the number of high school age leaving our community. There must be something wrong. I can speak of bitter disappointment myself, as I had to send my daughter out for lack of good ground schooling and, as I was saying, I do not wish to criticise any one person, but I feel we must strengthen our system of schooling in the Yukon. I have a resolution in at the present time with regard to looking into better economy through having school boards and even up to the extent of having school districts. I wish you gentlemen would pray with me in seeing that this is made a success. The past Territorial Council has given a great deal of thought and has made funds available in the form of bursaries to enable some of our children to go to University. We know very well that the Territory is not in a position at the present time, to set up a University Program. We are very fortunate that our neighbours to the north in Alaska are giving us a wonderful opportunity but we would like our children to grow up under the British system, or you might say, Canadian School System and the University of British Columbia and the University of Alberta is just a matter of hours from our door. If a bursary system is set up, it is good, but it does not touch all along the line here as you gentlemen have mentioned, the cost of living is high and I know of several able, hard working students who cannot go on to University for lack of funds. If we had a University next door like they do in Victoria, etc.,

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there would not be such a financial burden on parents to see that their children go on to this higher level of education. I believe we should take this opportunity to set up a loan system by which a parent or the grown students themselves would be able to borrow money so that they can go on with their education. Now we are quite aware that after the student has been in University from two to three years that opportunities for gaining funds or the amount required to go to University is a lot easier. It is the first year that requires help. I would like to see us work out a plan by which these children of good standard, future good citizens of Canada, and future men to move into Government and Industrial positions, have the opportunity of getting Mining Degrees, Teaching Degrees and Degrees in Theology, etc.

Several of our smaller communities here in the Yukon, many of them future mining districts, are without some of the things which we call in life, necessities, and I would like to see, within the period of this Council, a service extended to these smaller communities in order that they may obtain electrical power. As you know, there are many small areas that have individual power plants, and it is costing them a tremendous sum of money, as they are uneconomical, dangerous and unreliable. Two of the district representatives have asked if it is possible to have a consolidation of a lighting system. They realize that it would not be economical from private enterprise point of view, but I feel that if we were to take an area like Carcross, where there is a power plant run, I believe, by the Government, why that cannot be set up into a system by which each individual is able to draw electricity and have their deep freezers to hold their meat, as they do not have a butcher shop, and have to have these facilities to pump their water in order to have a better life. We cannot develop this country unless we give our women folk more facilities.

Another point I would like to draw up is the inability of our system of tax collection with regard to squatters and trailers. We are endeavoring to tax land, property, etc., to enable us to run our Territory. These fine construction companies are coming up to the north, they come in here and set up shop and then come along the trailers which park on city and Territorial land. Our Mayor here in Whitehorse is also worried over the problem. I believe we should set up some type of tax program by which we can have these people pay for some of the services

that are rendered. For example, a trailer arrived in town with three children which attend our school, but I do not know whether there is any mill rate derived from that trailer parked up on a side road. I believe the fire truck made a trip up there which is part of the City Program.

A further point I would like to draw up is some liaison or communication between the Territorial Council while out of Session and the Administration of the Yukon Territory — Mr. Shaw and Mr. Smith touched on this subject. It is very difficult for us to come from our areas and have before us these bills to pass without any knowledge concerning them. We are only laymen of the street and businesses, and we would like to do justice to our constituencies but we cannot do this unless we can get people's feelings and to have these bills come up before us is not quite the thing and I believe that a resolution has been placed in that we could get around this absence in co-ordination and I hope you Councillors will bear with this request.

Another point I would like to draw is the enlargement of the Territorial Councillors. There is one or two of us here that have a busy little session from Fourth Avenue across to the River or to the sandbank and on top of the hill here and yet we have to get in our automobile and go another three hundred and fifty miles to see other people in our constituency. There is nothing relative to those people's needs and people here, say, in a busy section of Whitehorse. I have given a great deal of thought and have discussed it with the members of Council as well as with the citizens of the Territory. I even have maps with scrawls all over it and I feel that if we were able to add an additional two to our Council, we not only would give better economy to our districts, but also would be able to draw on a larger group of men.

Amongst us we have two gentlemen from the City or Municipality. This will be able to help us when we come to the Municipal Act. We have another gentleman that is good on mining problems; two of us are in the business world and we also have another gentleman who knows the Alaska Highway. At the present layout of our Councillors, I do not feel that the people of the highway have as much representation as they should have.

I wish again to thank the Commissioner for the time he spent with us yesterday drawing out some of the points with regard to our requests.

YUKON TERRITORIAL COUNCIL

MR. J. O. LIVESEY'S REPLYTO MR. COLLINS'OPENING ADDRESS

Mr. Speaker and Honourable Council Members:

I have not had an opportunity before to speak to members of Council or for that matter inhabitants of Whitehorse or any other parts of this great section of the Yukon, however, I have prepared some things which I will put before you for your consideration. This is the first opportunity that I have had of addressing Council on matters of importance to the Territory, during the number of years that I have spent in residence in this far north corner of our great country, and I would like to express my sincere gratitude for this privilege; One of the principles of democracy and free speech that our people have fought for so hard and have died for in the struggle for freedom and the right to choose their way of life. On November 11th next, we will bow our heads in prayer for those who have left us and for those who fell in this great struggle to preserve these fundamental feelings. Too few of us fully realize the enormity and the extent of the price that was paid—the blood and the destruction in mortal combat, the wrecking and annihilation of human life, the complete wiping away of years of toil and labour. Surely this was a heavy price to pay. The price at times seems to be forgotten, present day thinking appears to forget the past and thereby improperly evaluate the present. Coupled with our present sense of feeling is the freedom of self government, the thought that someday the Yukon shall govern its own future and its own destiny.

The Yukon has been alive and on the map, in a sense, for decades, yet we only have a small population scattered over a tremendous and vast area. Our increase in population, although high by percentage over the past few years, is only high by mathematical relations to the fact that an increase of one over two is equal to 50% in increase, so that the percentage of increase is no criterion. The fact that we have a small population covering a large area is the meat of the argument that our past policies have been policies of stagnation, inactive and inertive. Now, when I say that these policies are policies of stagnation, I am by no means criticizing what has already been done, I am criticizing what has not been done. They have been a policy of insufficient value to attract settlers from other parts of Canada, the United States and other countries throughout the world which are overcrowded and suffering from such resultant conditions that accompany these factors. The population question is part and part of a number of these inter-related facts.

We must place great emphasis on a drive for greater harnessing of our potential wealth. New roads into development areas will augment this drive—they will create the supply lines, increase the traffic into remote and distant areas and raise the standard of living and the economy of the entire area.

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The foundation for a drive to the north is now being laid—the chance to become part of this—a new concept of northern development was never better. We are here on the ground floor of a new era. This magnetic attraction should fire the imagination of even the most disheartened sceptic. It is a brand new departure from the new formula and should be the tinder and kindling to fire a new way of life, a new desire to conquer the old and last frontier. The romance of the north has always been great, it has always had an audience and been talked about, but the new romance will put on a different kind of cloak; it will wear the sparkling jewels of splendor and the brilliance of achievement. It is and must be a deduction to which we will all contribute a share. Achievement and success walk hand in hand, partners in intelligent thinking and sound and reliable organization. Concept and strategy, coupled in close array will be the power factors involved. We are fortunate that we are living in these times and can witness these things which will prove beyond a question of a doubt that the pioneer spirit in this Northern Canada, although it has been lying in semi-darkness for a number of years, is now reawakening and going to grips with this active expansion with a will and purpose without peril. This type of pioneering, of course, is different in every way, it will incorporate the use of new machines, gigantic monsters not available to the early pioneers, brutes of mechanical strength that can do the previous work of years in a matter of weeks. More employment should follow at the heels of this move, our population should increase in relation, the economy should advance and the need for sound and reliable government become an imperative necessity. Here we come to the basis for the need to lay the foundation in this new Council for a type of Government by the peoples' representatives. This matter has already been taken up by other members, but I would like to say a few words on it myself. The foundation of a new structure in government seems to be apparent, the time to prepare for eventual self government is now. We know that this change is not going to happen overnight—nothing short of a miracle can make this happen in a week or a month—but the move must be made. The first initial step must be made in this direction. The present Council has adopted a new set of rules based on the Rules of Procedure in the House of Commons of Canada. The Council intends to abide by these rules, and the Council further intends to augment its effectiveness by increasing the number of members and to ask for increased power of authority, to show that the intentions are serious and that the present Council is ready for greater responsibility in Government. In this matter a step in the right direction will be taken. Council will become a more representative body, in relation to the population of the Yukon which it represents. I believe that all present Council members are dedicated men who believe in ethics of law and order. The maintenance of dignity in this House and this will be a new foundation for better things to come. The way ahead will not be easy. Change of any description is usually met with opposition in one form or another. This is a natural circumstance and in the proper and natural order of things. Lest we show that other parts of Canada notably, the various Provinces have fought the same battle and the same struggle for recognition.

Now I had some sections separated here, I was going to read over, but they are very similar to what was brought up by a member previously, so I will not rest on that matter. There are a number of Ordinances in my opinion, that this Council should deal with. As you may all know that my net aversion, of course, is the Motor Vehicles Ordinance, properly known as the Ordinance to regulate the speed of Motor Vehicles on Public Highways. I believe this Ordinance and several others are quite unfair, quite undemocratic and in some instances, contravene the rights and privileges of the citizens of this Northern corner of Canada. I could quote one particular instance, that it is my opinion against the privileges and rights of our citizens and is also against the rights of citizens who have honestly believed for years that they are under the principles of democracy and within the rights of British Justice. That particular point that I wish to mention is a section where a driver of an automobile is in collision with a person on a highway or a piece of property, or an animal or a house or other things. The substance of that particular instance is that the person charged under that Ordinance would be required to prove his innocence in Court. I contend that this is absolutely incorrect. I contend that the Court must prove his guilt, and there are

several other similar instances throughout the Ordinance. I believe that the substance of this Ordinance can be changed by determining the facts as we see them, and bringing about the changes that are necessary.

Now, another Ordinance I would like to see changed is the Tax Rental Agreement. The Tax Rental Agreement between the Yukon Territory and the Federal Government is applied for a period of five years. This Tax Rental Agreement that we have up to date was agreed by the previous outgoing Council. It was agreed to last spring. As you know, a period of five years will extend far and away beyond the jurisdiction of the present Council. Which makes it so that the agreement cannot be touched by this Council. We can in no way, alter this agreement. We cannot touch this substance or anything pertaining to it.

Another Ordinance which I would like to see changed is the Elections Ordinance. I believe that this Elections Ordinance is contrary to the wishes of the people, and I believe we would have a far more fair type of election if we made certain changes.

There is of course, the Liquor Ordinance that could be changed in certain parts and the Signs Ordinance, especially to business men on the Alaska Highway, is a constant source of grief and annoyance. I will not elaborate on these various instances, I will just cover them roughly.

Referring to the Commissioner's speech, I was very pleased that he mentioned the non instances of polio. As we know, a number of years ago, polio was a great plague especially in the City of Whitehorse. Some of our prominent citizens passed away from this highly contagious disease. Another part that I find is highly commendable, is the communications system that will be established for the area beyond Whitehorse towards Carmacks, Pelly River, McCabe Creek and points North. These people in this particular section of the Yukon have at the present time, no system of communication whatsoever. As a matter of fact, anyone going to Carmacks or any other place which is far from my riding in this Territory, will see that little, if anything has ever been done in the last ten or fifteen years in that Area. I think that it is high time that we take these matters into serious consideration. Another point that Carmacks will gain by of course, and especially the mining industry, is the work that will proceed on the Nordenskold Bridge. Now I know for a fact that the people of Carmacks have been trying to get something done on the Nordenskold Bridge for years. They have taken their problems and discussed them amongst themselves and have put them in their proper places, and so far nothing has been done in that direction to help them.

Now still referring to the Commissioner's speech, one point that I don't like particularly is the matter of the Vocational Training School that will be established in Whitehorse. I have been talking for a number of years to the native population of the Yukon both in business and socially, and I know for a fact that is one thing to mention, helping the people of school age to get vocational training. But we have other young adults from school age up to 25 and 30 at the present moment who have no trade whatsoever. What is the point in us trying and striving to integrate those people with us and get them to live in the same way we do, if we do not provide them with some kind of help whereby they can begin to help themselves.

My last point, Mr. Deputy Speaker, is the matter of Legislation that will be taken up by this present Council. I hope with all due sincerity that all Legislation that comes before this Council, will be treated by Council in a factual manner. I think we can all see the mistakes of the past, whereby certain types of Legislation have incorporated imaginary situations. They have considered this or that, they have put these things forward, and the general public have firmly believed in their own minds that certain things were factual, whereas they were definitely not and the trouble is now upon us and I believe this Council in its deliberations will have to consider these matters and deal with them in the best way we know how.

Thank you very much, Mr. Deputy Speaker.

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon,
Saturday, October 18, 1958.
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker assumed the chair and called Council to order.

Mr. R. L. McKamey gave notice that he would introduce at this Session of Council motions concerning the following:

- (1) The National Health Plan
- (2) To provide Government subsidized water and disposal of sewage in the Town of Keno
- (3) Big Game (The salvage of edible meats)
- (4) Access roads to timber areas
- (5) The C.B.C. in Yukon Territory


Mr. J. Smith addressed Council in reply to the Opening Address of Commissioner F. H. Collins. (See Session Paper No. 3)

Mr. R. L. McKamey, Mr. G. O. Shaw, Mr. C. D. Taylor and Mr. J. O. Livesey addressed Council (See Sessional Papers Nos. 4, 5, 6 and 7).

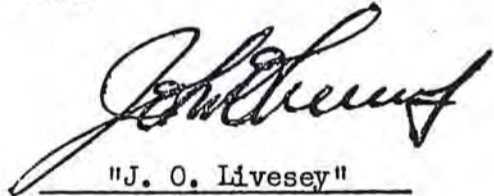
Mr. R. L. McKamey moved seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor an opinion of Council concerning the Commissioner attending Council. (See Sessional Paper No. 8). Motion Carried.

Mr. C. D. Taylor seconded by Mr. J. Smith moved an opinion of Council concerning The Recording of Council Proceedings. (See Sessional Paper No. 9). Motion Carried.

Council adjourned at 12:00 o'clock noon until 10:00 o'clock A.M. on Monday the 20th day of October 1958.



"H. J. Taylor"
Clerk of the Council



"J. O. Livesey"
Speaker

Whitehorse, Yukon,
October 18, 1958.

Sessional Paper No. 8.

Councillor R. L. McKamey

That, in the opinion of this Council, it is advisable to request the Commissioner to attend this Council on each sitting day until the Council proceeds with the Order of the Day.

Seconded by Mr. C.D. Taylor

Sessional Paper No. 9.

Councillor C. D. Taylor

That, in the opinion of this Council, there be established a system to provide for the transcribing of an accurate record of the debates and proceedings of this Council and of any Standing or Special Committee thereof.

Seconded by Mr. J. Smith.

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon,
Monday, October 20, 1958,
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker assumed the chair and read the daily prayers; after which Council was called to order.

Mr. C. D. Taylor moved seconded by Mr. R. L. McKamey for leave to introduce a bill to amend the Elections Ordinance.

Mr. C. D. Taylor gave notice that he would introduce at this Session of Council motion concerning Hospital and nursing facilities at Watson Lake.

Council recessed to discuss with the Commissioner a matter of urgent public importance.

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole and requested the presence of the Commissioner.

Committee recessed at 12:00 O'clock noon.

1:30 o'clock P.M.

Committee resumed discussion.

Committee requested the Speaker to assume the chair.

Mr. J. Smith seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw introduced a motion concerning the National Building Code. (See Sessional Paper No. 10). Motion Carried.

Mr. G. O. Shaw seconded by Mr. J. Smith moved an opinion of Council concerning a Public Utilities Commission. (See Sessional Paper No. 11). Motion Carried.

Mr. J. Smith seconded by Mr. C.D. Taylor moved an opinion of Council concerning Duplication of Essential Services. (See Sessional Paper No. 12). Motion Carried.

Mr. R. L. McKamey seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw moved an opinion of Council concerning a Workmen's Compensation Board Representative in Yukon Territory. (See Sessional Paper No. 13). Motion Carried.

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First reading was given the following Bill:

Bill No. 1 - An Ordinance to confirm the Assessment Roll, Collector's Roll and Tax By-Law of the Municipality, the City of Whitehorse for the year 1957.

Second reading was given the following Bill:

Bill No. 1 - An Ordinance to confirm the Assessment Roll, Collector's Roll and Tax By-Law of the Municipality, the City of Whitehorse for the year 1957.

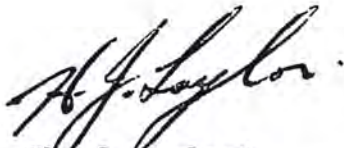
Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole to consider Bill No. 1.

Committee reported as follows:

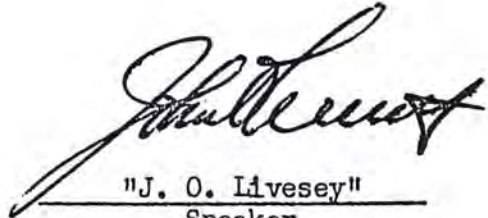
Bill No. 1 - without amendment

Council accepted the report of the Committee

Council adjourned at 5:00 o'clock P.M. until 10:00 o'clock A.M. on Tuesday October 21, 1958.



"W. J. Taylor"
Clerk of the Council



"J. O. Livesey"
Speaker

Whitehorse, Yukon.
October 20, 1958.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 10.

Councillor J. Smith

The following proposed resolution:

That, in the opinion of this Council, it is advisable to introduce legislation at this Session of the Council to provide for the adoption of the National Building Code, the National Electrical Code and the National Plumbing Code as part of the laws of the Yukon Territory.

Seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 11

Councillor G. O. Shaw

The following proposed resolution:

That, in the opinion of this Council, it is advisable to establish a Yukon Public Utilities Commission as a department of the Territorial Government with the Federal Government being requested to furnish financial assistance, if necessary, for the operation of such Commission.

Seconded by Mr. J. Smith.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 12

Councillor J. Smith

The following proposed resolution:

That, in the opinion of this Council, it is advisable that the Dominion Government, in co-operation with the Territorial Government and the Municipal Council of the City of Whitehorse, should establish a committee to study the duplication involved in the supply of essential services such as fire fighting facilities, water and sewer services, etc., in the City of Whitehorse and area, with a view to establishing a consolidated administrative authority for the operation and control of such services.

Seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 13

Councillor R. L. McKamey

The following proposed resolution:

That, in the opinion of this Council, it is advisable to provide for the permanent establishment in Yukon of a representative of the Yukon - Northwest Territories Workmen's Compensation Board.

Seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw.

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon,
Tuesday, October 21, 1958,
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the daily prayers, after which Council was called to order.

Mr. G. O. Shaw gave notice that he would move an opinion of Council concerning a bounty on wolves.

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole to consider a brief from the Children's Aid Society, (See Sessional Paper No. 14)

Committee recessed at 12:00 o'clock noon.

1:30 o'clock P.M.

Committee resumed discussion,

Dr. N. D. C. McKinnon was invited to attend the Committee and outline the functions and duties of the proposed Hospital Advisory Board.

Mr. W. Hough, Manager of the Whitehorse Experimental Farm, was invited to attend the Committee and discuss the agriculture potential in Yukon.

Committee requested the Speaker to take the chair.

Mr. G. O. Shaw seconded by Mr. R. L. McKamey moved an opinion of Council concerning the Village of Granville. (See Sessional Paper No. 15). Motion Carried.

Questions were filed by Mr. C. D. Taylor with the Clerk of Council regarding the Department of Education.

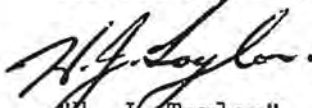
Third reading was given the following Bill:

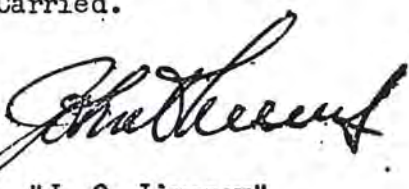
Bill No. 1 - An Ordinance to confirm the Assessment Roll, Collector's Roll and Tax By*law of the Municipality, the City of Whitehorse for the year 1957.

Mr. J. O. Livesey, with the Deputy Speaker in the chair, moved seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor, an opinion of Council concerning the agriculture potential in Yukon. (See Session Paper No. 16). Motion Carried.

Mr. J. O. Livesey seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor moved an opinion of Council concerning medical supplies for Nurses at M.P. 1016 and M.P. 1093. (See Sessional Paper No. 17). Motion Carried.

Council adjourned at 5:00 o'clock P.M.


H. J. Taylor"
Clerk of the Council


"J. O. Livesey"
Speaker

A BRIEF PRESENTED BY THE YUKON CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY TO THE TERRITORIAL COUNCIL REQUESTING AN INCREASE IN THE ANNUAL GRANT

The Yukon Children's Aid Society created for the protection of children was incorporated in the fall of 1954. Initial work prior to this time was carried out by the I.O.D.E. with the assistance of a part-time volunteer social worker. However, it soon became apparent that a full time social worker was required to handle the many cases of children in distress in the territory. The young society found that it was unable to finance the growing work in the Yukon and through the agency of Councillor Fred Locke, an annual territorial grant of \$2,000.00 was secured. This grant plus the proceeds of a public campaign for funds permitted the society to carry out its first year of work. Finance of this society has followed this pattern - of government grant plus public contributions. Now, however, the society finds that it is expected to handle a far wider range of social welfare cases than was ever anticipated when the society was set up. It can no longer carry out its work without a broader financial base.

The purpose of this brief is to explain in both general and particular details the function of this society. Our hope is that the presentation of these very human statistics will serve as a sufficient argument for obtaining a larger annual grant from the Territorial Government so the society may continue to serve the territory in full measure. This appeal is as much practical and hard-headed as it is humanitarian - practical and hard-headed because the work done by the society in a broader picture saves the territory far more money than it costs them. In addition, the private nature of the organization with volunteer administration and frequently received free assistance, operates with more efficiency and less expense than would be involved, if these problems were handled by government agencies. As an example of the practical aspect, we would like to point out that in the past, through the efforts of our social worker, eighteen children have been placed in homes for adoption, who otherwise would have become wards of the Territorial Government.

As members of the Territorial Council, you will no doubt be gravely concerned with the reasons for our request for \$4,000.00 dollars more annually than has been received in the last four years. The increased amount can be easily explained. Since the society commenced operation, the work has increased four fold, necessitating the employment of a second social worker, rental of an office to work from, and many other additional expenses. As an example of the latter, one of the more recent single pressing demands made on this society is the care of neglected or abandoned children, sometimes part native, who are neither wards of the Territorial Government nor of the Indian Department. (This problem is one which is reflected in many other aspects of the cultural, social and economic life of the Yukon and is a small part of a larger picture with which the Territorial Council has expressed concern).

The details of this increased expenditure are clearly stated in the appendix. Ironically enough, the basic cause of most of our problems lies within the realm of another department of Territorial Administration - the sale of liquor. And so we are placed in the odd position of asking Territorial funds to deal with tragic circumstances arising from one of the Territorial Government's chief source of income.

.....

In studying this brief, Territorial Council Members may feel society is attempting to shift the entire weight of financial responsibility upon the Territorial Government this, however, is not the case. Even with the additional grant the society will not have sufficient assets to carry on its work and, to augment its funds, a brief will also be presented to the Indian Department requesting a proportionate grant and a charitable campaign will be conducted next spring. We feel it is important to maintain the aspect of public participation in our society in order that citizens of the Yukon will realize their responsibility in contributing to the welfare of the innocent children who every day suffer cruel and thoughtless neglect from less responsible members of this Northern Territory.

Although bi-annual visits are made to Dawson and Mayo, the society has felt that more frequent trips should be made north and south of Whitehorse, but it has not been in the position to do this due to work overload. However, with an increased budget which will make a second worker possible, we feel the needs of the entire territory will be better served. It might also be pointed out that both B. C. Welfare and Alberta Welfare would be most reluctant to send babies into the Yukon for adoption if there were no recognized Children's Aid Society with a qualified social worker.

With these general thoughts in mind and with the statistics contained in the appendix, the Yukon Children's Aid Society is requesting an additional grant of \$4,000.00, making a total of \$6,000.00. Our request to the Department of Citizenship and Immigration to cover work being done with the Indian children will amount to \$3,000.00.

This brief is respectfully submitted with the earnest hope that the society's work may be permitted to continue and expand through the goodwill of the Territorial Council. If we fail in our efforts for additional funds, our Treasurer reports that we shall be forced to cease to function after May 1959.

Capt. R. Huene (Director)

Mrs. H. Boyle (President)

Mrs. A. Tanner (Director)

Mrs. C. Rogers (Vic-Pres.)

Mr. Claude Campbell (Director)

Mrs. L. Mennie (Secretary)

Mrs. D. Fraser (Director)

Mrs. G. Dickson (Treasurer)

APPENDIX I

The following is a brief summary of work done over a three and one-half year period by the Yukon Children's Aid Society. Further information will be given on request.

	<u>1955</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	<u>6 months only 1958</u>	<u>Estimated 12 months in 1958</u>
Neglect cases	45	65	125	104	208
visits re neglect cases	105	220	456	232	464
Placement-other than neglect	16	18	32	43	86
visits re above	19	20	169	108	216
Foster Homes investigated & used	20	25	46	32	64
visits to foster homes	55	102	209	103	206
Children supervised	40	95	190	88	179
Adoption home studies	3	8	25	20	40
visits to adoption homes	10	24	76	39	78
Families counselled	-	8	32	34	68
visits re counselling	-	15	164	72	144
Family disputes	-	10	48	10	20
visits re family disputes	-	15	149	42	84
Unmarried mothers	10	11	15	14	28
visits re unmarried mothers	23	35	58	36	72
Juvenile cases	21	26	50	19	38
visits re juveniles	30	15	19	44	88
Court work	21	26	50	80	160
Adoptions within the Territory	1	4	9	4	8
Misc. visits to R.C.M.P., hospital, clergy, etc.	50	95	203	158	316

.....

Neglect cases: Involve infants and children whose welfare are threatened usually through being left alone under circumstances that endanger their lives, such as, fire, malnutrition or exposure. Our soc. worker is notified by the RCMP or neighbour - these calls often come in the early hours of the morning or on weekends. Children if have to be removed to a foster home, washed, clothed or fed and if required given medical attention. Until the parents are located (which can take from days to weeks) or until it is determined whether these children are the responsibility of the government, the Children's Aid Society has to maintain these children at \$1.90 per day per child. We try to collect from the parents when possible but it is usually very difficult.

Placements other than neglect: These are cases where one parent is either ill or in jail and the remaining parent has to work. Through the help of our social worker the children are placed in foster homes and maintenance paid by the parents, when possible.

Adoption home studies: This phase of work involve a great many hours - spent on visits with adoptive parents, clergy, doctors, obtaining medical and x-ray reports and compiling all facts in a social history to be sent to B.C. or Alberta Welfare where babies for adoption come from. Following adoption placements, regular visits are made to these homes for another year with reports to these outside agencies before adoption is completed. It is estimated one adoption home study takes approximately 12 hours. A total of ten adoptions have been completed but the number of parents-to-be wishing to adopt is still very great. However, compilation of all the facts are necessary before a couple is even considered eligible as adoptive parents.

APPENDIX (Cont'd.)

Family Consultation: Children are not the basic problem here. Parents or guardians often approach the society requesting help in planning for their children because of illness, imprisonment of one parent, desertion, separation, divorce cases, or incidents where criminal charges have been laid against a parent.

Family Disputes: The society is called into family disputes where the welfare of children are involved and sometimes even when there are no children involved. Stability of the home might be threatened through alcoholism or various other reasons. As the public awareness of the services of this society grows, so does the number of demands on our social worker increases - though they may be totally irrelevant to children's aid work.

Unmarried mothers: These girls or young women are helped in planning for themselves and infants. Sometimes it might involve trying to locate the putative father to try and get some financial support, perhaps it is to reconcile her with her family, or place her in a home, find work for her until the baby is due. If the mother plans to give the infant up for adoption, then arrangements have to be made to place the child, supply necessary clothing, diapers, etc.

Juvenile cases: Involve young people who have either broken the law already or will end up in court unless they are helped and given direction. Our social worker may have to find a suitable place for them to board, if living at home is one of the problems, or encourage them to finish their education, or help them find work.

Court Work: This phase is usually in conjunction with all the aforementioned cases, e.g. finalizing adoptions, charging parents with neglect, etc.

Adoptions within the territory: These are children who through various circumstances would have become wards of the territorial government - if our social worker had not made every effort to place them in adoptive homes. Many of these children are difficult to place as they may be part native, however, through the work of our social worker 18 children in this category have been adopted, thereby, relieving the territorial government cost of maintaining these children until age 16. It is estimated one child would cost the territorial government approximately \$8000. - - 18 children at \$8000. per child comes to quite a sizable sum.

STATEMENTS OF OPERATING EXPENSES

	<u>1955-1956</u>	<u>56-1957</u>	<u>57-1958</u>	<u>Est. for 1959</u>
Caseworker salary	\$2458.88	\$800.00	\$4100.00	\$4500.00
Part-time salary	---	---	---	1800.00
Car	1200.00	---	1300.00	---
Maintenance of car, depreciation, insce., etc.	549.22	224.42	314.55	1500.00
Stationery, office expense	248.92	22.61	111.71	120.00
Telephone-telegraph and postage	133.26	88.44	160.40	180.00
Rental of office	140.00	---	---	600.00
Travel & Transportation	155.95	---	300.00	500.00
* YCAS cases	---	---	455.35	1200.00
General expenses	---	20.76	---	500.00
	<u>\$4886.23</u>	<u>\$1156.23</u>	<u>\$6742.01</u>	<u>\$10900.00</u>

* Prior to 1957 the amount spent by the society on non-ward cases was not consistent, though at one time \$500. was spent on one family for care of children which amount we are still trying to collect from the father - this occurred early in 1955 (statistics prior to this were destroyed in a fire therefore we only have figures dating from fall of 1955). These are the cases mentioned under "neglect" and in the past year, shows a steady increase.

Whitehorse, Yukon.
October 21, 1958.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 15

Councillor G. O. Shaw

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the opinion of this Council, and in line with the Governments' desire to establish a greater degree of permanency of residence within the Territory, it is necessary that measures be taken to assure by September 1959, a system of primary grade education for the children of Granville.

Seconded by Mr. R. L. McKamey.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 16

Councillor J. O. Livesey

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the opinion of this Council, it is advisable that the Dominion Government, in co-operation with the Territorial Government, should establish a special committee to assess the agricultural potential of Yukon, with a view to accelerating, with Federal financial assistance, the comprehensive development of Yukon agriculture.

Seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 17

Councillor J. O. Livesey

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the opinion of this Council, the qualified nurses at Mile Post 1016, Haines Junction, and Mile Post 1093, Burwash Landing, now offering medical attention to the general public especially in the event of accident emergencies, at no cost for services, should, until medical services are properly established in their areas, be given medical supplies at the expense of the Territory.

Seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor.

Whitehorse, Yukon.
October 22, 1958.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 18

Councillor R. L. McKamey

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the opinion of this Council, it is expedient to introduce legislation, at this Session of the Council, to provide a government subsidized Sanitation and Water delivery service, and a proper garbage disposal ground in the Town of Keno.

Seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 19

Councillor R. L. McKamey

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the opinion of this Council, it is imperative that all edible game killed by Big Game Hunters in the Yukon shall be turned over to hospitals and charitable institutions.

Seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw.

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon.
Wednesday, October 22, 1958.
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker assumed the chair and read the Daily Prayers, after which Council was called to order.

Committee of the whole reported on the Hospital Advisory Board to the effect that Council should appoint one of its number as a member to the Board.

Mr. J. Smith moved that Mr. C. D. Taylor be the member to act on this Advisory Board. Seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw. Motion Carried.

Committee of the whole reported on the discussion with Commissioner F. H. Collins, pertaining to the National Health Plan as follows:

"Mr. Collins had no definite information and wired to Ottawa for same. By return wire was informed that a Committee would be established shortly to examine this matter, and Mr. Collins would have to compile and submit certain information and statistics to form the basis of study by this Committee. The earliest date it would be possible to institute this scheme would be January 1960".

Mr. R. L. McKamey with the concurrence of Council, withdrew his notice of motion regarding this National Health Plan.

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole to discuss the matter of Welfare in the Yukon with Mr. C. B. H. Murphy, Supervisor of Welfare for the Territorial Government.

Committee recessed at 12:00 o'clock noon.

1:30 o'clock P.M.

Committee resumed discussion.

Committee requested Mr. Speaker to resume the chair.

Mr. R. L. McKamey moved, seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor, an opinion of Council concerning Water and Sewer services for the Town of Keno. (See Sessional Paper No. 18).

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole to discuss the above motion. Committee adjourned this discussion until Mr. G. I. Cameron, Territorial Sanitary Inspector, would be available to meet the Committee.

Mr. Speaker was then requested to resume the chair.

Mr. R. L. McKamey, seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw moved an opinion of Council concerning the salvage of edible meats by Big Game hunting parties. (See Sessional Paper No. 19).

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole to discuss this matter with Mr. G. R. Bidlake, of the Territorial Government Game Department.

Mr. G. R. Bidlake brought to the attention of the Committee, Section 11 of the Game Ordinance which reads in part as follows:

- "11. No person who has killed game other than bear shall
- (a) abandon any portion of the flesh thereof that is suitable for human food,
 - (b) allow any portion of the flesh thereof that is suitable for human food to be destroyed or spoiled".

Mr. D. S. Collins, Legal Advisor for the Council, was invited to outline to the Committee of the whole the proper procedure when preparing Ordinances etc. for submission to the Department of Justice at Ottawa, and to explain why no further legislation had been presented to Council at this Session.

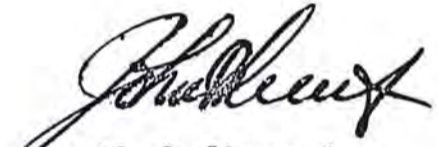
Mr. Speaker was requested to resume the chair.

Council adjourned at 5:00 o'clock P.M. until 10:00 o'clock A.M. on Thursday, October 23, 1958.



"H. J. Taylor"

Clerk of the Council



"J. O. Livesey"

Speaker

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon.
Thursday, October 23, 1958.
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the Daily Prayers, after which the Council was called to order.

Committee of the whole reported on the brief from the Children's Aid Society with the following effect:

Mr. R.L. McKamey with the concurrence of Council, withdrew his notices of Motion concerning Mothers' Allowances and expanded Social Welfare System. Mr. McKamey gave notice that he would introduce a motion concerning this brief.

Committee of the whole reported on the notice of motion regarding the salvage of edible meats by Big Game hunters and guides.

Mr. McKamey with concurrence of Council, withdrew his notice of motion concerning Big Game.

Mr. G.O. Shaw gave notice that he would introduce at this Session of Council the following motions:

1. Concerning the Dawson Elementary High School,
2. Concerning an agenda prior to Sessions,
3. Concerning a city councillor in Dawson City, and
4. Concerning flood control in Dawson City,

Mr. J. Smith gave notice that he would introduce at this Session, a motion concerning the forming of Metropolitan Districts.

Mr. J. Smith filed with the Clerk of Council, certain questions concerning Federal and Territorial Subsidies.

Mr. R. L. McKamey moved, seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw, a motion concerning the Children's Aid Society brief.

Mr. J. Smith moved an amendment to the motion, seconded by Mr. C.D. Taylor. Amendment Carried. (See Sessional Paper No. 20).

First reading was given the following Bill:

Bill No. 3 - AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31 ST DAY OF MARCH, 1959.

Second reading was given the following Bill:

Bill No. 3 - AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31 ST DAY OF MARCH, 1959.

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole to consider Bill No. 3.

Committee adjourned at 12:00 o'clock noon.

1:30 o'clock P.M.

Committee resumed discussion.

Mr. Speaker was asked to resume the chair.

Committee of the whole reported as follows:

Bill No. 3 - Without amendment.

Third reading was given the following Bill:

Bill No. 3 - AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31 ST DAY OF MARCH, 1959.

First reading was given the following Bill:

Bill No. 4 - AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31 ST DAY OF MARCH, 1958.

Second reading was given the following Bill:

Bill No. 4 - AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31 ST DAY OF MARCH, 1958.

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole to consider Bill No. 4.

Mr. Speaker was requested to resume the chair.

Committee reported as follows:

Bill No. 4 - Without amendment.

Third reading was given the following Bill:

Bill No. 4 - AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31 ST DAY OF MARCH, 1958.

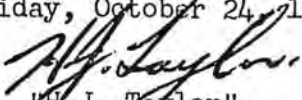
Mr. R. L. McKamey moved, seconded by Mr. G.O. Shaw, an opinion of Council concerning access roads into timber areas. (See Sessional Paper No. 21).

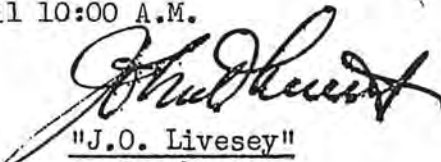
Committee adjourned discussion on this motion until Mr. G. Wilson of the Forestry Department could attend Committee.

Mr. C. D. Taylor moved, seconded by Mr. J. Smith an opinion of Council concerning Hospital and Nursing facilities at Watson Lake. (See Sessional Paper No. 22).

Committee adjourned this discussion until Dr. N.D.C. McKinnon could attend Committee.

Council adjourned at 5:00 o'clock P.M. until 10:00 A.M. Friday, October 24, 1958.


"H.J. Taylor"
Clerk of the Council


"J.O. Livesey"
Speaker

Whitehorse, Yukon.
October 23, 1958.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 20

Councillor R. L. McKamey

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the opinion of Council it is expedient, in order to expand Social Welfare work in the Territory; the brief presented to the Yukon Council by the Children's Aid Society naming the requiring of further funds, should have the Commissioner's favourable consideration, should the need for same be deemed requisite.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 21

Councillor R. L. McKamey

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the opinion of this Council, it is vital to the Mining Industry that we have access roads into timbered areas to protect our forests from fire.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 22

Councillor C. D. Taylor

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the opinion of this Council, it is expedient to establish Hospital and Nursing facilities at Watson Lake, Yukon, on a cost sharing basis with the Dominion Government. And that it is further expedient to authorize the Commissioner on behalf of the Territorial Government, to negotiate and conclude any agreement necessary provided that the Territorial Government share of the capital, and annual operating expenses do not exceed \$15,000.00 and \$5,000.00 respectively. And provided further that the Territorial Government share of all costs at no time exceed 37% of the whole.

Amendment.

*establish a health clinic with nurses accommodation
and first aid room with books*

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon.
Friday, October 24, 1958.
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the Daily Prayers, after which Council was called to order.

Mr. R. L. McKamey gave notice that he would move an opinion of Council, concerning the Mayo High School.

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole to meet with Mr. G. Wilson, Forestry Engineer, in connection with the opinion of Council regarding the matter of access roads into timber areas.

Dr. N. D. C. McKinnon also attended Committee to discuss motion by Mr. C. D. Taylor, regarding the Hospital and Nursing facilities at Watson Lake.

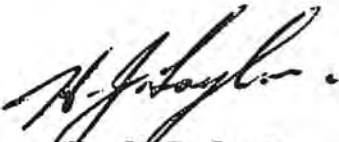
Committee recessed at 12:00 o'clock noon.

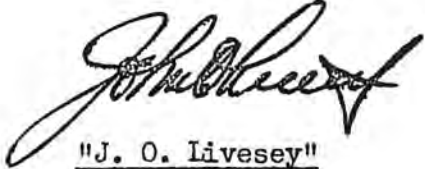
1:30 o'clock P.M.

Committee requested Mr. Speaker to resume the chair.

Council adjourned to be taken on a tour of the Whitehorse Hospital, the Whitehorse Hydro Project and the Territorial Government Garage.

Council adjourned at 5:00 o'clock P.M. until 10:00 o'clock A.M. on Saturday October 25, 1958.


"H. J. Taylor"
Clerk of the Council


"J. O. Livesey"
Speaker

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon.
Saturday, October 25, 1958.
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the Daily Prayers, after which Council was called to order.

Mr. J. O. Livesey, with the Deputy Speaker in the Chair, gave notice that he would introduce at this Session, a Motion concerning the Nursing Services at the North end of the Alaska Highway.

Mr. J. Smith filed a question concerning Hospital rates.

Mr. G. O. Shaw moved, seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor, an Opinion of Council concerning the Dawson Elementary High School. (See Sessional Paper No. 23).

Council adjourned discussion on this Motion until more information could be obtained.

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole to discuss the motion introduced by Mr. R. L. McKamey, concerning Garbage and Water Services in the town of Keno with Mr. G. I. Cameron, Sanitary Inspector for the Territorial Government.

Committee requested the Speaker to resume the Chair.

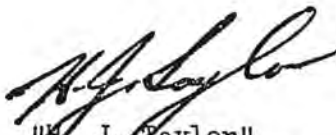
Mr. G. O. Shaw moved, seconded by Mr. J. Smith, an Opinion of Council concerning an agenda prior to Sessions. (See Sessional Paper No. 24). Motion Carried.

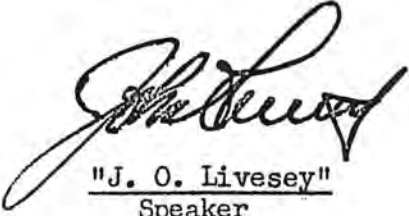
Mr. G. O. Shaw moved, seconded by Mr. J. Smith, a motion concerning the City Council of Dawson City. (See Sessional Paper No. 25). Motion Carried.

Mr. J. Smith moved, seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor, an Opinion of Council concerning the forming of Metropolitan Areas. (See Sessional Paper No. 26).

Discussion on this motion was put forward to such time when the answers to the questions on subsidies were available.

Council adjourned at 12:00 o'clock noon, until 10:00 o'clock A.M. on Monday, October 27, 1958.


"C. J. Taylor"
Clerk of the Council


"J. O. Livesey"
Speaker

Whitehorse, Yukon.
October 25, 1958.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 23

Councillor G. O. Shaw

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the Opinion of Council, it is desirable that changes be made in the interior construction of the Dawson Elementary High School Auditorium that will make it possible that the students may be able to participate and enjoy games of basketball and other indoor sports.

Seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 24

Councillor G. O. Shaw

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the Opinion of this Council, it is necessary that Council members be informed of the agenda to be placed before Council at least two weeks prior to each sitting of Council, together with the Ordinances that are required to be passed. This would give each member a longer time period in which to assess the value and determine the merits pro and con with respect to proposed legislation that will be placed before Council at the next immediate sitting.

Seconded by Mr. J. Smith.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 25

Councillor G. O. Shaw

The following Opinion of Council:

Whereas a member of the Council of the City of Dawson is, for circumstances beyond his control, about to resign as a member of that Council; and

Whereas to conduct a By-Election would be expensive, it is the Opinion of this Council that it is expedient to introduce legislation at this Session of Council to authorize the appointment of a person to act as Alderman for the unexpired term of the resigning Alderman, notwithstanding the provisions of the Municipal Ordinance.

Seconded by Mr. J. Smith.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 26

Councillor J. Smith

The following Opinion of Council:

"That the Dominion Government, in co-operation with the

Territorial and Municipal Governments, consider the formation of Metropolitan Districts for the purpose of amalgamating facilities and services serving the common interest in order to reduce the total cost of such facilities and services. And for the purpose of creating a broadened and more equitable tax base for the provision of revenues for such facilities and services, with a view to providing a more favourable environment for home building and permanent settlement in Yukon at the lowest total cost to the taxpayer".

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon,
Monday, October 27, 1958.
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the Daily Prayers, after which Council was called to order.

Mr. G. O. Shaw, with the concurrence of Council, withdrew his motion concerning the Dawson City Council.

Mr. C. D. Taylor gave notice that he would introduce at this Session of Council, a motion concerning a University Assistance Fund.

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole to meet with Mr. K. J. Baker, Territorial Engineer and Mr. A. Pauch, Building Inspector for the Territorial Government, to discuss the new Dawson Elementary High School. This discussion is further to the motion introduced by Mr. Shaw on the 25th day of October, 1958.

Committee recessed at 12:00 o'clock noon.

1:30 o'clock P.M.

Committee resumed discussion.

Committee requested the Speaker to resume the chair.

Mr. J. Smith gave notice that he would move a question concerning the new Hospital in Whitehorse, at this Session.


Mr. R. L. McKamey, seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw, moved an amendment to the motion introduced by Mr. C.D. Taylor on Thursday, October 23rd 1958, concerning Nursing Facilities at Watson Lake. (See Sessional Paper No. 27). Amendment Carried.


Mr. G. O. Shaw, seconded by Mr. R. L. McKamey, moved an Opinion of Council concerning Wolf Bounty. (See Sessional Paper No.28). Motion Carried.

Mr. G. O. Shaw, seconded by Mr. J. Smith, moved an Opinion of Council concerning flood control in the City of Dawson. (See Sessional Paper No. 29). Motion Carried.

The motion introduced by Mr. G. O. Shaw on Saturday, October 25th, 1958 concerning the Dawson Elementary High School was further discussed and put to a vote. (See Sessional Paper No. 23). Motion Carried.

Council adjourned until 10:00 o'clock A.M. on Tuesday, October 28, 1958.


"H. J. Taylor"
Clerk of the Council


"J. O. Livesey"
Speaker

Whitehorse, Yukon.
October 27, 1958.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 27

Councillor R. L. McKamey

Amendment to Motion of Mr. C. D. Taylor:

That, in the Opinion of this Council, it is expedient to establish an emergency First Aid accommodation at Watson Lake in connection with a Health Clinic and Public Health Nurses accommodation to be instituted at that point; and

That in view of the large proportion of native population which would be served by the First Aid accommodation, the cost of same be allocated on the same basis as has been established, governing Indian and Northern Health Services.

Seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 28

Councillor G. O. Shaw

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the Opinion of this Council, it is urgent and needed and in line with Government policy of helping the Indian population support themselves, that a Bounty be placed on wolves within the Yukon Territory, applicable only to the Indian population with the main purpose of assisting a depressed industry and also an effective form of reducing the increasing amount of wolves.

Seconded by Mr. R. L. McKamey.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 29

Councillor G. O. Shaw

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the Opinion of this Council, it is economically practical that assistance be given the City of Dawson in the raising of the level of the main road into the City by gravel. The main objective being to attain a measure of flood control, the distance involving approximately half of a mile.

Seconded by Mr. J. Smith.

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon.
Tuesday, October 28, 1958.
10:00 o'clock A. M.

Mr. Speaker read the daily prayers after which Council was called to order.

Council resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider the application of Yukon Coachways for a Bus Franchise and other opinions of Council.

Committee recessed at 12:00 o'clock noon.

1:30 o'clock P: M.

Committee resumed discussion.

Mr. D. A. MacWilliam was invited to address the Committee of the Whole regarding a draft resolution presented to Council by the Whitehorse Board of Trade, concerning a Yukon Tourist Bureau.

The Committee requested the Speaker to resume the Chair.

Committee reported as follows:

Recommended that the Franchise application be referred back to the administration for presentation at the next Session of Council.

Recommended that the draft resolution concerning a Yukon Tourist Bureau, be endorsed by Council. (See Sessional Paper No. 30).

Mr. J. O. Livesey, with the Deputy Speaker in the Chair, seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor, moved an Opinion of Council concerning the establishment of a more responsible form of Government. (See Sessional Paper No. 31). Motion Carried.

Mr. J. O. Livesey addressed Council in support of the above resolution. (See Sessional Paper No. 32).

Mr. J. Smith, seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor, moved a question concerning the New Hospital in Whitehorse. (See Sessional Paper No. 33). Motion Carried.

The question submitted by Mr. J. Smith concerning Hospital Rates was returned. (See Sessional Paper No. 34).

Mr. C. D. Taylor, seconded by Mr. R. L. McKamey, moved an Opinion of Council concerning a University Student Assistance Fund. (See Sessional Paper No. 35). Motion Carried.

The questions submitted by Mr. C. D. Taylor concerning education were returned. (See Sessional Paper No. 36).

Whitehorse, Yukon.
October 28, 1958.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 30

The following Opinion of Council:

WHEREAS the Territorial Council of the Yukon Territory feels that the tourist industry is an important source of revenue to Yukon;

AND WHEREAS that the Council considers that the publicity given to the Yukon by the work of the Yukon Gold Rush Jubilee Committee will result in a marked increase in tourist revenue to the Territory;

AND WHEREAS the Council deems it necessary to establish a permanent Tourist Bureau under the direction of a qualified person in order to capitalize on the publicity resulting as aforesaid;

AND WHEREAS the Council feels that Mr. Roland DeGrosbois, Director of Publicity for the Canadian Government Travel Bureau, because of his experience in Yukon in the summer of 1958, and his experience in the field of tourism in general, is the man best qualified to undertake such a task;

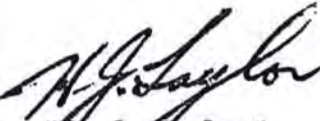
AND WHEREAS the Whitehorse Board of Trade has requested from the Hon. Alvin Hamilton, Minister of Northern Affairs and National Resources the services of Mr. DeGrosbois; and has also requested a grant in the sum of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) to cover all promotional and administrative expenses for the next calendar year, exclusive of the Director's salary;

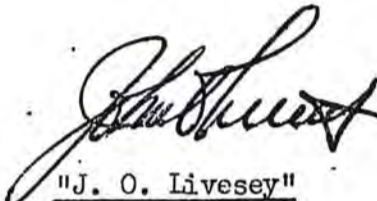
AND WHEREAS the Territorial Council deems it fit and proper that the financing of such an undertaking should, in the course of time, become the responsibility of the Government of the Yukon Territory, as suggested in the letter to the Minister of Northern Affairs and National Resources from the Whitehorse Board of Trade, this Council resolves that:

1. The request of the Whitehorse Board of Trade to the Minister of Northern Affairs and National Resources be endorsed in all respects.
2. The responsibility for the operating of a tourist promotional scheme and the expense involved should be assumed by the Government of the Yukon Territory as soon as such is feasible.
3. The appointment of Mr. Roland DeGrosbois, Director of Publicity for the Canadian Government Travel Bureau as Director of a Yukon Travel Bureau is endorsed in full.

Mr. J. O. Livesey, seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor, moved an Opinion of Council concerning Nursing Services on the Highway North. (See Sessional Paper No. 37). Motion Carried.

Council adjourned at 5:00 o'clock P.M. until 10:00 o'clock A.M. on Wednesday, October 29, 1958.


"C. D. Taylor"
Clerk of the Council


"J. O. Livesey"
Speaker

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon.
Wednesday, October 29, 1958.
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the Daily Prayers, after which Council was called to order.

Council recessed to meet with Commissioner F. H. Collins.

Council adjourned at 12:00 o'clock noon.

1:30 o'clock P.M.

Mr. Speaker resumed the chair and called Council to order.

After considerable discussion of Hospital Rates throughout the Territory, the Council requested Mr. J. Smith to prepare a Resolution concerning same for the consideration of Council.


Mr. C. D. Taylor, seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw moved an Opinion of Council concerning the increasing of Council to seven. (See Sessional Paper No. 38). Motion Carried.


The motion concerning the forming of Metropolitan Areas introduced by Mr. J. Smith on Saturday October 25, 1958, was put to a vote. (See Sessional Paper No. 26). Motion Carried.

Mr. C. D. Taylor gave notice that he would introduce at the next sitting of Council, a Resolution concerning the Indian Status of certain Indians.

Mr. J. Smith gave notice that he would introduce at the next sitting of Council a resolution concerning Hospital Rates.

Council adjourned at 5:00 o'clock P.M. until 10:00 o'clock A.M. on Thursday, October 30, 1958.


"H. J. Taylor"
Clerk of the Council


"J. O. Livesey"
Speaker

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 31

Councillor J. O. Livesey

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the Opinion of this Council, the Dominion Government should give consideration to the advisability of establishing a policy to provide for gradually increased executive powers to be exercised by this Council in the administration of Yukon affairs, with attention being directed to designing such a policy with a view to the desirability of the eventual establishment of a fully responsible form of Government in Yukon.

Seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 32

Councillor J. O. Livesey

Mr. Speaker, and Members of Council.

From early Canadian history we learn that a system was organized to govern the country from a central location, and from this central organization began the gradual acquisition of other great portions of this great country, under the control and guidance of this central influence, which became known as the Dominion Parliament more commonly referred to today as the Federal Government. Portions of Northwestern Canada were known as the Northwest Territories and were administered by the Dominion Parliament. It is from the Northwest Territories that we learn a great lesson. They went through a period of struggle unique in the history of this country, and true to the tradition of freedom loving people everywhere. The Dominion Parliament was the ruling authority, argument piled on argument, more often than not in favor of the Dominion Parliament, but gradually the Territories won concessions on the control of Federal Funds, the establishment of constitutional authority based on home rule, and the right of the Territories to direct their own affairs. The Dominion Parliament used every dodge and maneuver to make acceptable lesser substitutions, even to the point of suggesting a cheaper and less expensive form of Government, which was the reason for the term "Council" as opposed to Legislative Assembly. There were a number of strong men during these times, and they fought hard and long for the rights of free men.

There were arguments about the policy of Dominion Lands, and the right of what was known as colonization railroads to freedom from taxation, while revenues from lands, mines and minerals went to swell the Federal Treasury, instead of being applied for the benefit of the Territories. These, and other like matters forced the Territories to continue with repeated demands to the Federal Treasury for funds to meet conditions created by such regulations. There were constant demands by the Territories for more recognition, more adequate representation, and finally self rule. Internal differences as can be expected were also present, between the forces who were lacking in vision, and who wished to continue in placid submission to Dominion rule, for numerous reasons. Not the least of which was the fear of responsibility connected with the struggle for the rights of the people, but the men of vision and purpose, driven by the power of determination, and the strength of steel sinew, with blood in their veins, and the will to conquer over all opposition, eventually won the crown of glory by establishing self government which is known today as Provincial Status. A gradual and continued form of further self determination has resulted in the organized Provinces that exist today, with their established home rule and government, of which we may all be proud. This is freedom as we know it in Canada today, a product

created by our forebears, a glorious tribute, and a monument to their eternal greatness.

Where do we, as citizens of this vast Yukon Territory stand today, but on the self same ground in a sense, that our predecessors stood on. We must commence this new work with a will, determination and purpose. The way will be hard, and the going rough, the obstacles will be numerous and our patience at times may be sorely tried. But we must proceed, with dogged alternation towards this common goal. Let us all work together, pull together, and together share the responsibility of this undertaking. Let us share, God willing, in the final triumph, and comfort in the knowledge that our work has been blessed with the crown of success.

From the gist of the remarks passed by several members of this Council during this Session, it would appear that we have all at some time or another envisaged the necessity of increasing the power of authority of the Government of the Territory. We are the Government of the Territory, yet as can readily be seen our powers are limited, we are hemmed in, and tied up by rule and regulation over which we, at this precise moment, have absolutely no factual control. We can make suggestions, pass opinions of Council in the form of resolutions, we can perform the duties of polite acquiescence on subjects over which we have absolutely no control whatsoever, and the matter becomes a mere formality, in line and in keeping with existing regulations.

We are all aware of the circumstances that have heretofore led to these conditions. We know, and are fully aware that the Yukon Act, an Act of Parliament, the supreme authority that rules over us, states the matter quite clearly. It shows us where we stand, it tells us in no uncertain terms what our position is, and we are forced to abide by it. What the Act does not allow for, is the fact that we are growing up. We are passed the stage where we must be obedient to a domineering parent, meekly submitting to the whims and fancies of the overlords, nodding our heads in polite submission to the non-debatable, over indulgence in Federal contract negotiations for the establishment of unwieldy monstrosities that lead to financial juggling by experts, that bewilder the people and confuse the essence of the issues that lay before us.

We must, as citizens of this Territory, take a keener interest in these times. We must demand to know the basic values of proposals involving gigantic sums of money, well in advance of their fulfillment. As Councillors, we must advance our position respecting the Government of this Territory to a point where we can accept this added responsibility on behalf of the people. The great white father is in the driver's seat, but the majority of the people do not know the destination, in financial matters especially. Where is the voice of opposition? What opposition exists? Who is going to apply the brakes on behalf of the people? Yes, a destiny we surely have, a very bright future lies ahead. We know it, we feel it, we are here and ready to help with this moulding. But we must have a share on its direction. The time when parental rule must relinquish part of its iron grip is now. We should demand to be heard in the halls of destiny in Ottawa. The voice of the people must be heard as well as the voice of the right arm of Ottawa.

Mr. Speaker, fellow members of this Council, I feel sure that you will all agree, that we have made an honest effort to form a strong, workable organization on behalf of the people of this Territory at this Session. We must go on from here and add to our strength in force. We should follow in the footsteps of our forefathers and demand more adequate representation by adding more Council Members to this Council.

This will be our first form of protest, it follows, and is in line with Canadian early history. It was a method used by the pioneers of this great land, to establish the fact that they were ready to advance towards a common goal and more freedom. We must do the same. It is basic and logical. We are not going to attack this problem in any rough and tumble manner, neither are we going to start another Riel Rebellion. But no half-hearted plea will make any impression on the powers that be, nor will it impress them with our solidarity and unity of purpose. A common front will gain the admiration of those who have passed through this self same period in history, and those who have knowledge of similar people under similar circumstances.

The next logical step following acceptance of this plan, would be to form ourselves into a type of legislative opposition which would function on behalf of the people, with the power to present the wishes of the people to the Department of Northern Affairs, with the Department acting in a similar capacity to the party in power in the House of Parliament, and the Yukon Council as its loyal opposition. This would require the employment of leadership and organization on the part of Council, and would lead to greater freedom, more representation and a better balance in vital legislation.

Mr. Speaker, I would appreciate the sympathetic consideration of this Opinion of Council, in the form of a resolution that I have submitted. May we fully realize that it is only an Opinion of Council, as we have no authority at present to proceed with this matter in any other way.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 33

Councillor J. Smith

Notice of Motion for the production of papers.

Could the Commissioner please table for the information of Council, all correspondence, papers and other pertinent data concerning all aspects of the Territorial Government's participation in the new Hospital, on the East Bank of the Yukon River at Whitehorse. These papers to cover the problem from the time the matter was first brought up until this date.

Seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 34.

Replies to questions of Mr. J. Smith:

Referring to questions submitted in respect of rates at the new Mayo and new Whitehorse Hospitals, only the Mayo Hospital is territorially operated and will be so.

The new Whitehorse Hospital will be operated by the Department of National Health and Welfare under the direction of the Director of Northern Health Services.

The present rate of \$14.50 per day in the new Mayo Hospital will be subject to change as additional operating costs are developed. It is not an inclusive rate but only covers the provision of a bed and the normal general care usual in Hospitals.

The new Whitehorse Hospital rate to be set from time to time is an inclusive one, covering all charges for drugs, medicines, X-rays, irrigations, oxygen, transfusions, etc., etc.

"F. H. Collins"

Commissioner

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 35

Councillor C. D. Taylor

The following Opinion of Council:

It is the Opinion of this Council, that the Federal Government and the Territorial Government, together with the co-operation and assistance of Industry and the Public, establish a Yukon University Student Assistance Fund.

Seconded by Mr. R. L. McKamey.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 36

Councillor C. D. Taylor

Information required by the Territorial Council is as follows:

(1)

Question: What is the cost per child per year?

Answer: Approximately \$290.00 during the fiscal year 1957/8. This has been obtained by dividing the number of pupils in all schools in the Territory on 31st March 1958 into the total expenditure on all schools in the Territory during the fiscal year 1957/8.

(2)

Question: What sum does D.N.D. pay per child per year?

Answer: \$250.00 per child per year, commencing 1st April 1957, previously \$150.00.

(3)

Question: What is the annual sum raised by School Tax?

Answer: During the fiscal year

1955-6	-	\$52,192.95
1956-7	-	59,708.27
1957-8	-	60,908.59

(4)

Question: How much School Tax is paid annually by the Federal Government and by the Yukon Territorial Government?

Answer: No School Tax is paid annually by the Federal or Territorial Government. The position is that Municipalities collect a Property Tax from private owners which includes a School Tax and which is passed on to us by the Municipalities when collected. Neither the Federal nor the Territorial Government pays a Property Tax. In lieu, a grant is paid to

the Municipalities. That grant is based upon the assessed value of private, Federal and Territorial property within the municipal boundaries. Details will be found in the Report on the Yukon Territory 1957 of the Interdepartmental Committee on Federal-Territorial Financial Relations.

(5)

Question: What sum is paid annually for scholarships?

Answer: The Yukon Territorial Government provides three scholarships to Universities.

(1) Science and Mathematics held by Michael Scott. Cost \$1,000.00 per annum, for 4 or 5 years depending upon the course taken. Cost 1958/9 \$1,000.00. 1959/60 \$2,000.00 and so on. Maximum annual cost \$5,000.00 in fifth and each successive year.

(2) Two scholarships of \$250.00 each, one for a boy and one for a girl, commenced 1956. Cost \$500.00 annually.

(6)

Question: What was the capital outlay of the Federal Government on schools in the fiscal years 1955/6, 1956/7, 1957/8?

Answer: According to the public accounts, the figures were as follows:

1955-6 -	\$381,113.43
1956-7 -	Nil
1957-8 -	Nil

(7)

Question: What was the capital outlay of the Territorial Government on schools in the fiscal years 1955/6, 1956/7, 1957/8?

Answer: According to the public accounts, the figures were as follows:

1955-6 -	\$378,848.89
1956-7 -	671.54
1957-8 -	4,600.33.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 37

Councillor J. O. Livesey

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the Opinion of this Council, an adequate unit providing nursing and other facilities, should be established on that portion of the Alaska Highway laying between a point North of the Municipality of Whitehorse, and Mile 1221 on such highway; to include the services of a Registered Nurse, in a suitable central location, for the purpose of meeting the existing needs of the inhabitants of the said highway, respecting medical assistance and attention, and to include and service the needs of both white and native populations in that area.

Seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor.

Whitehorse, Yukon.
October 29, 1958.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 38

Councillor C. D. Taylor

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the opinion of this Council, the Dominion Government should give consideration to the advisability of introducing, during the Second Session of the 24th Parliament, an amendment to the Yukon Act to provide for a Legislative Council of 7 elected members.

Seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw.

Whitehorse, Yukon.
October 30, 1958.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 39

Councillor C. D. Taylor

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the Opinion of this Council, it is advisable that consideration by the appropriate authorities be given to changing to Indian Status those Indians who have acquired "White" status and who fail to live up to the standard of citizenship that might be reasonably expected of them.

Seconded by Mr. R. L. McKamey.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 40

Councillor J. Smith

The following Opinion of Council:

||
That, in the Opinion of Council, the per diem rate of \$17.50 now suggested, represents a reasonable rate for patients, other than servicemen and their dependents and Indians, admitted to the new Northern Health Services Hospital in the City of Whitehorse, and Council therefore recommends:

1. That the recommendations of the Interdepartmental Committee on Federal-Territorial Financial Relations be accepted;
2. That the recommendations of the Deputy Minister of Northern Affairs and National Resources concerning the per diem rate be accepted;
3. That in accepting these recommendations the Territory
 - (a) set the per diem rate at \$17.50 notwithstanding that this per diem rate is less than the actual operating costs, and
 - (b) assume responsibility for the balance of the actual operating costs.
4. That the suggested per diem rate of \$17.50 will be an all inclusive rate. ||

Seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 41

Councillor J. Smith

The following Opinion of Council:

That, in the Opinion of this Council, it is advisable to render assistance to the Municipality of the City of Whitehorse, in their desire to include within their Municipal boundaries, that area lying between 8th Avenue and the foot of the Escarpment. And should it be necessary to request assistance from the Dominion Government, this Council feels it further advisable to request that assistance, in order that the problems existing in the area West of 8th Avenue will be solved. Thus enabling the said area to be contained within the Municipal boundaries of the said City without further delay.

Seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 42

Closing Address by

Frederick H. Collins, Esquire

Commissioner of the Yukon Territory

Mr. Speaker,

and Members of the Yukon Council.

To-day ends the First Session of the Eighteenth Council of the Yukon Territory. Those of us fortunate enough to be connected with the step toward the future each Session makes should, and I am sure do, have a feeling of pride and veneration in being chosen to carry on the traditions of the past sixty years and bend our efforts to furthering the ideals and aspirations of those who have preceded us.

Service to the public does not follow a rose-strewn path and its material rewards are less than bountiful. It has, nevertheless, other and great compensations for those who devote themselves unselfishly to the common good, placing this above private interest or ambition.

If I may I would like to congratulate Members of this Council on the approach they have made to their new task and duties. It holds the assurance that those whom they represent will be well served and truly informed. In the broader field of their legislative function it is also evident that the Yukon and thereby our country will have much to gain through their earnest and honest endeavours.

I would like to thank Members of Council for the courtesy and consideration shown me in my official capacity and as a working member of the Territorial Government. In a true spirit of co-operation and with united effort there is no common problem that cannot be resolved. I look forward with pleasure to our continued association in the sessions to follow and also in the periods between sessions when the opportunity is afforded of discussing problems of a more local nature.

Mr. Speaker, and Members of Council, assent has been given to all Bills passed to me.

SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 43

Reply to Commissioner's Closing Address

by

Mr. J. O. Livesey, Esquire

Mr. Commissioner:

Council wishes to thank you wholeheartedly for your generous response to the many requests for important and vital information during this Session. And to the Legal Advisor Mr. D. S. Collins, Clerk of the Council Mr. H. J. Taylor, and the clerical staff, our warmest gratitude for their untiring efforts in matters pertaining to the efficient operation of this First Session of the Eighteenth Wholly Elective Council.

Personally, I would like to express my gratitude for the honour that Council bestowed on me at this Session, and may I thank you also for your spontaneous assistance and co-operation. It has been a real and sincere pleasure to have been able to serve you, and may I leave with you, kindest thoughts and remembrance of your gracious fellowship and company, until we meet again.

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS
of the
COUNCIL OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Whitehorse, Yukon.
Thursday, October 30, 1958.
10:00 o'clock A.M.

Mr. Speaker read the Daily Prayers, after which Council was called to order.

Mr. C. D. Taylor, seconded by Mr. R. L. McKamey, moved an Opinion of Council concerning the "Indian Status" of certain Indians. (See Sessional Paper No. 39). Motion Carried.

Mr. J. Smith, seconded by Mr. C. D. Taylor, moved an Opinion of Council concerning rates at the new Whitehorse Hospital. (See Sessional Paper No. 40). Motion Carried.

Mr. J. Smith, seconded by Mr. G. O. Shaw, moved an Opinion of Council concerning the area West of 8th Avenue in the City of Whitehorse. (See Sessional Paper No. 41). Motion Carried.

Mr. Speaker addressed the Commissioner to request assent to the Bills passed by Council.

The Clerk of the Council enumerated the Bills as follows:

- Bill No. 1 - AN ORDINANCE TO CONFIRM THE ASSESSMENT ROLL, COLLECTOR'S ROLL AND TAX BY-LAW OF THE MUNICIPALITY, THE CITY OF WHITEHORSE FOR THE YEAR 1957.
- 2 - AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING THE REVISED ORDINANCES OF THE YUKON TERRITORY.
- 3 - AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31 ST DAY OF MARCH, 1959.
- 4 - AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31 ST DAY OF MARCH, 1958.

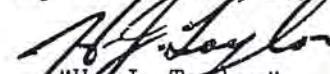
The Commissioner in his address to Council, gave his assent to the Bills enumerated by the Clerk. (See Sessional Paper No. 42).

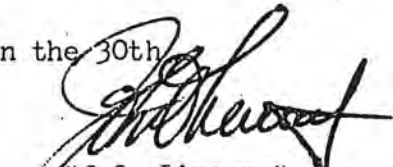
Mr. Speaker thanked the Commissioner and various members of the Territorial Government staff. (See Sessional Paper No. 43).

The Clerk of the Council then read the following:

"It is the Commissioner's will and pleasure that this Council be now prorogued and this Council is accordingly prorogued".

Council prorogued at 12:00 o'clock noon on the 30th day of October, 1958.


"H. J. Taylor"
Clerk of the Council


"J. O. Livesey"
Speaker

PA
Jan. 11/6 to
me

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES

NUMBER 2

FISCAL YEAR 1958/59

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES 1958/59

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES & REVENUES

Expenditure Vote	Main Estimates	#1 Supplementary Estimates	#2 Supplementary Estimates	Revised Estimates
1 Yukon Council	18,300.00	-	11,913.00	30,213.00
2 Territorial Treasurer	64,320.00	-	4,758.43	69,078.43
3 Education	607,314.73	24,550.00	-	631,864.73
4 Territorial Secretary	36,122.80	20,000.00	12,847.50	68,970.30
5 Health & Public Welfare	463,590.00	-	-	463,590.00
6 Municipal Town Administration	124,553.30	-	1,199.25	125,752.55
7 Game	16,515.00	-	492.00	17,007.00
8 General	41,856.30	12,500.00	4,862.38	59,218.68
9 Roads, Bridges and Public Works	842,536.00	10,000.00	26,096.48	878,632.48
	2,215,106.13	67,150.00	62,169.04	2,344,425.17
10 Capital Account	1,494,127.00	550.00	700,051.53	2,194,728.53
DEDUCT	3,709,235.13	67,700.00 Actual Position 31-8-58	762,220.57	4,539,155.70
Recoverable -Current A/C	488,488.40	226,769.12	26,096.48	511,584.88
" Capital A/C	585,100.00	350,645.86	461,718.21	1,016,818.21
	1,073,588.40	577,414.98	487,814.69	1,561,403.09
NET	\$ 2,635,646.73	\$ 67,700.00	\$ 274,665.88	\$ 2,977,752.61
REVENUE	Main Estimates	Actual Position 31-8-58	#2 Supplementary Estimates	Revised Estimates
Tax Revenue	452,500.00	116,250.00	-	452,500.00
License Revenue	136,403.00	133,458.72	-	136,403.00
Miscellaneous	225,200.00	83,566.11	-	225,200.00
Federal Subsidy	460,000.00	195,850.67	-	460,000.00
Health Grants	32,056.00	16,368.33	-	32,056.00
Vocational School	2,350.00	2,030.25	-	2,350.00
	1,308,509.00	547,513.08	-	1,308,509.00
Liquor Profits	745,000.00	310,416.66	-	745,000.00
	2,053,509.00	857,929.74	-	2,053,509.00
Transfer from Reserves	582,137.73	-	-	924,243.61
	\$ 2,635,646.73	857,929.74	-	\$ 2,977,752.61

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE & ALLOTMENT TRANSFERS

VOTE 1

OCTOBER 1, 1958

Expense head	Main Vote	Supplementary Vote #1	Revised Vote	Allotment Transfers	Supplementary Vote #2	Final Vote
21 Salaries	\$1,000.00	-	\$1,000.00	-	-	\$1,000.00
23 Travelling Expense	4,500.00	-	4,500.00	-	1,913.00	6,413.00
25 Freight & Cartage	100.00	-	100.00	-	-	100.00
27 Telephone & Telegraph	100.00	-	100.00	-	-	100.00
28 Publication of Reports	1,500.00	-	1,500.00	-	-	1,500.00
29 Advertising	100.00	-	100.00	-	-	100.00
30 Stationery & Office Equipment	1,000.00	-	1,000.00	-	-	1,000.00
49 Sessional Indemnities	10,000.00	-	10,000.00	-	10,000.00	20,000.00
Total	\$18,300.00	-	\$ 18,300.00	-	\$ 11,913.00	\$ 30,213.00

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Supplementary Estimates #2 for fiscal year ending 31st March 1959.

Department - YUKON COUNCIL

VOTE 1

	EXPLANATION	INCREASE
--	-------------	----------

Primary

23 TRAVEL AND LIVING EXPENSES \$ 1,913.00

To provide for first session of new Council
in fiscal year 1958/59.

Travel Expenses

2 Return Trips to Dawson	\$ 120.00	
Taxi	8.00	
2 Return trips to Mayo	80.00	
Taxi	8.00	
2 Return trips to M.P. 1202 @ .12¢ per mile	150.00	\$ 386.00

Living Expenses

5 Councillors @ \$25.00 per day for 20 days		<u>2500.00</u>
		\$2886.00

Less

Balance available from main vote		<u>953.00</u>
----------------------------------	--	---------------

\$1913.00

49 SESSIONAL INDEMNITIES \$ 10,000.00

To provide for the maximum indemnity of
\$2000.00 for each of five Council Members.

TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY

\$ 11,913.00

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE & ALLOTMENT TRANSFERS

VOTE 2

OCTOBER 1, 1958

Expense head	Main Vote	Supplementary Vote #1	Revised Vote	Allotment Transfers	Supplementary Vote #2	Final Vote
21 Salaries	\$ 55,095.00	-	\$ 55,095.00	-	\$ 2,100.00	\$ 57,195.00
22 Fees	300.00	-	300.00	-	-	300.00
23 Travelling Expense	225.00	-	225.00	-	500.00	725.00
24 Removal Expense	300.00	-	300.00	-	-	300.00
25 Freight, Express & Cartage	200.00	-	200.00	-	-	200.00
26 Postage	600.00	-	600.00	-	-	600.00
27 Telephone & Telegraph	300.00	-	300.00	-	300.00	600.00
28 Publication of Reports	400.00	-	400.00	-	-	400.00
30 Office Supplies & Equipment	3,600.00	-	3,600.00	-	1,500.00	5,100.00
31 Materials & Supplies	50.00	-	50.00	-	-	50.00
39 Miscellaneous	150.00	-	150.00	-	-	150.00
41 Unemployment Ins.	350.00	-	350.00	-	-	350.00
43 Holiday Pay	2,250.00	-	2,250.00	-	-	2,250.00
51 Superannuation	500.00	-	500.00	-	358.43	858.43
Total	\$ 64,320.00	-	\$ 64,320.00	-	\$ 4,758.43	\$ 69,078.43

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE & ALLOTMENT TRANSFERS

VOTE 3

OCTOBER 1, 1958

Expense head	Main Vote	Allotment Transfers	Supplementary Vote #1	Supplementary Vote #2	Revised Vote
21 Salaries	363,977.23		15,850.00		379,827.23
22 Professional Special Services	225.00				225.00
23 Travelling Expenses	2,532.00				2,532.00
24 Removal Expense	5,070.50	2,000.00	500.00		3,570.50
25 Freight, Express & Cartage	3,200.00				3,200.00
26 Postage	600.00				600.00
27 Telephone & Telegraph	1,352.00	163.00			1,515.00
29 Films, Displays & Advertising	2,115.00	1,200.00			3,315.00
30 Stationery & Office Supplies	7,592.00				7,592.00
31 Materials & Supplies	5,027.50				5,027.50
32 Public Utilities Service	23,476.00				23,476.00
34 Repairs -Upkeep of Equipment	1,915.00				1,915.00
37 Rental of Bldgs. etc.	1,350.00	1,163.00			187.00
38 Rental of Equip.	5,100.00				5,100.00
39 Sundry	2,731.00				2,731.00
40 Fuel	46,333.00				46,333.00
41 Unemployment Ins.	410.00				410.00
42 School Supplies	29,120.00	1,800.00			30,920.00
43 holiday Pay	600.00				600.00
44 Grants	99,000.00				99,000.00
51 Superannuation Grants	692.50		8,300.00		8,992.50
53 Correspondence Courses	1,196.00				1,196.00
57 In-Service Train- ing	2,700.00				2,700.00
58 Busaries	1,000.00				1,000.00
Total	\$ 607,314.73	-	\$ 24,650.00	-	\$ 631,964.73

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY
SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE & ALLOTMENT TRANSFERS

VOTE 4

OCTOBER 1, 1958

Expense Head	Main Vote	Allotment Transfers	Supplementary Vote #1	Supplementary Vote #2	Revised Vote
21 Salaries	\$ 22,120.00			\$ 8,887.50	\$ 30,907.50
22 Professional & Special Services	900.00				900.00
23 Travelling Expenses	1,500.00				1,500.00
25 Freight & Expense	600.00				600.00
26 Postage	1,000.00			2,500.00	3,500.00
27 Telephone & Telegraph	728.00				728.00
29 Advertising	1,000.00		20,000.00		21,000.00
30 Office Stationery & Equipment	5,450.00			1,500.00	6,950.00
41 Unemployment Ins.	154.80			60.00	214.80
43 Holiday Pay	300.00				300.00
44 Grants	2,000.00				2,000.00
51 Superannuation	370.00				370.00
Total	\$ 36,122.80	-	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 12,847.50	\$68,970.30

Supplementary Estimates #2 for the fiscal year ending 31 March 1959.

Department - TERRITORIAL SECRETARY

VOTE 4

	EXPLANATION	INCREASE
<u>Primary</u>		
21	<p><u>SALARIES</u></p> <p>To provide for temporary assistance during vacation leave. One typist needed for full year. Two typists occasionally.</p> <p>Also, Central Registry clerk Miss S. Jackson now charged to Vote 4.</p>	\$ 8,787.50
26	<p><u>POSTAGE</u></p> <p>Recently purchased Postage Meter located in Central Registry now under control Territorial Secretary whose Dept. will absorb all Territorial expenditure on postage.</p>	2,500.00
30	<p><u>OFFICE STATIONERY - EQUIPMENT</u></p> <p>To provide for the printing of new Motor Vehicle Licensing forms - Yukon Financial Responsibility Card and Insurance Cancellation Notice - and towards higher cost of other forms.</p>	1,500.00
41	<p><u>UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE</u></p> <p>To provide for temporary employees referred to in Primary 21 above.</p>	60.00
	TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY	<u>\$ 12,847.50</u>

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE & ALLOTMENT TRANSFERS

VOTE 5

OCTOBER 1, 1958

Expense head	Main Vote	Allotment Transfers	Supplementary Vote #1	Supplementary Vote #2	Revised Vote
21 Salaries & Wages	\$ 22,875.00	\$ 2,250.00			\$ 25,125.00
22 Professional & Special Services	14,000.00				14,000.00
23 Travelling Expns.	2,200.00	700.00			2,900.00
24 Removal Expense	150.00				150.00
25 Freight, Cartage & Express	225.00				225.00
26 Postage	150.00				150.00
27 Telephone & Telegraph	800.00				800.00
29 Films, Displays & Advertising	25.00	150.00			175.00
30 Office Stationery & Equipment	575.00	235.00			810.00
31 Materials & Supplies	1,000.00				1,000.00
32 Public Utility Service	2,290.00				2,290.00
34 Repairs & Upkeep of Equipment	900.00	600.00			1,500.00
37 Rental of Land, Bldgs.	300.00				300.00
39 Miscellaneous	200.00				200.00
40 Fuel	1,000.00				1,000.00
41 Unemployment Ins.	50.00	15.00			65.00
43 Holiday Pay	250.00				250.00
44 Grants	84,500.00				84,500.00
46 Subsistence	125,940.00				125,940.00
48 Clothing	1,600.00				1,600.00
51 Employee's Superannu- ation	530.00				530.00
52 hospitalization	149,600.00	3,950.00			145,650.00
54 Transportation of Patients	6,500.00				6,500.00
59 Northern Health Services	47,930.00				47,930.00
	463,590.00				463,590.00
Recoverable-Canada	36,489.00				36,489.00
Total	\$ 427,101.00				\$ 427,101.00

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE & ALLOTMENT TRANSFERS

VOTE 6

OCTOBER 1, 1958

Expense Head	Main Vote	Allotment Transfers	Supplementary Vote #1	Supplementary Vote #2	Revised Vote
21 Salaries	\$ 2,850.00	-	-	\$ 500.00	\$ 3,350.00
25 Freight Express & Cartage	150.00	"	"	"	150.00
26 Postage	25.00	"	"	"	25.00
27 Telephone & Telegram	260.00	"	"	200.00	460.00
31 Materials & Supplies	1,524.80	"	"	114.25	1,639.05
32 Public Utilities	1,000.00	"	"	"	1,000.00
33 Repairs & Upkeep of Equipment	600.00	"	"	"	600.00
38 Rental of Equip- ment	2,100.00	"	"	"	2,100.00
39 Sundry	150.00	"	"	"	150.00
40 Fuel	875.00	"	"	180.00	1,055.00
41 Unemployment Ins.	50.00	"	"	"	50.00
44 Grants	114,968.50	"	"	"	114,968.50
43 Holiday Pay	"	"	"	105.00	105.00
46 Subsistence	"	"	"	100.00	100.00
Total	\$124,553.30	"	"	\$1,199.25	\$125,752.55

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Supplementary Estimates #2 for the fiscal year ending 31st March 1959.

Department - MUNICIPAL AND TOWN ADMINISTRATION

VOTE 6

	EXPLANATION	INCREASE
<u>Primary</u>		
21	<u>SALARIES AND WAGES</u> To provide for seasonal labour Mayo streets, etc.	\$ 500.00
27	<u>TELEPHONE - TELEGRAPH</u> To provide for arrears of telephone rental for Mayo Fire Hall.	200.00
32	<u>MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES</u> Siren - Mayo Fire Hall \$ 198.75 45 gallons Drum O.D.T. 91.50 \$ 290.25	114.25
40	<u>FUEL</u> To provide for additional purchases of wood.	180.00
43	<u>HOLIDAY PAY</u> To provide for Mayo Fire Chief 21 calendar days @ \$5.00 per day	105.00
46	<u>SUBSISTENCE</u> To provide for engineering department person- nel away from base doing work chargeable to Vote 6.	100.00

TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY

\$ 1,199.25

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE & ALLOTMENT TRANSFERS

VOTE 7

OCTOBER 1, 1958

Expense Head	Main Vote	Allotment Transfers	Supplementary Vote #1	Supplementary Vote #2	Revised Vote
21 Salaries	\$ 9,110.00	-	-	-	\$ 9,110.00
23 Travelling Expenses	1,550.00	-	-	-	1,550.00
25 Freight Express & Cartage	50.00	-	-	-	50.00
26 Postage	150.00	-	-	-	150.00
27 Telephone & Telegraph	250.00	-	-	-	250.00
29 Films, Displays & Advertising	300.00	-	-	-	300.00
30 Office Supplies	540.00	-	-	492.00	1,032.00
31 Materials-Supplies	25.00	-	-	-	25.00
34 Repair Upkeep Equipment	1,450.00	-	-	-	1,450.00
38 Rental of Equip.	50.00	-	-	-	50.00
39 Miscellaneous	3,000.00	-	-	-	3,000.00
41 Unemployment Ins.	40.00	-	-	-	40.00
Total	\$ 16,515.00	-	-	\$ 492.00	\$ 17,007.00

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Supplementary Estimates #2 for the Fiscal Year ending 31st March 1959.

Department - LAND

NOTE 7

EXPLANATION INCREASE

Primary		
30	OFFICE SUPPLIES	\$ 492.00
	To provide for the following:	
	Printing of new type licenses to conform	
	with new Fees Ordinance \$ 500.00	
	Less:	
	In Main Vote	\$ 208.00
	Printing Fees Ordinance Regulations	\$ 151.00
	in Whitehorse Star	\$ 42.00

TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY

\$ 492.00

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY
SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE & ALLOTMENT TRANSFERS

VOTE 8

OCTOBER 1, 1958

Expenses read	Main Vote	Allotment Transfers	Supplementary Vote #1	Supplementary Vote #2	Revised Vote
22 Witness Fees	\$ 2,500.00	-	-	-	\$ 2,500.00
29 Films Displays	1,000.00	-	-	-	1,000.00
37 Rental of Bldgs.	14,500.00	-	-	-	14,500.00
39 Miscellaneous	3,800.00	-	500.00	-	4,300.00
41 Insurance	13,005.00	-	-	4,862.38	17,867.38
45 Workmen Compensation	5,750.00	-	-	-	5,750.00
61 Frontage Tax	1,301.30	-	-	-	1,301.30
44 Grants	-	-	12,000.00	-	12,000.00
Total	\$ 41,856.30	-	\$ 12,500.00	\$ 4,862.38	\$ 59,218.68

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Supplementary Estimates for the fiscal year ending 31st March 1959.

Department - GENERAL

VOIE 8

EXPLANATION

INCREASE

Primary

41 Insurance \$ 4,862.38

To cover the following:-

A. Diesel Ferries - McQueston, Gar-
macks, Campbell, Genric against
Fire. This insurance not hither-
to taken out.

\$ 2,175.75

B. Discrepancies between premiums
listed in main estimates and
premiums actually paid. Main
estimates were in error.

2,686.63

\$ 4,862.38

TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY

\$ 4,862.38

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE & ALLOTMENT TRANSFERS

VOTE 9

OCTOBER 1, 1958

Expense Head	Main Vote	Allotment Transfers	Supplementary Vote #1	Supplementary Vote #2	Revised Vote
21 Salaries & Wages	\$279,979.60	\$6,400.00	-	\$ 6,782.02	\$ 293,161.62
23 Travelling Expenses	9,100.00	-	-	-	9,100.00
24 Removal Expenses	500.00	-	-	-	500.00
25 Freight Express & Cartage	12,859.70	-	-	-	12,859.70
27 Telephone & Telegraph	558.00	-	-	-	558.00
31 Materials & Supplies	89,726.00	1,900.00	-	-	91,626.00
32 Public Utility Service	1,687.50	-	-	-	1,687.50
34 Repairs & Upkeep of Equipment	357,846.00	2,700.00	-	16,058.75	364,204.75
38 Rental of Equip.	66,101.50	500.00	-	2,767.38	69,368.88
39 Miscellaneous	750.00	-	-	-	750.00
40 Fuel	8,240.00	700.00	-	-	8,940.00
41 Unemployment Ins.	1,042.70	-	-	37.70	1,080.40
43 Holiday Pay	3,680.00	-	-	116.08	3,796.08
46 Subsistence	8,920.00	200.00	-	334.55	9,454.55
26 Postage	100.00	-	-	-	100.00
30 Office Stationery & Supplies Equipment	845.00	-	-	-	845.00
51 Employees Superannu- ation Fund	600.00	-	-	-	600.00
50 Contract	-	-	10,000.00	-	10,000.00
	842,536.00	-	10,000.00	26,096.48	878,632.48
Recoverable-Canada	451,999.40	-	-	26,096.48	478,095.88
Total	\$ 390,536.60	-	\$ 10,000.00	Nil	\$ 400,536.60

GOVERNMENT OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

Supplementary Estimates for the Fiscal year ending 31st March 1959.

Department - TERRITORIAL ENGINEER

VOTE 9

	EXPLANATION	INCREASE
<u>Primary</u>		
21	SALARIES, WAGES	\$ 6,782.02
34	RENTAL OF EQUIPMENT (Government Units)	16,058.75
38	RENTAL OF EQUIPMENT (3rd Parties)	2,767.38
41	UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE	37.70
43	HOLIDAY PAY	116.08
46	SUBSISTENCE	<u>324.55</u>
		<u>\$ 26,096.48</u>

To cover expenditure already incurred on Fire Control.

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE & ALLOTMENT TRANSFERS

VOTE 10

OCTOBER 1, 1958

Expense Head	Main Vote	Allotment Transfers	Supplementary Vote #1	Supplementary Vote #2	Revised Vote
200 Dawson Stewart X Rd.	91,000.00	-	-	205,000.00	296,000.00
202 Garage - Whitehorse	60,000.00	-	-	-	60,000.00
204 New School-Selkirk	50,000.00	-	-	195,475.00	245,475.00
210 Road Equipment	445,049.00	-	-	9,600.00	455,649.00
211 Furniture-Office Eqts.	8,977.00	-	550.00	18,126.68	27,653.68
215 Whse-Keno Road	180,000.00	-	-	35,000.00	215,000.00
216 " " Resurfacing	74,000.00	-	-	-	74,000.00
217 " Bridge Units 55,183,195	9,600.00	-	-	-	9,600.00
218 " Br. Units 131	23,000.00	-	-	-	23,000.00
219 " " " 263	25,000.00	-	-	-	25,000.00
220 Canal Road	135,000.00	-	-	70,000.00	213,000.00
221 New Townsite Riverdale	7,500.00	5,500.00	-	-	7,000.00
225 Dawson School	150,000.00	-	-	123,649.85	273,649.85
226 New School -Elsa	90,000.00	4,000.00	-	-	86,000.00
227 " " Haines Junction	75,000.00	-	-	-	75,000.00
228 " " Watson Lake	30,000.00	1,500.00	-	-	28,500.00
229 Grader Station-Stewart	20,000.00	8,000.00	-	-	28,000.00
230 " " Boundary	20,000.00	10,000.00	-	-	10,000.00
233 Survey Radio Comm.	1.00	-	-	-	1.00
213 M P 923 Subdivision	5,000.00	-	-	-	5,000.00
234 Diking Mayo Town	-	-	-	20,000.00	20,000.00
235 Mayo Sewer Extension	-	2,000.00	-	-	2,000.00
236 Douglas Cabin - Mayo	-	-	-	200.00	200.00
241 Mayo Elsa Rd.(Clearing Grubbing)	-	-	-	15,000.00	15,000.00
	1,494,127.00	-	550.00	700,051.53	2,194,728.53
Recoverable - Canada	585,100.00	-	-	461,718.21	1,046,818.21
Total	\$ 909,027.00	-	\$ 550.00	\$ 238,333.32	\$1,147,910.32

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Supplementary Estimates for the fiscal year ending 31st March 1959.

Department: CAPITAL ACCOUNT

VOTE 10

<u>ESTABLISHMENT</u>	<u>EXPLANATION</u>	<u>INCREASE</u>
210	<u>ROAD EQUIPMENT</u> To provide funds for the purchase of a new Track Tretor	\$ 9,600.00
204	<u>NEW SCHOOL - SELKIRK ST. WHITEHORSE</u> To cover the cost of work to be done this fiscal year over and above that anticipated when the main estimates were prepared. Roughly 90% of the contract for the construction of this school totaling approximately \$255,000.00 is now expected to be completed this year depending upon weather conditions. 50% recoverable from Canada.	195,475.00
225	<u>DAWSON SCHOOL</u> To provide for completion of the new Dawson School this fiscal year instead of next. 15% recoverable from Canada.	123,649.85
234	<u>DIKING - MAYO TOWN</u> To pay for measures to be taken to prevent the flooding of Mayo Town. 50% recoverable from Northern Canada Power Commission.	20,000.00
241	<u>MAYO-ELSA ROAD (Clearing & Grubbing)</u> To cover the cost of clearing and grubbing Mayo-Elsa Road this fiscal year in preparation for reconstruction work next year.	15,000.00
200	<u>DAWSON-STEWART CROSSING ROAD</u> To complete 2 year programme of reconstruction. 100% recoverable from Canada.	205,000.00
215	<u>WHITEHORSE-KENO ROAD RECONSTRUCTION</u> These additional funds are required to complete the first year of a 3-year programme for the reconstruction of the Mayo-Elsa Road. 100% recoverable from Canada.	35,000.00
220	<u>CANOL ROAD</u> To meet the cost of reconstructing that portion of Canol Road lying between Johnson's Crossing and Polly River to handle 15 ton traffic. \$ 28,000.00 Increase in estimated cost of Canol Road improvement. Original figure based upon 1957 reconnaissances and cost picture may be changed. \$ 50,000.00 100% recoverable from Canada \$ 78,000.00	78,000.00

FURNITURE - OFFICE EQUIPMENT

To cover the purchase of the following:-

TRINITY
 2 Offices Electric Adder/Calculators @ 11.5.00
 1 Filing Cabinet 80.95

CENTRAL TECISRY
 1 Thermo Fax copying machine 529.98

EDUCATION

Watson Lakes Y. Scho. 1 (PO 3256)
 12 Primary Reading Chars 69.00
 1 Primary Study Table 41.00
 1 Library Table 54.00
 Freight on the above & other items 50.00
 (P.O. 3225)

3 Sidechairs 34.05
 Freight on the above & other items 20.00
 1 only floor polisher 175.00
 1 only four-drawer filing cabinet 100.00
 1 only record player 125.00
 1 only duplicating machine 300.00
 Science apparatus and equipment 300.00
 Watson Lakes Y. Scho. 1 (PO 3231)
 12 Primary reading chairs 69.00
 8 Pupils Desks, size 4 172.00
 1 Primary Study Table 41.00
 Freight on above 40.00

Watson Lakes Y. Scho. 1 (PO 3227)

12 Primary Reading chairs 69.00
 9 Pupils Desks 110.10
 1 Primary Study Table 41.00
 1 Library Table 54.00
 4 Side chairs 55.80
 Freight on above 50.00
 1 only floor polisher 175.00
 1 only record player 125.00

Elva Scho. 1 (PO 3278)

1 Pupil Desk, Size 1 20.75
 4 Pupil Desk, Size 2 81.60
 5 Pupil desk, Size 3 91.75
 5 Pupil Desk Size 4 87.75
 Freight on above 40.00

Elva Scho. 1 (PO 3226)

1 only floor polisher 175.00
 12 Reading chairs 69.00
 4 Pupil Desks Size 4 71.00
 4 Pupil Desks Size 3 73.60
 2 Pupil Desks Size 2 40.80
 1 Primary Study Table 41.00
 1 Library Table 41.00
 2 Side Chairs 26.40
 Freight on above 60.00

Darwin Elementary High School

Miscellaneous equipment 441.70
 Classroom 215.45
 Library 126.00
 Principal's Office 50.85
 Health Room 292.50
 Staff Room 525.00
 Junior High Dept & Tools 440.00
 Auditorium Gymnasium 125.80
 Playground 1000.00
 Kitchen 1501.00
 Freight

ESTABLISHMENT	EXPLANATION	INCREASE
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211 cont'd	<u>Mayo Elementary High School</u> 1 only four drawer filing cabinet <u>Whitehorse Elementary High School</u> 1 only duplicating machine	100.00 300.00
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HEALTH AND WELFARE

Required for Social Worker

1 new automobile	2400.00
1 Office Desk	175.00
1 Desk Chair	50.00
1 Typewriter	200.00
1 Filing cabinet	100.00
2 Office chairs	50.00
1 Clothes Tree	25.00

236

DOUGLAS CABIN MAYO

200.00

To purchase contents of Douglas Cabin Mayo which already belongs to the Territorial Government, for use by indigent in need of accommodation.

TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY

\$ 700,051.53

SCHEDULE

APPROVED ADDITIONAL CHARGES AND EXPENSES OF
THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE
FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31ST DAY OF MARCH,
1958.

VOTE
NUMBER

2. TERRITORIAL TREASURER

Salaries \$ 1,963.96

6. MUNICIPAL AND TOWN ADMINISTRATION

Acquisition of Fire Fighting Equipment \$ 2,670.15

TOTAL \$ 4,634.11

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Supplementary Estimates for the fiscal year ending 31st March, 1958.

Department - TERRITORIAL TREASURER

VOTE 2

	<u>EXPLANATION</u>	<u>INCREASE</u>
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Primary

21	<u>SALARIES</u>	\$ 1,963.96
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To cover overexpenditure during the year made necessary the engagement of a greater number of employees than was anticipated when the main and supplementary estimates were being prepared.

TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY

\$ 1,963.96

GOVERNMENT OF THE YUKON TERRITORY

Supplementary Estimates for the fiscal year ending 31st March, 1958.

Department - MUNICIPAL AND TOWN ADMIN.

VOTE 6

	EXPLANATION	INCREASE
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Primary

36	<u>ACQUISITION OF FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT</u>	\$ 2,670.15
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To cover overexpenditure during the year on equipment for Watson Lake Fire Hall not provided for in the main and supplementary estimates.

Total expenditure during year on Watson Lake Fire Hall.	\$ 4,403.76
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Covered in main estimates and by transfer of allotments	<u>1,733.61</u>
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Overexpended	<u>\$ 2,670.15</u>
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TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY

\$ 2,670.15
Estimated by the Department of Finance

CHAPTER VII

MOTIONS, AMENDMENTS, NOTICES OF MOTIONS,
THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

- S.O.43(14) 31. All motions shall be in writing, and seconded before being debated or put from the chair. When a motion is seconded it shall be read by Mr. Speaker.
- S.O.44
(New) 32. When a question is under debate no motion is received unless to amend it, to postpone it to a day certain, for the previous question, for reading the orders of the day, for proceeding to another order; to adjourn the debate, or for the adjournment of the Council.
- S.O.46(15) 33. A motion to refer a bill, resolution or any question to the committee of the whole, or any standing or special committee of the whole, or any standing or special committee, shall preclude all amendments of the main question.
- S.O.47
(New) 34. Notices of motions for the production of papers which the member asking for the same intends to move without discussion, shall be marked by him with an asterisk and shall be placed by the Clerk on the order paper under the heading "Notices of motions for the production of papers". All such notices when called shall be forthwith disposed of; but if on any such motion a debate be desired, it will be transferred by the Clerk to the order of "Notices of motions".
- S.O.48(1)
(New) 35.(1) When a member's notice of motion shall have been twice called from the chair and not proceeded with, it shall be dropped, provided that it may be placed at the foot of the list on the order paper upon motion made after due notice.
- S.O.48(2)
(New) (2) If the notice of motion thus restored is again called from the chair and not proceeded with, it shall be withdrawn from the order paper.
- S.O.48(3)
(New) (3) No member shall have more than two notices of motions at a time on the order paper.
- S.O.48(4)
(New) (4) This standing order shall not apply to notices of motions for the production of papers.
- S.O.49(16) 36. A member, who has made a motion may withdraw the same only by the unanimous consent of the Council.
- S.O.50
(New) 37. Whenever Mr. Speaker is of opinion that a motion offered to the Council is contrary to the rules and privileges of the Council, he shall appraise the Council thereof immediately, before putting the question thereon, and quote the standing order or authority applicable to the case.

.....

S.O. 51
(New) 38. The previous question, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment of the main question, and shall be in the following words, "That this question be NOW put". If the previous question be resolved in the affirmative, the original question is to be put forthwith without any amendment or debate.

CHAPTER VIII

DEPUTY SPEAKER: COMMITTEES OF THE WHOLE:
SUPPLY: WAYS AND MEANS.

S.O.52(1)(17)39.(1) A chairman of committee who shall also be Deputy Speaker of the Council shall be elected at the commencement of every Council, and the member so elected shall, if in his place in the Council, take the chair of all committees of the whole, including the committees of supply and ways and means, in accordance with the usages which regulate the duties of a similar officer in the House of Commons of Canada.

S.O.52(3)
(New) (2) The member so elected as Deputy Speaker and Chairman of Committees shall continue to act in that capacity until the end of the Council for which he is elected, and in the case of a vacancy by death, resignation or otherwise, the Council shall proceed forthwith to elect a successor.

S.O.52 (4)
(New) (3) In the absence of Deputy Speaker and Chairman of Committee of the Council, Mr. Speaker may, in forming a committee of whole council, before leaving the chair, appoint any member chairman of the committee.

S.O.52(5)
(New) (4) At the commencement of every session, or from time to time as necessity may arise, the Council may appoint a Deputy Chairman of Committees, who shall, whenever the Chairman of Committees is absent, be entitled to exercise all the powers as Deputy Speaker during Mr. Speaker's unavoidable absence.

S.O.53
(New) 40. Except as provided for in standing orders 44 and 46, when an order of the day is read for the Council to resolve itself into any committee of the whole, the question "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair" shall be decided without debate or amendment.

S.O.54(1)
(New) 41.(1) All private bills reported to the Council by standing committees may, on one motion, be referred together to a committee of the whole Council and such committee may consider and report upon one or more such bills at the same sitting.

S.O.54(2)
(New) (2) Any bills not considered by the committee before the expiry of the time provided for the consideration of such bills shall retain its precedence and be placed on the order paper as having been ordered for consideration in committee of the whole at the next sitting of the Council.

(3) Standing Order No. 10 is to apply equally to this section.

.....

42. Reserved (see S.O. 56)

43. Reserved (see S.O. 57)

44. Reserved (see S.O. 58)

S.O.59(1) (New) 45.(1) The standing orders of the Council shall be observed in the committees of the whole Council so far as may be applicable, except the standing orders as to the seconding of motions, limiting the number of times of speaking and the length of speeches.

S.O.59(2) (New) (2) Speeches in committee of the whole Council must be strictly relevant to the item or clause under consideration.

S.O.59(3) (New) (3) No member shall speak for more than thirty minutes at a time in any committee of the whole Council.

S.O.59(4) (New) (4) The chairman shall maintain order in the committee of the whole Council, deciding all questions of order subject to an appeal to the Council; but disorder in a committee can only be censured by the Council, on receiving a report thereof.

S.O.60 (New) 46. A motion that the chairman leave the chair is always in order, shall take precedence of any other motion, and shall not be debatable.

Such motion, if rejected, cannot be renewed unless some intermediate proceedings have taken place.

S.O.61 (New) 47. If any motion be made in the Council for any public aid or charge upon the people, the consideration and debate thereof may not be presently entered upon, but shall be adjourned to such further day as the Council thinks fit to appoint, and then it shall be referred to a committee of the whole Council, before any resolution or vote of the Council do pass thereupon.

S.O.62 (New) 48. Whenever a resolution is reported from any committee of the whole, a motion to concur in the same shall be forthwith put and decided without debate or amendment.

49. Reserved (See S.O. 63).

CHAPTER IX

STANDING AND SPECIAL COMMITTEES,
WITNESSES.

50. Reserved (See S.O. 65)

S.O.67(1) (18) 51.(1) No special committee may, without leave of the Council, consist of more than three members, such leave shall not be moved for without notice, and in the case of members proposed to be added, after the first appointment of the committee, a new notice shall be given including the names of the members proposed to be added.

.....

S.O.62(2) (2) A majority of the members of a special committee shall be a quorum unless the Council has otherwise ordered.

S.O.68 (New) 52. Reports from standing and special committees may be made by members standing in their places, and without proceeding to the Bar of the Council.

S.O.69(1) (19(1)). 53.(1) No witness shall be summoned to attend before any committee of the Council unless a certificate shall first have been filed with the chairman of such committee, by some member thereof, stating that the evidence to be obtained from such witness, is, in his opinion material and important.

S.O.69(2) (19(2)). (2) The Clerk of the Council is authorized to pay out of the contingent fund to witnesses so summoned a reasonable sum per diem during their travel and attendance, to be determined by Mr. Speaker, and a reasonable allowance for travelling expenses.

S.O.69(3) (New) (3) The claim of a witness for payment shall state the number of days during which he has been in attendance, the time of necessary travel and the amount of his travelling expenses, which claim and statement shall, before being paid, be certified by the chairman of the committee before which such witness has been summoned.

S.O.69(4) (New) (4) No witness residing at the seat of Government shall be paid for his attendance.

CHAPTER X

PETITIONS

S.O.70(1) (13(1)). 54.(1) A petition to the Council may be presented by a member at any time during the sitting of the Council by filing the same with the Clerk of the Council.

S.O.70(2) (2) Any member desiring to present a petition in his place in the Council must do so during routine proceedings and before introduction of bills.

S.O.70(3) (3) On presentation of a petition no debate on or in relation to the same shall be allowed.

S.O.70(4) (4) Members presenting petitions shall be answerable that they do not contain impertinent or improper matter.

S.O.70(5) (13(3)) (5) Every member presenting a petition shall endorse his name thereon.

S.O.70(6) (13(2)) (6) Petitions may be either written or printed provided always that when there are three or more petitioners, the signatures of at least three petitioners shall be subscribed on the sheet containing the prayer of the petitioner.

.....

S.O.70(7)
(13(4)).

(7) On the next day following the presentation of a petition the Clerk of the Council shall lay upon the table a report upon the petitions presented and such report shall be printed in the Votes and Proceedings of that day. Every petition so reported upon, not containing matter in breach of the privileges of this Council and which, according to the standing orders or practice of this Council, can be received, shall then be deemed to be read and received.

S.O.70(8)
(New)

(8) No debate shall be permitted on the report but a petition referred to therein may be read by the Clerk of the Council at the table, if required; or if it complains of some present personal grievance requiring an immediate remedy, the matter contained therein may be brought into immediate discussion.

CHAPTER XI

PROCEEDINGS IN PUBLIC BILLS.

S.O.71(1)
(New)

55.(1) Every bill is introduced upon motion for leave, specifying the title of the bill; or upon motion to appoint a committee to prepare and bring it in.

S.O.71(2)
(New (24)

(2) A motion for leave to introduce a bill shall be decided without debate or amendment, provided that any member moving for such leave, may be permitted to give a succinct explanation of the provisions of the said bill.

S.O.72
(New)

56. No bill may be introduced either in blank or in an imperfect shape.

S.O.73
(New)

57. When any bill is presented by a member, in pursuance of an order of the Council, the question "That this bill be now read a first time", shall be decided without debate or amendment.

S.O.74(22)

58. All bills shall be typewritten or printed before the second reading.

S.O.75(23)

59. Each bill shall receive three several readings, on different days before being passed. On urgent or extraordinary occasion, a bill may be read twice or thrice, or advanced two or more stages in one day.

S.O.76
(New)

60. When a bill is read in the Council, the Clerk shall certify upon it, the readings and the time thereof. After it has been passed, he shall certify the same, with the date, at the foot of the bill.

S.O.77

61. Every bill shall be read twice in the Council before committal or amendment.

S.O.78(1)
(27)

62.(1) In proceedings in committee of the whole Council upon bills, the preamble is first postponed, and then every clause considered by the committee in the proper order; the preamble and the title to be the last considered.

.....

S.O.78(2)
(28) (2) All amendments made in committee are reported by the chairman to the Council and the same shall be received and the motion for concurrence therein shall be disposed of forthwith before the bill is ordered for a third reading at the next sitting of the Council. When a bill is reported without amendment it is forthwith ordered to be read a third time at such time as may be appointed by the Council.

CHAPTER XII

OFFER OF MONEY TO MEMBERS;
BRIBING IN ELECTIONS

S.O.79
(New) 63. The offer of any money or other advantage to any member of this Council, for the promoting of any matter whatsoever depending or to be transacted in Council, is a high crime and misdemeanour, and tends to the subversion of the constitution.

S.O.80
(New) 64. If it shall appear that any member has been elected and returned a member of this Council, or has endeavoured so to be, by bribery or any other corrupt practices, this Council will proceed with the utmost severity against all such persons as shall have been wilfully concerned in such bribery or other corrupt practice.

CHAPTER XIII

EFFECT OF PROROGATION ON ORDERS FOR RETURNS

S.O.82
(New) 65. A prorogation of the Council shall not have the effect of nullifying an order or address of the Council for returns of papers, but all papers and returns ordered at one session of the Council, if not complied with will be done during the next session, without renewal of the order.

CHAPTER XIV

OFFICERS OF THE COUNCIL

S.O.83(30) 66. The Clerk of the Council is responsible for the safe-keeping of all the papers and records of the Council, subject to such orders as he may, from time to time, receive from Mr. Speaker or the Council.

S.O.84(31) 67. The Clerk of the Council shall place on Mr. Speaker's table and shall distribute to each member, every morning previous to the meeting of the Council, the order of the proceedings for the day.

S.O.86
(New) 68. The Clerk shall employ at the outset of a session with the appropriation of Mr. Speaker, such writers as may be necessary; engaging others as the public business may require.

.....

- S.O.87(32) 69. It is the duty of the Law Clerk of the Council to assist members of the Council in drafting legislation; to prepare bills for assent after they have been passed by the Council; to approve the printing and arrangement and extending of the Ordinances year by year as they are issued at the close of each Council session; to revise, print and put marginal notes upon all bills; to revise, before the third reading all amendments made by select committees, or in committees of the whole; and to report to the several chairmen of the various select committees, when requested to do so, any provisions in private bills which are at variance with general ordinances on the subjects to which such bills relate or with the usual provisions of private ordinances on similar subjects, and any provisions deserving of special attention.
- S.O.88(1)
(New) 70.(1) The Sergeant-at-Arms is responsible for the safe-keeping of the Mace, and of the furniture and fittings of the Council.
- S.O.88(3)
(New) (2) The Sergeant-at-Arms serves all orders of the Council upon those whom they may concern and is entrusted with the execution of warrants issued by Mr. Speaker. He controls admission to, and preserves order in, the galleries, corridors, lobbies and other parts. He is responsible for the moveable property belonging to the Council.
- S.O.88(4)
(New) (3) The Sergeant-at-Arms shall employ at the outset of a session, with the approbation of Mr. Speaker, such persons as may be necessary, engaging others as the Service of the Council may require.
- S.O.88(5)
(New) (4) The Sergeant-at-Arms has the direction and control over all employees in the service of the Council subject to such orders as he may receive from Mr. Speaker or the Council.
- S.O.89
(New) 71. It is the duty of the officers of this Council to complete and finish the work remaining at the close of the session.
- S.O.91
(New) 72. The hours of attendance of the respective officers of this Council, and of the employees of the Council, shall be fixed from time to time by Mr. Speaker.

PART II

CHAPTER XI

PRIVATE BILLS

- S.O.93 73. Petitions for Private Bills shall only be received by the Council if filed within the first two weeks of the session.
- S.O.
(New) 74. The provisions of standing orders 94 to 119, inclusive of the House of Commons of Canada shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to the presenting of petitions for private bills to the Council.



ORDINANCES

of the

YUKON TERRITORY

Passed By The

Yukon Council

In The Year

1958

SECOND SESSION

I N D E X

1958 (2nd Session)

BILL NO.

T I T L E

- | | | |
|--|-----------|---|
| 1st Oct 20 ✓
2nd Oct 20
3rd ✓ 21 | 1. | AN ORDINANCE TO CONFIRM THE ASSESSMENT ROLL, COLLECTOR'S ROLL AND TAX BY-LAW OF THE MUNICIPALITY, THE CITY OF WHITEHORSE FOR THE YEAR 1957. |
| 1st Oct 17 ✓
2nd Oct 17. | 2. | AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING THE REVISED ORDINANCES OF THE YUKON TERRITORY. |
| 1st Reading } Oct 23 ✓
2nd ✓ }
3rd ✓ } | 3. | AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31 ST DAY OF MARCH, 1959. |
| 1st } Oct 33 ✓
2nd } | 4. | AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31ST DAY OF MARCH, 1958. |
| | <u>5.</u> | AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING THE ELECTIONS
IN THE TERRITORY |

CHAPTER

ORDINANCES OF YUKON TERRITORY

1958 (Second Session)

✓ AN ORDINANCE TO CONFIRM THE ASSESSMENT ROLL,
COLLECTOR'S ROLL AND TAX BY-LAW OF THE MUNICIPALITY
THE CITY OF WHITEHORSE FOR THE YEAR 1957.

(Assented to October 22, 1958)

WHEREAS doubts exist as to the validity of the imposition of taxes by the Municipality upon lands and improvements for the year 1957 and as to the ability of the Municipality to enforce payment of the taxes;

AND WHEREAS the Assessor appointed by the Municipality did not prepare the assessment roll before the 20th day of September, 1957, as required by subsection (1) of section 258 of the Municipal Ordinance, but did so in October, 1957; did not mail to the persons named in the assessment roll the notices required by section 262 of the Municipal Ordinance before returning the assessment roll, as required by section 262 of the Municipal Ordinance, but did so on the 22nd day of November, 1957; did not return the assessment roll to the Clerk before the 30th day of September, 1957, as required by section 263 of the Municipal Ordinance, but did so in October, 1957; and did not, when the said roll was returned to the Clerk, make and annex to the assessment roll the statutory declaration as required by section 263 of the Municipal Ordinance, but did so on the 17th day of December, 1957:

✓ AND WHEREAS the Court of Revision consisting of all members of the Council did not, with respect to the assessment roll, meet on or before the second Tuesday in October, 1957, as required by paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 270 of the Municipal Ordinance, but did so on the 12th of December, 1957:

AND WHEREAS the Council did not pass a rate by-law for imposing a rate on or before the 1st of November, 1957, as required by subsection (1) of section 277 of the Municipal Ordinance, but did so on the 15th of January, 1958:

AND WHEREAS the Council did not appoint a Collector, as required by section 248 of the Municipal Ordinance, but pursuant to section 187 and section 281 of the Municipal Ordinance, acquiesced in the Clerk's assumption of the duties and functions of the Collector:

AND WHEREAS the Collector did not serve upon the persons required to be served the notices as provided for in subsection (1) of section 283 of the Municipal Ordinance on or before the 10th day of November, 1957, as required by subsection (1) of section 283 of the Municipal Ordinance, but did so during January, 1958; and did not offer for sale those parcels of land and improvements thereon, upon which the taxes were delinquent, on the 15th day of July, 1958, as required by section 302 of the Municipal Ordinance, and has not since then done so:

AND WHEREAS the assessment roll was amended on appeal pursuant to section 274 of the Municipal Ordinance:

AND WHEREAS the Council has prayed that an Ordinance be passed to put at rest the doubts referred to and to validate and confirm the acts described above:

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to grant the prayer of the Council:

THEREFORE, the Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice of the Council of the said Territory, enacts as follows:

Short Title

Short Title 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Whitehorse Tax Ordinance, 1957.

Interpretation

Definitions 2. In this Ordinance

- "Assessment roll" (a) "assessment roll" means the assessment roll certified by the Court of Revision to be the assessment roll of the Municipality for the year 1957;
- "Assessor" (b) "Assessor" means the person appointed by the Council as Assessor for the year 1957;
- "Clerk" (c) "Clerk" means the person appointed by the Council as Clerk on the 19th day of November 1957;
- "Collector" (d) "Collector" means the person appointed by the Council as Collector in 1958 as Collector for the year 1957;
- "Collector's roll." (e) "Collector's roll" means the roll made out by the Clerk and transmitted to the Collector during the month of January, 1958;
- "Council" (f) "Council" means the Council of the Municipality elected on the 13th day of March 1956;
- "Court of Revision" (g) "Court of Revision" means the Court of Revision for the Municipality which commenced its sittings on the 12th day of December, 1957;
- "Municipality" (h) "Municipality" means the corporation known as The City of Whitehorse; and
- "Rate By-law" (i) "rate by-law" means the by-law passed by the Council on the 15th day of January, 1958, pursuant to section 277 of the Municipal Ordinance.

Validity of assessment roll, collector's roll and rating by-law. 3. The assessment roll, the notices served thereunder, the collector's roll, the notices served thereunder and the rate by-law are declared to be valid and binding and to have been valid and binding upon the Municipality, the taxpayers thereof and upon all persons whom and properties which the said rolls, notices and by-law purport to affect in so far as compliance with the Municipal Ordinance is concerned.

Assessments
and taxes
confirmed.

4. All assessments set out in the assessment roll as amended by the Court of Revision and by the Court on appeal to it pursuant to section 274 of the Municipal Ordinance and the rate by-law are ratified and confirmed and the taxes based thereon as set out in the collector's roll may be levied, collected and recovered in like manner as municipal taxes may by law be levied, collected and recovered.

Legality
of
proceedings.

5. The validity and legality of the assessment roll, the notices served thereunder by the Assessor, the collector's roll, the notices served thereunder by the Collector, the rate by-law, the actions of the Court of Revision and the levies and taxes for the year 1957 shall not be questioned in any action, suit or proceeding in any court on account of any defect or irregularity in the proceedings mentioned in the preamble or on account of any provisions of the Municipal Ordinance not having been complied with in the making of the assessment roll, the serving of the notices thereunder, in the making of the collector's roll, the serving of the notices thereunder, in the passing of the rate by-law or in the assessing, imposing, levying and collecting of the taxes for the year 1957, or in the proceedings prior or subsequent thereto.

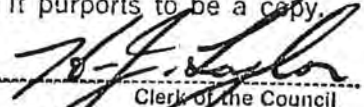
Payment of
taxes

6. Notwithstanding anything in the Municipal Ordinance, any amounts set out in the collector's roll as taxes for the year 1957 shall be deemed to be for all purposes of the Municipal Ordinance, including the provisions respecting enforcing the payment of taxes by way of tax-sale or otherwise taxes in arrears as at the 31st day of December, 1957, if they were not paid to the Clerk on or before the 1st day of April, 1958, and any such amount or part thereof if not paid to the Clerk by the 31st day of December, 1958, shall for such purposes be deemed to be delinquent as at 31st day of December, 1958.

Validity
of
resolution.

7. The Council shall be deemed to have had on the 10th day of December, 1958, the power to pass the resolution which it passed granting a discount on taxes for the year 1957 that were paid before the 28th day of February, 1958, and providing that interest would not commence to run, nor would penalties be imposed, on these taxes until the 1st day of April, 1958.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is
a true copy of the original instrument
of which it purports to be a copy.


Clerk of the Council



Chapter 2

ORDINANCES OF YUKON TERRITORY

1958 (Second Session)

AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING THE REVISED
ORDINANCES OF THE YUKON
TERRITORY, 1958.

(Assented to October 22, 1958.)

The Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of the said Territory, enacts as follows:

"Revised Ordinances" defined

1. In this Ordinance, "Revised Ordinances" means the Revised Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1958, designated as such by Section 2.

Confirmation of Revised Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1958.

2.(1) Subject to this Ordinance, the Ordinances contained in Schedule A and the several sections and parts thereof, being comprised within chapters numbered consecutively 1 to 112, shall be and are hereby declared to be law by the designation "Revised Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1958", to all intents and purposes as though the Ordinances therein contained and the several sections and parts thereof were expressly embodied in and enacted by this Ordinance.

Coming into force

(2) The Revised Ordinances shall come into operation and have effect as law as hereinbefore provided, on, from and after the 31st day of March A.D. 1959 or such earlier day as may be fixed by order of the Commissioner.

Repeal of Ordinances

3. Subject as hereinafter provided, on, from and after the coming into operation of the Revised Ordinances, the Ordinances and portions of Ordinances set out in Schedule B are repealed to the extent mentioned in the fourth column of that Schedule.

Effect of repeal.

4. The repeal of the Ordinances and portions of Ordinances set out in Schedule B, as provided in section 3, does not revive any Ordinance or provision of law repealed by any of them, nor does the repeal prevent the effect of any saving

clause in any of those Ordinances or portions of Ordinances, or of the application of any of those Ordinances or portions of Ordinances, or of any Ordinance or provision of law formerly in force, to any transaction, matter or thing anterior to the repeal to which they would otherwise apply.

Indem. 5. The repeal of the Ordinances and portions of Ordinances set out in Schedule B, as provided in section 3, does not defeat, disturb, invalidate or affect

Penalties, etc. (a) any penalty, forfeiture or liability, civil or criminal, incurred prior to the time of the repeal, or any proceeding for enforcing it, had, done, completed or pending at the time of the repeal;

Indictments, etc. (b) any indictment, information, conviction, order, sentence or prosecution had, done, completed or pending at the time of the repeal;

Actions, etc. (c) any action, suit, judgment, decree, certificate, execution, distress, process, order, rule or any proceeding, matter or thing whatsoever respecting it, had, pending, existing or in force at the time of the repeal;

Acts, deeds, rights, etc. (d) any act, deed, right, title, interest, grant, assurance, descent, will, registry, filing, by-law, rule, order-in-council, proclamation, regulation, order, contract, lien, charge, status, capacity, immunity, matter or thing had, done, made, acquired, established or existing at the time of the repeal;

Offices, etc. (e) any office, appointment, commission, salary, remuneration, allowance, security or duty, or any matter or thing appertaining thereto at the time of the repeal; or

Other matters.

(f) any other matter or thing whatsoever had, done, completed, existing or pending at the time of the repeal;

and the same shall remain and continue as if the repeal had not taken place, and, so far as necessary, may and shall be continued, prosecuted, enforced and proceeded with under the Revised Ordinances and the other Ordinances and laws in force in the Territory, and, subject to the provisions of the several Ordinances and laws, as if the repeal had not taken place.

Revised Ordinances not to operate as new laws.

6. (1) The Revised Ordinances shall not be held to operate as new laws, but shall be construed and have effect as a consolidation and as declaratory of the law as contained in the Ordinances and portions of Ordinances so repealed, and for which the Revised Ordinances are substituted.

Operation to be effective as if passed when repealed enactments came into force and effect.

(2) The various provisions of the Revised Ordinances corresponding to, and substituted for, the provisions of the Ordinances and portions of Ordinances so repealed shall, where they are the same in effect as the Ordinances and portions of Ordinances so repealed, be held to operate retrospectively as well as prospectively and to have been enacted or to have become effective upon the days respectively upon which the Ordinances and portions of Ordinances so repealed came into effect or from which they were stated to be effective, as the case may be.

Construction where Revised Ordinances differ from repealed enactments.

(3) If, upon any point, the provisions of the Revised Ordinances are not in effect the same as those of the repealed Ordinances and portions of Ordinances for which they are substituted, then as respects all transactions, matters and things subsequent to the coming into operation of the Revised Ordinances, the provisions contained in the Revised Ordinances

shall prevail, but as respects all transactions, matters and things anterior to that time, the provisions of the repealed Ordinances and portions of Ordinances shall prevail.

Construction of reference to provisions in repealed Ordinances.

7. A reference in any Ordinance enacted prior to the coming into operation of the Revised Ordinances and remaining in force after that time, or in any instrument or document, to any Ordinance or portion of any Ordinance so repealed shall, from and after the coming into operation of the Revised Ordinances, be held as regards any transaction, matter or thing subsequent to that time to be a reference to the enactments in the Revised Ordinances having the same effect as the Ordinance or portion thereof so repealed.

Effect of inclusion of Ordinance in Schedule.

8. The inclusion of any Ordinance in Schedule B shall not be construed as a declaration that the Ordinance or any portion of it was or was not in force immediately prior to the coming into operation of the Revised Ordinances.

Copies of Ordinances printed by Queen's Printer as evidence.

9. Copies of the Revised Ordinances purporting to be printed by the Queen's Printer of Canada shall be received as evidence of such Revised Ordinances in all courts and places whatsoever, without further proof of any kind.

Interpretation of R.O. Y.T. 1958 and this Ordinance.

10. Except as otherwise provided in this Ordinance, the rules of construction and interpretation set forth in the Interpretation Ordinance, chapter 58 of the Revised Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1958, apply to the Revised Ordinances and to this Ordinance.

Citation of Revised Ordinances.

11. Any Ordinance comprised in the Revised Ordinances may be cited or referred to in any Ordinance or proceedings either by its title as an Ordinance or its short title as indicated therein, or by its title as an Ordinance or its short title as indicated therein together with the expression

"chapter of the Revised Ordinances of the Yukon Territory, 1958".

Publication
of this
Ordinance.

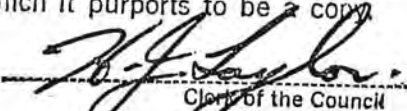
12. A copy of this Ordinance may be printed and bound in the volume published by the Queen's Printer of Canada and containing the Revised Ordinances, in addition to being printed, bound and published with the Ordinances enacted at the session of the Council during which this Ordinance is enacted.

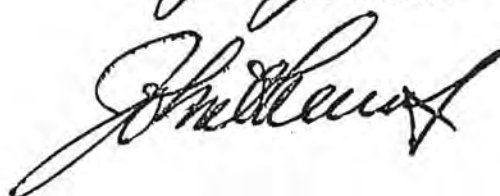
Publication
of
Appendix.

13. The Commissioner may cause to be printed and bound in the volume containing the Revised Ordinances, an appendix containing

- (a) a list of Ordinances and portions of Ordinances not repealed and not consolidated;
- (b) an office consolidation of the Yukon Act, chapter 53 of the Statutes of Canada, 1952-53, consolidated to the 1st day of October, 1958; and
- (c) any Orders in Council or regulations made under the authority of the said Yukon Act.

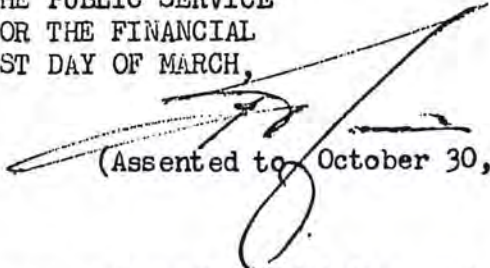
I hereby certify that the foregoing is
a true copy of the original instrument
of which it purports to be a copy


Clerk of the Council



CHAPTER 3
ORDINANCES OF YUKON TERRITORY
1958 (Second Session)

AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL
EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE
OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL
YEAR ENDING THE 31ST DAY OF MARCH,
1959.


(Assented to, October 30, 1958)

WHEREAS it appears by message from Frederick Howard Collins, Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, and in the estimates accompanying the same, that the sums hereinafter mentioned in the Schedule to this Ordinance are required to defray certain expenses of the Public Service of the Yukon Territory and for the purposes relating thereto, for the twelve months ending March 31st, 1959;

THEREFORE the Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of the said Territory, enacts as follows :

Short Title

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Supplementary Appropriation Ordinance, 1958-59.

Amount granted for 1958-59.

2. From and out of the monies issued and advanced out of the Yukon Consolidated Revenue Fund, there may be paid and applied towards defraying the several charges and expenses of the public service of the Territory from the 1st day of April, 1958, to the 31st day of March, 1959, not otherwise provided for, the whole of the amount of each of the items set forth in the Schedule to this Ordinance but the total amount that may be so paid and applied shall not exceed seven hundred and sixty-two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars and fifty seven cents. (\$762,220.57)

Monies to be accounted for.

3. The due application of all monies expended shall be duly accounted for.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original instrument of which it purports to be a copy.


Clerk of the Council



SCHEDULE

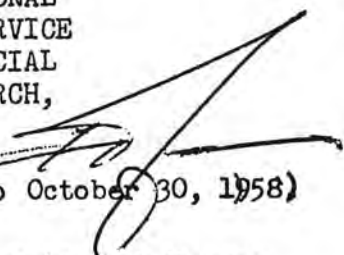
APPROVED ADDITIONAL CHARGES AND EXPENSES OF
THE PUBLIC SERVICE OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE
FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31ST DAY OF MARCH,
1959.

<u>VOTE NUMBER</u>			
1.	<u>YUKON COUNCIL</u>		
✓	Travelling Expense	1,913.00	
	Sessional Indemnities	<u>10,000.00</u>	11,913.00
2.	<u>TERRITORIAL TREASURER</u>		
	Salaries	2,100.00	
	Travelling Expense	500.00	
✓	Telephone & Telegraph	300.00	
	Office Supplies & Equipment	1,500.00	
	Superannuation	<u>358.43</u>	4,758.43
4.	<u>TERRITORIAL SECRETARY</u>		
	Salaries	8,787.50	
✓	Postage	2,500.00	
	Office Supplies & Equipment	1,500.00	
	Unemployment Insurance	<u>60.00</u>	12,847.50
6.	<u>MUNICIPAL - TOWN ADMINISTRATION</u>		
	Salaries	500.00	
✓	Telephone & Telegraph	200.00	
	Materials - Supplies	114.25	
	Fuel	180.00	
	Holiday Pay	105.00	
	Subsistence	<u>100.00</u>	1,199.25
7.	<u>GAME</u>		
✓	Office Supplies		492.00
8.	<u>GENERAL</u>		
✓	Insurance		4,862.38
9.	<u>ROADS, BRIDGES & PUBLIC WORKS</u>		
	Salaries & Wages	6,782.02	
✓	Repairs - Upkeep of Equipment	16,058.75	
	Rental of Equipment	2,767.38	
	Unemployment Insurance	37.70	
	Holiday Pay	116.08	
	Subsistence	<u>334.55</u>	26,096.48
10.	<u>CAPITAL</u>		
	Dawson - Stewart Crossing Road	205,000.00	
✓	New School - Selkirk Street, Whitehorse	195,475.00	
	Road Equipment	9,600.00	
	Furniture - Office Equipment	18,126.68	
	Whitehorse - Keno Road Reconstruction	35,000.00	
	Canol Road	78,000.00	
	Dawson School	123,649.85	
	Diking - Mayo Town	20,000.00	
	Douglas Cabin - Mayo	200.00	
	Mayo - Elsa Road (clearing & grubbing)	<u>15,000.00</u>	700,051.53
	TOTAL		\$ 762,220.57

CHAPTER 4
ORDINANCES OF YUKON TERRITORY

1958 (Second Session)

AN ORDINANCE RESPECTING ADDITIONAL
EXPENDITURES FOR THE PUBLIC SERVICE
OF THE TERRITORY FOR THE FINANCIAL
YEAR ENDING THE 31ST DAY OF MARCH,
1958.

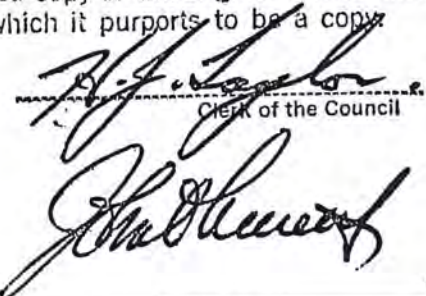

(Assented to October 30, 1958)

WHEREAS it appears by message from Frederick Howard Collins, Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, and in the estimates accompanying the same, that the sums hereinafter mentioned in the Schedule to this Ordinance are required to defray certain expenses of the Public Service of the Yukon Territory and for the purposes relating thereto, for the twelve months ending March 31st, 1958;

THEREFORE the Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of the said Territory, enacts as follows:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Short Title | 1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Second Supplementary Appropriation Ordinance, 1957-58. |
| Amount granted for 1957-58 | 2. From and out of the monies issued and advanced out of the Yukon Consolidated Revenue Fund, there may be paid and applied towards defraying the several charges and expenses of the public service of the Territory from the 1st day of April, 1957, to the 31st day of March, 1958, not otherwise provided for, the whole of the amount of each of the items set forth in the Schedule to this Ordinance but the total amount that may be so paid and applied shall not exceed four thousand six hundred and thirty-four dollars and eleven cents (\$4,634.11). |
| Monies to be accounted for. | 3. The due application of all monies expended shall be duly accounted for. |

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original instrument of which it purports to be a copy


Clerk of the Council